

Solve the Water Crisis

Presentation by Western Municipal Water District

Craig Miller, General Manager

Western Municipal Water District

OWOW Steering Committee | November 17, 2022

Agenda Item 4.A.



SOLVE THE WATER CRISIS
ACT NOW TO SECURE CALIFORNIA'S FUTURE.



SOLVE THE WATER CRISIS

MISSION

Solve the Water Crisis, through a critically needed statewide education effort, brings into sharp focus the ongoing water supply crisis that is already impacting residents' quality of life, economic growth, community health, and the environment, as well as risking California's future.

By raising awareness among California policymakers and thought leaders, Solve the Water Crisis will inform policymakers of the enormous water supply crisis and the urgency that requires bold and immediate State action to secure California's future.



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SOLVE THE WATER CRISIS

Growing Participation



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80+ INTERESTED AGENCIES

COLLABORATORS

- California Business Roundtable
- Western Growers
- California Building Industry Association
- Association of California Water Agencies
- California Municipal Utilities Association
- Southern California Water Coalition

TARGET PARTNER LIST

- Business Chambers
- Cities and Counties
- Civic Agencies
- Environmental
- Labor
- Recreation
- Social Justice
- Tourism

26 MEMBERS

- Camrosa Water District
- City of Corona
- Coachella Valley Water District
- East Valley Water District
- El Dorado County Water Agency
- Eastern Municipal Water District
- Elsinore Valley Water District
- Inland Empire Utilities Agency
- Irvine Ranch Water District
- Jurupa Community Services District
- Las Virgenes Municipal Water District
- Mesa Water District
- Municipal Water District of Orange County
- Olivenhain Water District
- Puente Basin Water District
- Rancho California Water District
- Riverside Public Utilities
- Rubidoux Community Service District
- San Bernardino Municipal Water District
- San Bernardino Valley Municipal Water District
- San Juan Water District
- Temescal Valley Water District
- Three Valleys Municipal Water District
- Turlock Irrigation District
- Valley Center Municipal Water District
- Western Municipal Water District

OUR WATER FUTURE DOES NOT LOOK GOOD



Residents, businesses, and policymakers do not understand the severity of California's ongoing and systemic water supply crisis.



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CURRENT STATE PRIORITIES



Urban conservation

Intensify environmental and regulatory mandates

Shift water supply burdens to local agencies

Demand affordability despite increasing costs

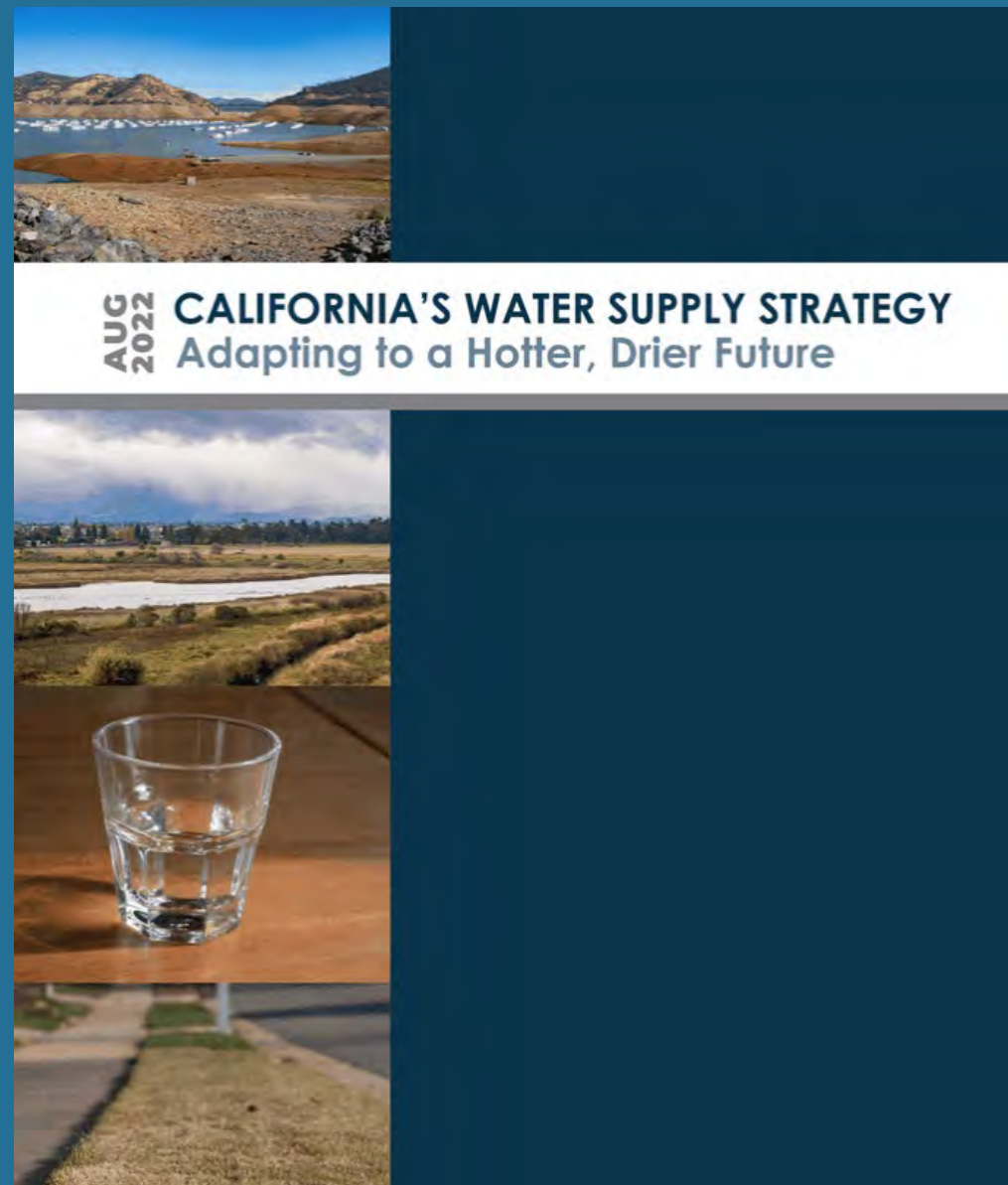
According to a recent PPIC poll, “drought remains the dominant environmental issue for Californians.” Just as important, a majority of Californians, nearly 70 percent “don’t feel that government is doing enough to combat the drought.”



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Governor Newsom's New Water Supply Plan

Water Agencies Applaud Governor Newsom's
New Water Supply Strategy



- Supportive sentiment
- Great step forward
- Applaud leadership, recognition of urgency and need
- Need for continued work and follow through



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OBJECTIVES

**MAKE POLICYMAKERS
AWARE OF THE CRISIS.**

**ENCOURAGE A DISCUSSION
AROUND SOLUTIONS.**

**CREATE THE ENVIRONMENT
FOR SUCCESS.**



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AGRICULTURE HIT HARD

- ① 0% allocation on CVP and 5% allocation on SWP (2022)
- ② \$1.7 billion revenue loss
- ③ 14,600 jobs lost
- ④ 395,000 acres left dry and unplanted
- ⑤ Food security



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URBAN LOSSES

- ① SWP cutback from 5MAF to 250,000 AF
- ② Southern CA loss of 1.9MAF from SWP
- ③ Colorado River cuts coming – so it can't make up the difference
- ④ Coastal Commission denied HB desal permit
- ⑤ Recycled water effectively committed
- ⑥ State needs roughly 20MAF of new supply – where do we go for this water?



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SOLUTIONS

Educate key audiences on solutions to address the state's water supply and reliability issues, including statewide and long - term benefits of solutions.

