SAWPA

Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

11615 Sterling Avenue Riverside, CA 92503 (951) 354-4220 www.sawpa.org



Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority

Riverside, CA

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2021 and 2020

Prepared by the

Finance Department

11615 Sterling Avenue, Riverside California 92503

951.354.4220 www.sawpa.org

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Introductory Section



December 21, 2021

To the Chair of the Board of Commissioners, Members of the Commission, and Member Agencies of the Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority (SAWPA):

We are pleased to present the Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority's (hereinafter referred to as "the Authority") Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

The report was prepared by the Authority's Finance Department following the guidelines recommended by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data presented, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including disclosures, rests with the Authority's management. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects, and that it is presented in a manner that provides a fair representation of the financial position and results of operation of the