1

More surface and groundwater storage

2

Improved inter-regional and local conveyance

3

Creative regulatory solutions such as the voluntary agreements

4

New supply including investments in local water infrastructure, such as groundwater recharge, desalination, and recycling



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TARGET AUDIENCE

Legislators

- Water Champions
- Legislative Leadership
- Water and Budget Committees

Newsom Administration

- Policy
- Finance
- Communications
- GoBiz

Regulators

- Resources Agency
- Department of Fish and Wildlife
- Department of Water Resources
- State Water Resources Control Board



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ACTIVITIES

Media Engagement
Stakeholder Education
Digital Ad Campaign
Sacramento Engagement



OPED: California's Water Supply Crisis Is Much More Than This Drought
Picked up by Southern California News Group

- Print: 684K total readership
- Web: 9.4 million monthly unique visitors, 20.1 million monthly page views



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ACTIVITIES: Website and Collateral



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CALIFORNIA'S CURRENT WATER SUPPLY CRISIS

California is in the midst of a water supply crisis that is already impacting our economy, every region across the state, jobs, critical industries, and all Californians. While the state calls for more aggressive water conservation as we head into a third year of drought, this is an unprecedented time with changing and worsening conditions, calling for extraordinary and immediate measures. Conservation is not an acceptable or adequate policy response. We must invest now in water management infrastructure to prevent the current crisis from becoming even worse and to secure California's water future.

California's existing water system was already struggling to meet increasingly demands even before climate change intensified California's extremely variable hydrologic conditions. The climate continues to change, our population has nearly doubled, environmental regulatory demands have become dominant, but California continues with the same approach to managing our water supply as if it is still 1968.

Changes to and impacting water supplies are evidenced by:

- Reduced and less productive snowpack**
- Large water runoff events spawned by atmospheric rivers**
- Loss of stored water and hydro power**
- Water shortages and increased demand**
- Extreme heat and wildfires**
- Stressed ecosystems and loss of habitat**

Science tells us this concerning trajectory will continue, so we can expect these changing conditions to only worsen in coming years, exacerbating the current water supply crisis.

Along with changing and worsening hydrologic conditions, antiquated state water policies, inadequate investments in large projects, and repeated inaction over decades, have also contributed to the current water supply crisis.

Not adapting our water supply approach and statewide water policies to meet the challenges of current and coming conditions will continue to devastate our economy and threaten California's future.




Solve the Water Crisis

Home Water Policy The Problem Solutions News Contact Join the effort!

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ACT NOW TO SECURE CALIFORNIA'S FUTURE.

California is facing a water supply crisis that is already impacting our economy, every region across the state, jobs, critical industries, and all Californians. While the state calls for more aggressive water conservation as we head into a third year of drought, this is an unprecedented time with changing and worsening conditions, calling for extraordinary and immediate measures. Conservation is not an acceptable or adequate policy response. We must invest now in water management infrastructure to prevent the current crisis from becoming even worse and to secure California's water future.



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CALIFORNIANS ARE CURRENTLY FACING A WATER SUPPLY CRISIS; THE NEXT GENERATION IS FACING AN EXISTENTIAL THREAT TO THEIR LIVELIHOOD AND QUALITY OF LIFE

NEED FOR IMMEDIATE STATE ACTION

DROUGHT
State emergency proclamations for drought were issued for 50 counties in 2022. The U.S. Drought Monitor has updated its map for California and shows more areas in the Extreme Category. Last week 13% of California was listed in extreme drought, the update last Thursday now has 35% listed as Extreme Drought. ABC News, March 2022

INADEQUATE INFRASTRUCTURE
The current infrastructure was developed for a 1970 state population of 20 million; California has almost 40 million people today.

CLIMATE CHANGE
The summer of 2021 was California's hottest ever, studies predict a low to no-snow future for the state — compounding the already difficult challenge of delivering water for residential, business, agriculture, and recreational purposes.

FAILURE TO MOVE FORWARD ON STORAGE PROJECTS
After eight years, none of the storage projects scheduled to receive billions in funding from a 2014 voter approved bond measure have been built.

ZERO PERCENT OR NEAR ZERO PERCENT ALLOCATIONS TO WATER AGENCIES
The state and federal water projects will release some water, but the state is dangerously close to limiting water for only critical health and safety reasons.

"This is an existential threat to the West and our water managers stand on the front lines of our response."
James Ekland
Western water expert and former director of the Colorado Water Conservancy Board



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Despite tremendous local investment, the State is not living up to its responsibility for evolving California's water system—improvements are now long overdue.

Current policy priorities are not helping...

We need your support and engagement today.

THANK YOU.



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FOR MORE INFORMATION VISIT
WWW.SOLVETHEWATERCRISIS.COM

Prop 1 Round 2 IRWM Resolution and Project Updates

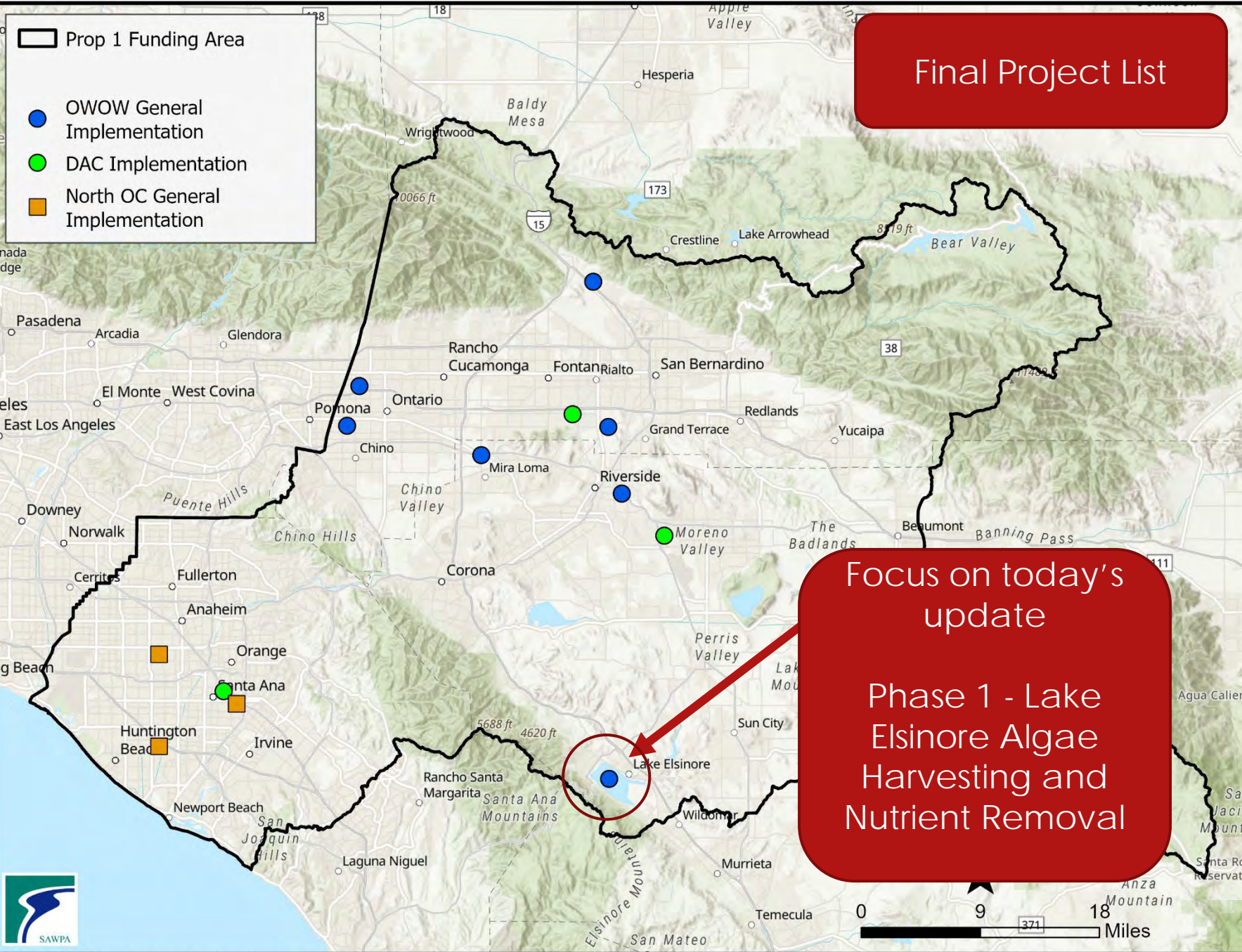
Ian Achimore, Senior Watershed Manager
OWOW Steering Committee | November 17, 2022
Agenda Item 4.B.



Recommendation

- ▶ Recommend that the SAWPA Commission adopt SAWPA Resolution 2022-17 in order to submit the final grant application to DWR.

Final Project List



Focus on today's update
Phase 1 - Lake Elsinore Algae Harvesting and Nutrient Removal



General Implementation Project	Applicant	Water Supply (AFY)	Water Quality (MGD)	Habitat (Acres)	Flood Protection (Acres)	Funding Amount
Santa Ana River Watershed Weather Modification Pilot	SAWPA	8,200	4.40	-	-	\$861,400
Etiwanda Intervalley Water Quality and Water Resiliency Phase-1A	JCSD	4,355	4.00	-	-	\$2,954,213
Wellhead Nitrate Treatment for Wells 4 & 27	MVWD	4,516	4.03	-	-	\$2,533,492
Cable Creek Basin (Upper)	SBCFCD	859	-	-	390	\$2,521,678
Phase 1 - Lake Elsinore Algae Harvesting and Nutrient Removal	LESJWA	-	1.00	3,000	-	\$1,500,000
Lake Rialto Habitat Management and Community Open Space	Rialto, City	-	5.90	10	-	\$2,149,748
Well 2 Replacement	MVWD	3,226	2.88	-	-	\$2,006,311
City of Rialto Recycled Intertie	IEUA	3,500	3.10	-	-	
Santa Ana River Sustainable Parks & Tributaries Water Reuse	SBVMWD	5,109	-	187	-	
Calimesa Aquifer Storage and Recovery	YVWD	2,890	-	-	-	
Well Pump Replacements	MVWD	4,194	-	-	-	
Improving Recycled Water Used in Local Groundwater Recharge	WMWD	985	3.0	-	-	
Well 4 Replacement	MVWD	1,936	1.73	-	-	
Water Well RN #6 Nitrate Removal System	RHWC	1,300	1.20	-	-	
Improved Lake Circulation at Prado Regional Park	SBCRP	-	4.3	62	-	
Large Landscape Water Efficiency Program	IEUA	671	0.04	-	-	
Regional Water Distribution System Leak Detection and Repair	MWDOC	1,338	1.19	-	-	
Cactus Basins Connector Pipeline	SBVMWD	1,360	-	-	-	

Top project threshold.

DAC Project	Applicant	Water Supply (AFY)	Water Quality (MGD)	Flood (Acres)	DAC %	Score	Funding Amount
New Washington Well	Santa Ana, City	4,000	3.57		85%	17.00	\$3,394,743
Lead Service Line Replacements in the Bloomington DAC	WVWD	3,454	3.10		100%	14.72	\$315,000
Box Springs Mutual Water Company Well Improvement	California Rural WA	411	0.37		100%	1.93	\$1,885,257
Recycled Water Use Expansion	Santa Ana, City	370	-		63%	0.83	
Shamrock and Meridian Septic to Sewer Conversion	Rialto, City	-	0.13		100%	0.29	
Cottonwood Avenue Recycled Water Pipeline (East)	EMWD	90	-		100%	0.20	

Top project threshold.

“Back Up” Project List

Project Name	Project Lead	Grant Request*	Total Cost
Shamrock and Meridian Septic to Sewer Conversion Project (DAC)	City of Rialto	\$3,143,400	\$3,143,400
City of Rialto Recycled Intertie (General Implementation)	Inland Empire Utilities Agency	\$3,000,000	\$53,000,000
Grand Totals		\$6,143,400	\$56,143,400

*This is the grant request through the OWOW Call for Projects, not the final grant request to DWR. The possible amount granted to the project will depend on the project(s) that drop out during the implementation phase.

Phase 1 - Lake Elsinore Algae Harvesting and Nutrient Removal Project

- ▶ Widespread harmful algal blooms (HABs) occur in the lake due to ongoing and legacy nutrient loads which are exacerbated by persistent drought and heatwaves.
- ▶ As a result, the City has been forced to post public health warnings and to close the lake for recreational activities, which has negative impacts on local businesses and tourism.
- ▶ The draft revised Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) report for Lake Elsinore recognizes that innovative, in-lake remediation projects are needed.



Scope of the Project

- ▶ Project includes implementation of innovative algae harvesting technology to address impacts of HABs.
- ▶ Project will include use of Hydronucleation Flotation Technology (HFT), an advanced liquid/solid separation process that has been optimized to operate at a high hydraulic rate.



Photo credit: AECOM

Issues Applicant is Working to Resolve

- ▶ Long-term cost share is difficult to acquire for a City of Lake Elsinore's size.
 - ▶ Annual long-term operation costs could be \$300,000.
- ▶ Lake-side acreage needed for drying slurry and potential odors is a factor.
- ▶ The City's consultant is providing updated budget and modified project plans that could possibly result in a scope-change for the project.
- ▶ The City has until November 15, 2022 to make a final decision and provide feedback to SAWPA.



Back Up Project to Utilize if Lake Elsinore Does Not Move Forward

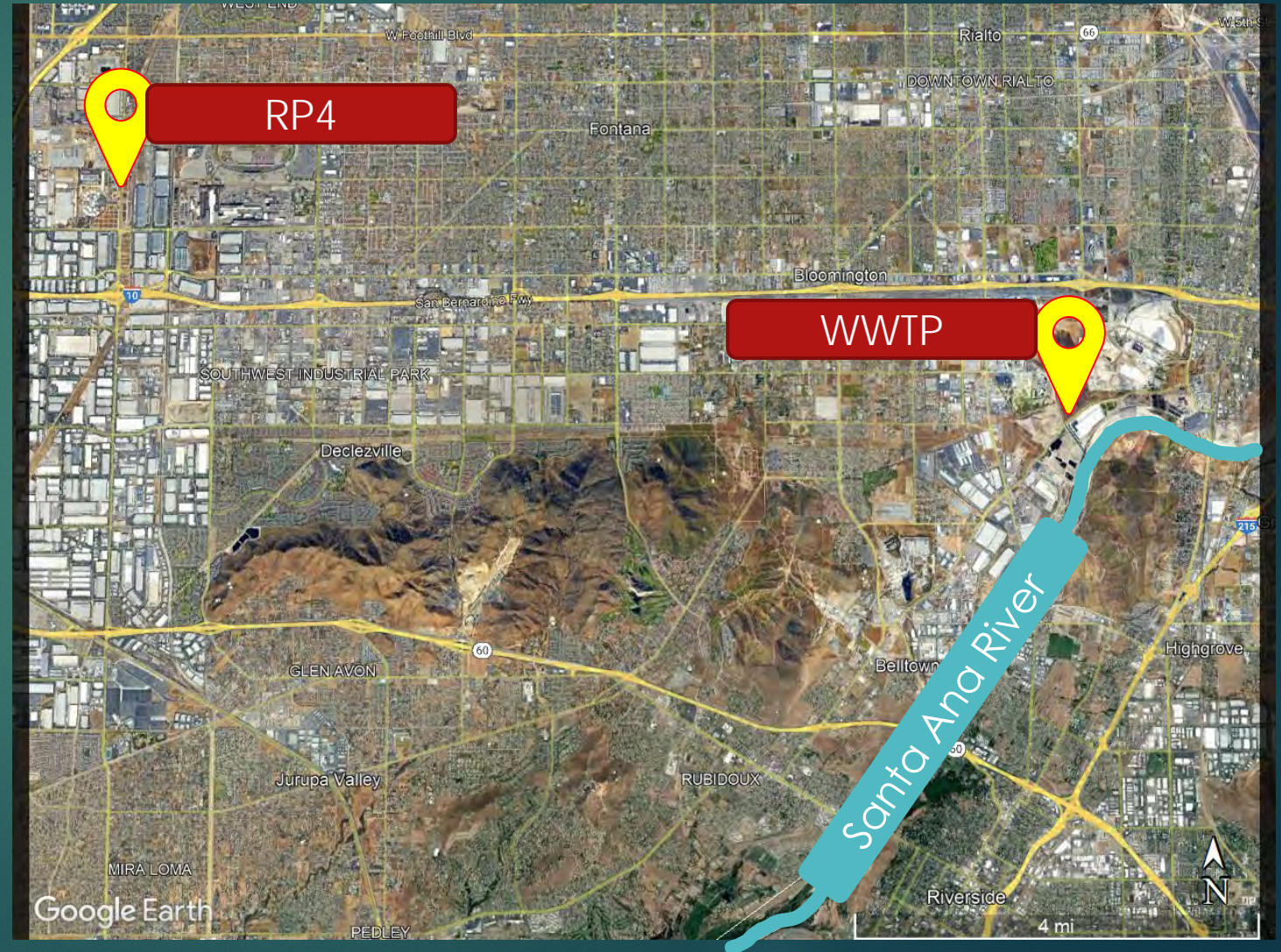
- ▶ Inland Empire Utilities Agency's City of Rialto Recycled Intertie Project
 - ▶ In October 2022, IEUA and City of Rialto agreed to a recycled water purchase term sheet.
- ▶ \$53 Million total cost.
 - ▶ \$1.5 million in grant funding from Lake Elsinore project would be transferred to the IEUA project.
 - ▶ IEUA submitted a \$50 million grant application for Federal Emergency Management Agency funding
 - ▶ IEUA will submit a state revolving loan application in December.
 - ▶ IEUA staff has explored the municipal bond market as an alternative option.



Further Information About Project

11

- ▶ Rialto's wastewater treatment plant (WWTP) currently discharges 6.2 million gallons per day (MGD) of recycled water to the Santa Ana River.
- ▶ Will be pumped from Rialto to IEUA's Recycled Plant No. 4 (RP4).
- ▶ Two retail water agencies adjacent to RP4 will then purchase this water.



Grant Funding By Category

(No changes between categories)

Category	Projects Included	Grant Amount
Disadvantaged Community	3	\$5,595,000
OWOW - General Implementation	7	\$14,526,843
North OC - General Implementation	3	\$7,583,800
SAWPA - Grant Administration (4.7% of total grant available)	NA	\$1,352,929
Grand Total	13	\$29,058,572

New Water and Revised Water for the Watershed

- ▶ “New water” - water from a source that was not in use prior,
- ▶ “Revised water” - water from a source that is currently discharged (such as secondary treated water) or water that is currently not in use due to regulatory or water quality issues.

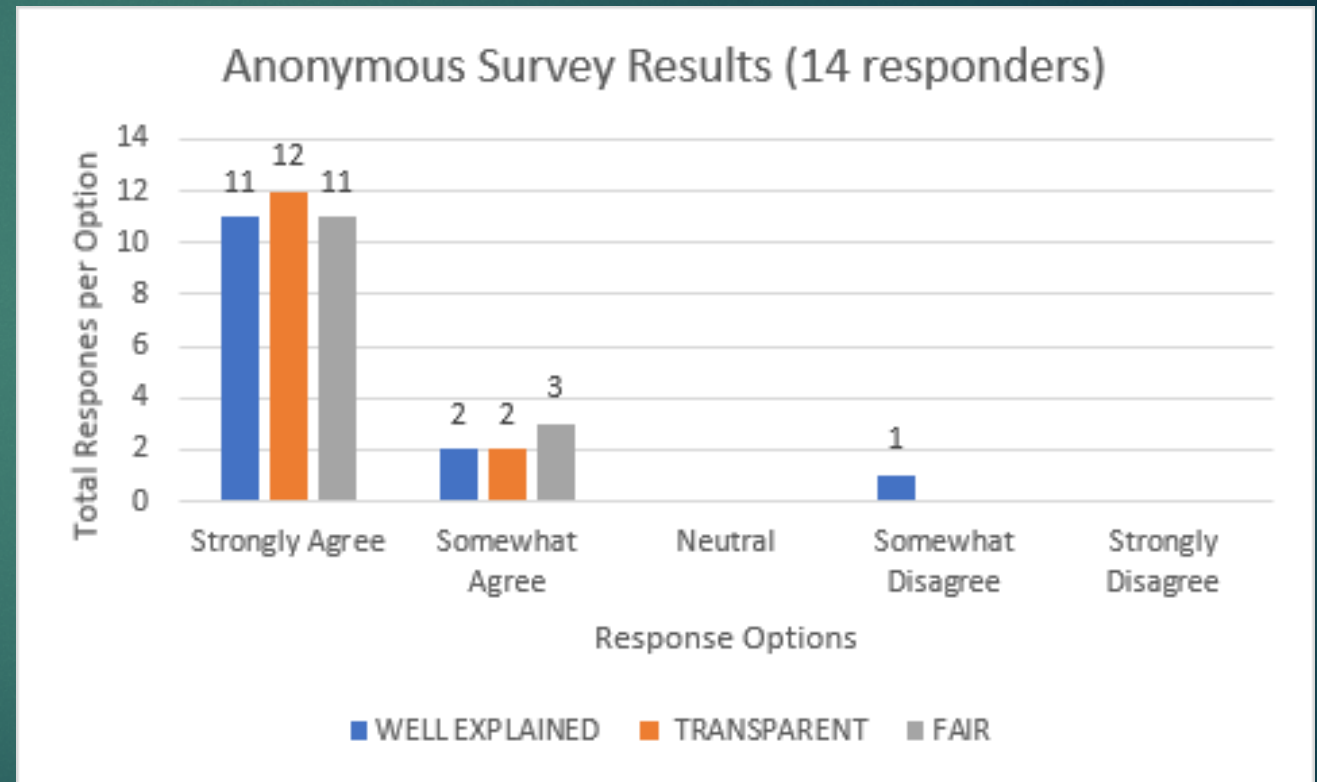
Local Water from Prop 1 Round 2 Projects	Acre Feet per Year
New Water	13,312
Revised Water	18,466*
Total Local Water	31,778**

*Would increase by 3,500 AF if IEUA back up project is utilized as a replacement project.

**Represents 3% of historical local water that is directly delivered to customers.

Feedback from Stakeholders Regarding Call for Projects

- ▶ SAWPA sent a three-question survey to those who participated in the Call for Projects process,
- ▶ The questions focused on whether the process was
 - ▶ Well explained,
 - ▶ Transparent, and
 - ▶ Fair.



Resolution for Adoption

- ▶ Recognizes the work done through the OWOW Call for Projects,
- ▶ Required as part of the DWR application due on February 1, 2023,
- ▶ Resolutions provides flexibility if back up projects become funded projects,
- ▶ Allows SAWPA to execute a grant agreement with DWR as well as sub-agreements with project leads, and
- ▶ SAWPA staff will bring back updates on any developments with regard to the need to fund back up projects.



Recommendation

- ▶ Recommend that the SAWPA Commission adopt SAWPA Resolution 2022-17 in order to submit the final grant application to DWR.



Santa Ana Weather Modification Pilot – Status Report

Mark Norton, Special Projects Manager
Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority
Item No. 4.C.



Recommendation

Staff recommends that the OWOW Steering Committee receive and file this status report on the Santa Ana River Watershed Weather Modification Pilot Project.

How cloud seeding works

1

Silver iodide mixed with acetone is vaporized, releasing particles into the atmosphere.



2

Iodide particles rise into cold, high-altitude air, moisture in the air condenses to form ice crystals on particles.

Wind direction

3

As ice crystals grow they become heavy and fall back to Earth in the form of snow or, at warm temperatures, melt into rain.

Source: The Fact Site

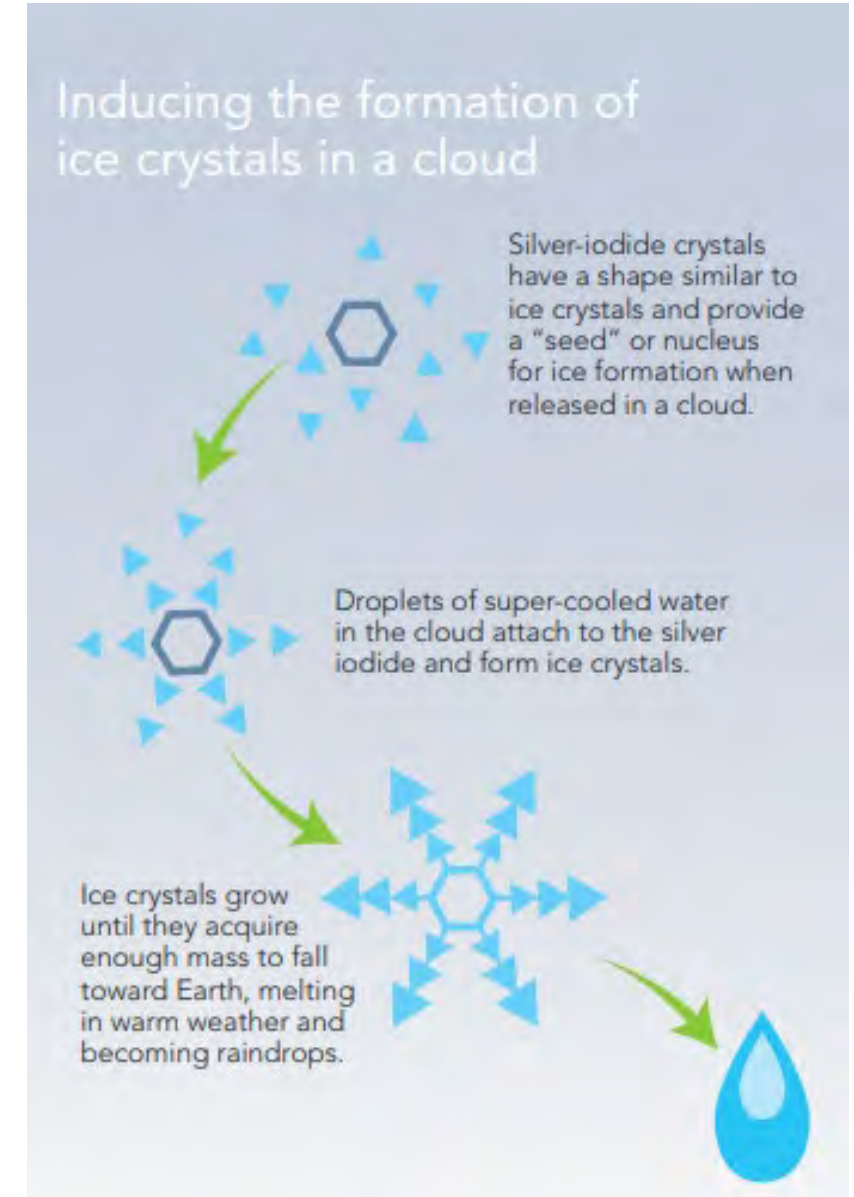
Cloud Seeding History

Background

- Physics is well known
- Started in the U.S. in the 1940s
- Challenges: Overselling, limited science
- Misconceptions remain

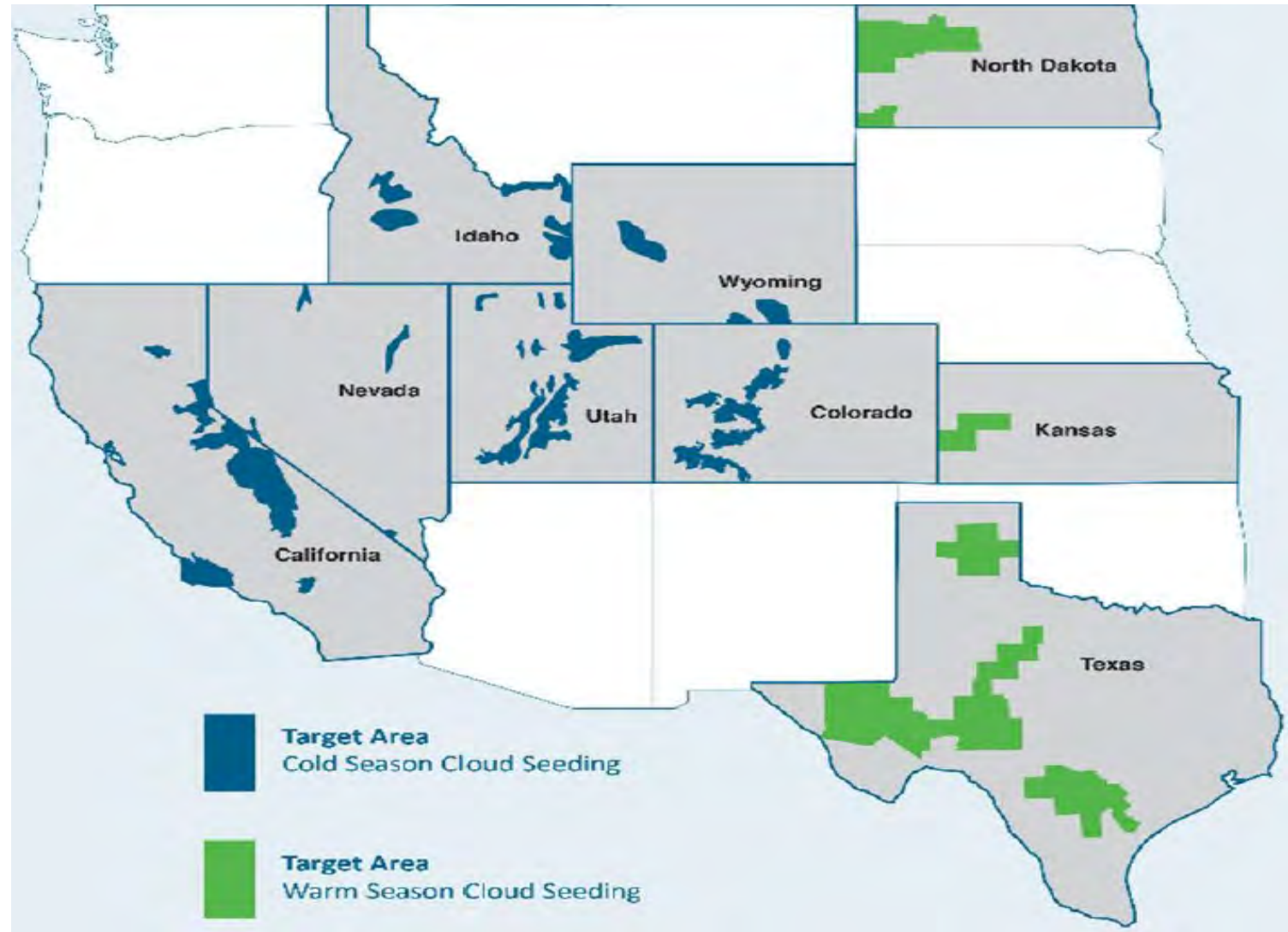
Recent Advances

- Weather forecasting
- Computing / Modeling
- Seeding methods
- Scientific validation studies



U.S. Projects

- 💧 Cold Season Cloud Seeding Leaders
 - CA, CO, ID, UT, WY, NV
- 💧 Applications
 - Power Utilities (hydropower)
 - Ski areas
 - Water Resource Agencies
 - Irrigation Districts
- 💧 California Projects
 - Santa Barbara County
 - San Luis Obispo
 - Sacramento Municipal Utility District
- 💧 CA DWR
 - Cloud seeding is a “safe and effective means of augmenting local water supplies.”



Source: North American Weather Modification Council

Ground Based Seeding Methods

CNG's (Cloud Nuclei Generators)



- Ideal for orographic lift (winds caused by land barriers)
- Create a continuous plume
- Inexpensive to install and operate

AHOGS (Automated High Output Ground Seeding) Systems



- Ideal for strong convective storm attributes (turbulence)
- Delivers higher concentration of silver iodide
- Operated remotely – rapid release

Licensing and Permitting

- Operators are licensed and carry liability insurance
- Suspension criteria turns off program during high precip/flood conditions
- Though no CA state permit required, CEQA mitigated negative declaration will be conducted
- The National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) also requires activity report about operation and the amounts of seeding material applied.



Cloud Rustling – Downwind Effects Misconception

- “Robbing Peter to pay Paul”
- Cloud seeding activates precipitation otherwise unavailable
- Long-term research (44+ studies) consistently shows no precipitation decreases; some downwind increases shown



Potential Environmental Effects

- Silver iodide is not soluble or biologically available
- 50 years of physical, biological, aquatic, soils and vegetation studies found:
 - Subtle or indiscernible effects
 - Not been measured above background, even after decades of operations
 - Potentially beneficial (more runoff)
- Strong studies with credible results and regulations reflect recent research



Public Health Protection

- Silver Iodide (Agl)
- Silver Concentrations
 - EPA drinking water quality 0.1 mg/L
 - U.S. Public Health Service level 0.05 mg/L
 - Seeded rainfall is 0.1 mcg/L or 1000 times less than EPA standard



Why consider cloud seeding in the Santa Ana River Watershed?

Precipitation – and flows in the Santa Ana River – have been trending down

- Cloud seeding increases precipitation (with an emphasis as snow in upper elevations)
- Produces a local supply
- Potential to reduce the use of imported water

Dry years and droughts occur

- Cloud seeding works in both dry and wet years

Cost effective

- Costs for 8%-11% increase in streamflow is a fraction of the cost of imported water

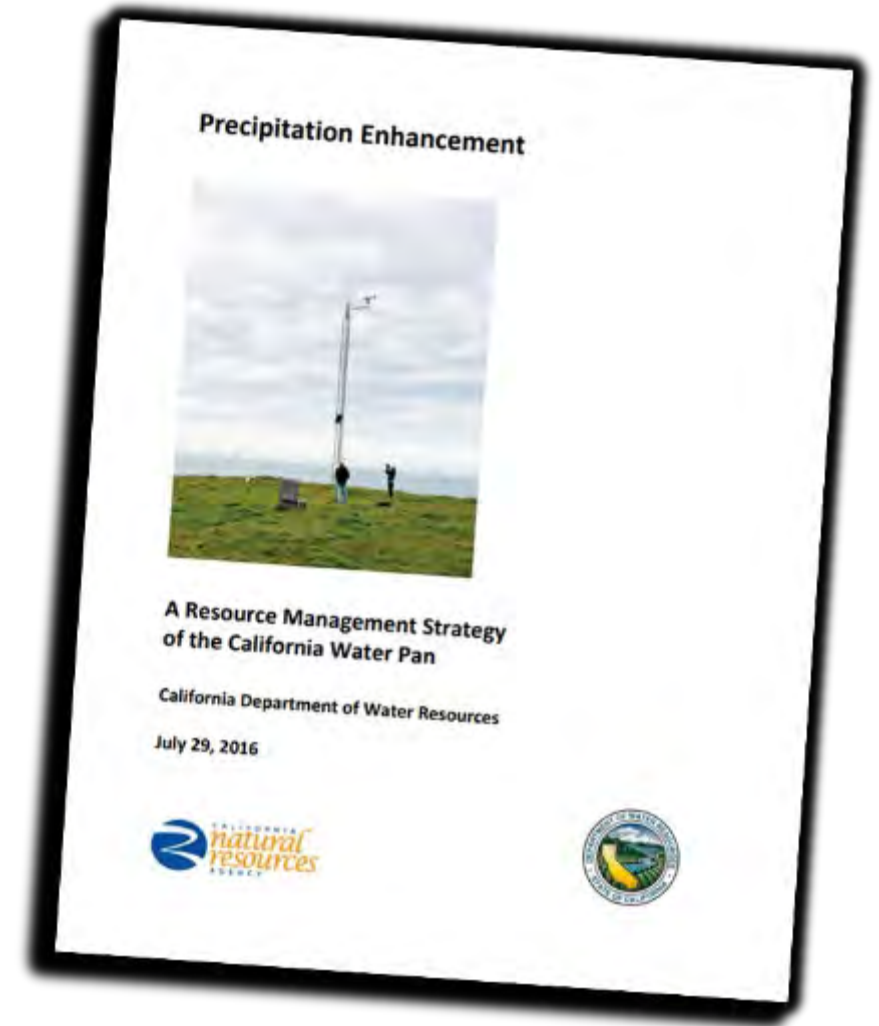
Supports local water storage

- Natural infiltration
- Takes advantage of existing stormwater capture infrastructure

Water Rights

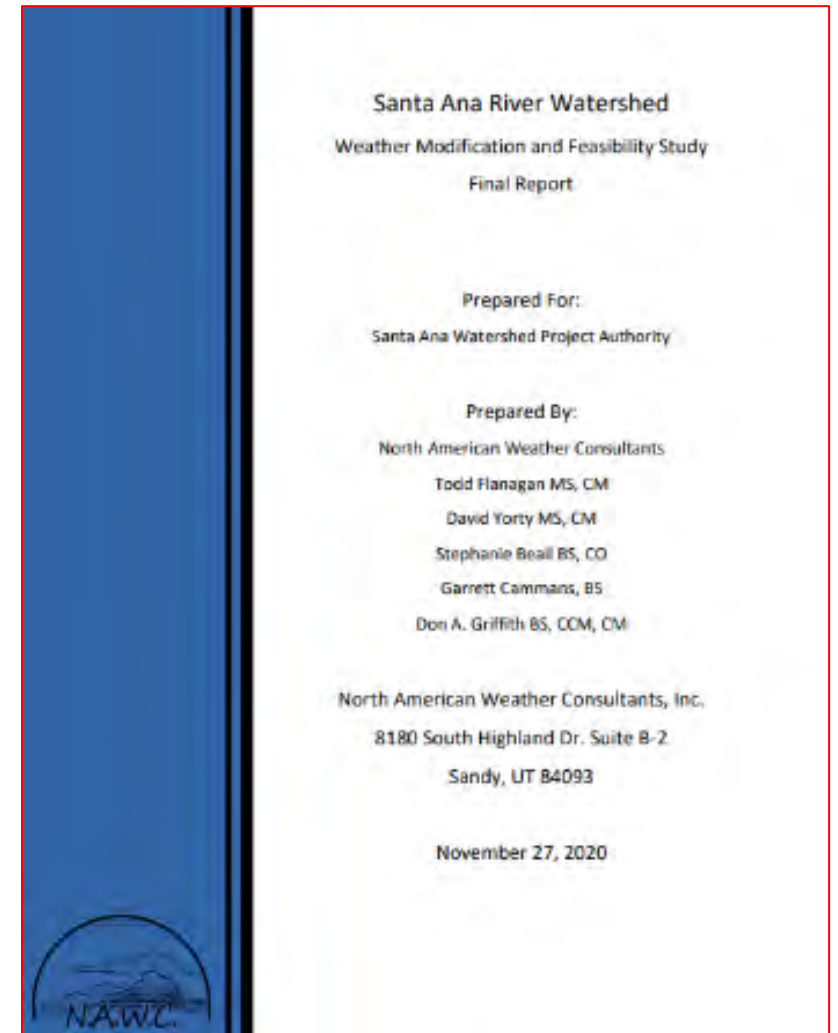
- DWR “Precipitation Enhancement Report” (2016):

“State law says that water gained from cloud seeding is treated the same as natural supply in regard to water rights.”



2020 Feasibility Study Outcomes

- Finding:
 - ...the proposed cloud seeding program would be both technically and economically feasible...
- Pilot Program (annual basis)
 - Cost: **\$250,000**
 - Benefits:
 - Streamflow increase = **8,200 AF**
 - Percent increase in streamflow = **8%**
 - Cost per acre-foot (AF) = **~\$25 /AF**



Feasibility Study (2020)

<https://sawpa.org/latest-info/watershed-cloud-seeding-feasibility-study/>

Feasibility Study Outcomes

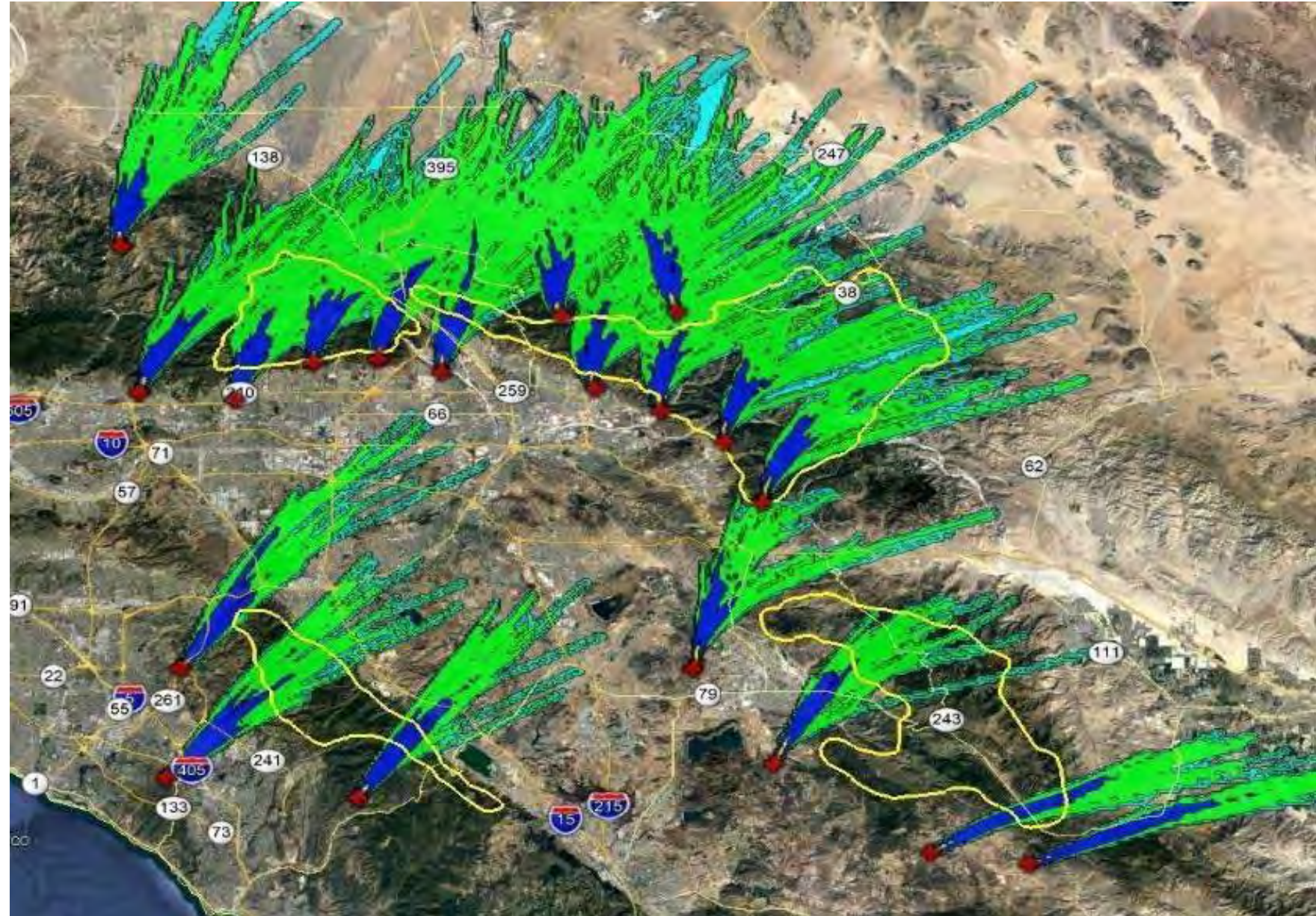
Ground Based Seeding Dispersion Model

4 seeding areas:

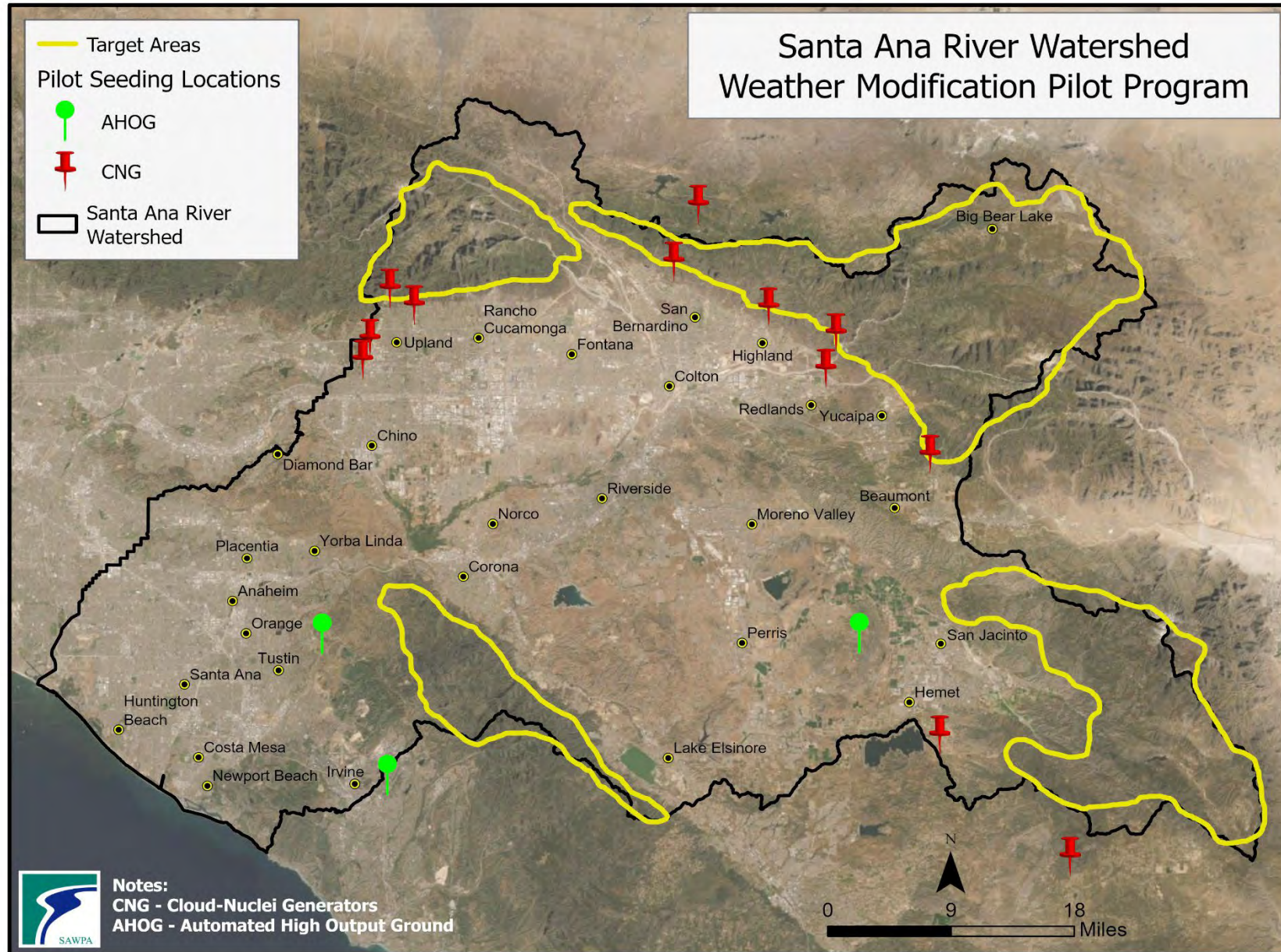
- NW
- NE
- SW
- SE

Included a number of
ground sites in each area

Map reflects one of many
projected seed plume
scenarios



Seeding Site Locations

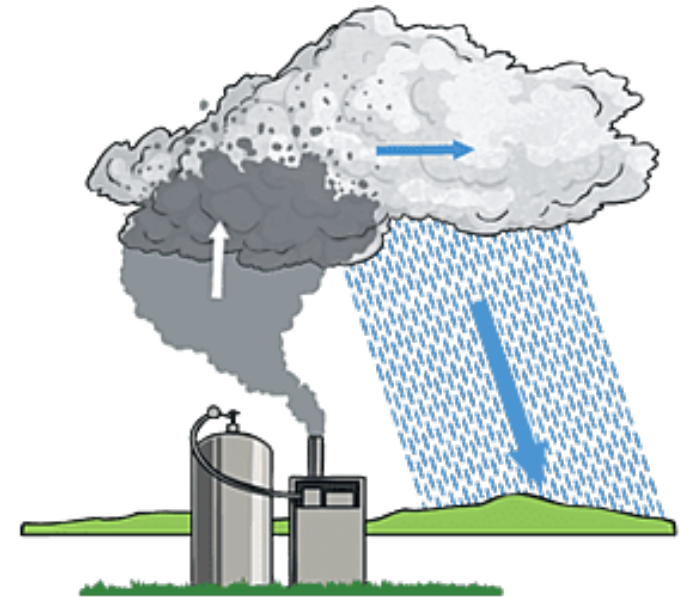


Operations Consultant Award

- Contract awarded on July 19th by SAWPA Commission:
 - North American Weather Consultants (NAWC), Sandy, UT (\$1,061,912)
- A General Services Agreement and Task Order signed on July 25, 2022
- Kickoff meeting held on August 1, 2022



North American
Weather Consultants



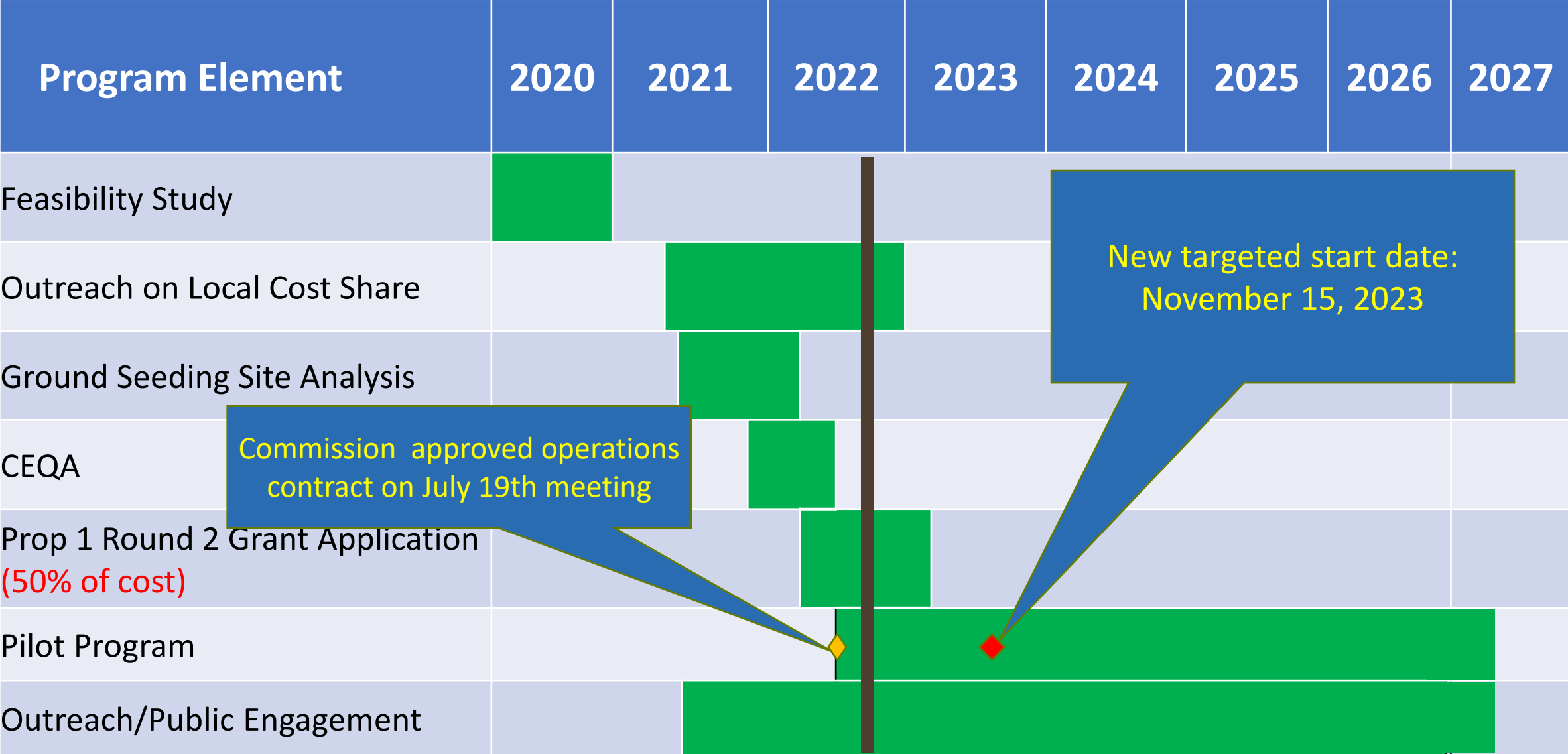
Operations Scope of Work

- Task 1 – Project Management and Administration
- Task 2 – Program Personnel
- Task 3 – Installation
- Task 4 – Land Lease/Operation Agreements
- Task 5 – Operations
- Task 6 – Equipment Maintenance
- Task 7 – Reporting & Invoicing
- Task 8 – Schedule

Duration: Four years over annual winter periods
(Nov. 15 – Apr. 15)



Santa Ana River Weather Modification Pilot Project



Pilot Project Seeding Start Rescheduled to Nov. 2023

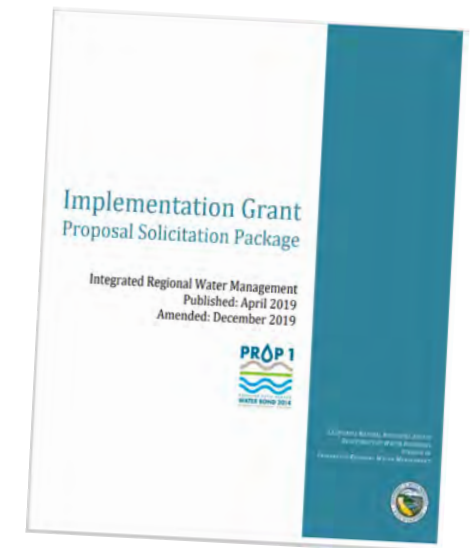
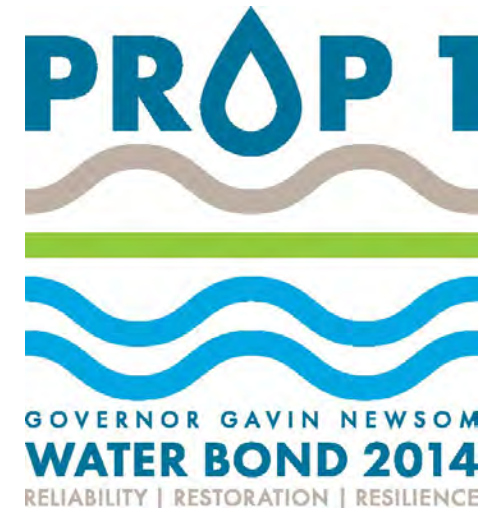
The decision to reschedule the start of cloud seeding was based on a review of project targets established to meet the Nov 2022 schedule. Specifically:

- 1. Lease Agreements.** Execution of seeding site agreements with participating agencies require more time than anticipated, including scheduling board approvals where needed.
- 2. Operations.** Questions arose by several agencies regarding the operations of the seeding units. Additional time is needed to address operations for these units.
- 3. Propane Tanks.** Propane tanks of the appropriate size have been in short supply since 2021 and securing tanks for installation was in question.

No additional costs are required for the November 2023 start date.

Proposition 1 Round 2 IRWM Implementation Grant Application - Status

- Application submitted for OWOW Call for Projects for Prop 1 Round 2 IRWM grant funding (50% of cost)
- SAWPA staff participated in Round 2 grant stakeholder budgeting and ranking process
- The Pilot was the top ranked project among 24 projects
- Next Step:
 - SAWPA staff will prepare detailed workplan, budget and schedule for DWR grant application due to DWR on Feb. 1, 2023.
 - DWR award announcement anticipated by Jun 2023 with contract execution with SAWPA anticipated in Oct. 2023



Santa Ana River Watershed Weather Modification – Pilot Validation

- Postponement of start to Nov. 2023 was acceptable to Desert Research Institute (DRI)
- DRI \$155,000 validation support estimate remained the same
- Additional time can be used for preparation of validation tasks
- General Services Agreement and Task Order was approved by the SAWPA Commission on October 18, 2022.



Recommendation

Staff recommends that the OWOW Steering Committee receive and file this status report on the Santa Ana River Watershed Weather Modification Pilot Project.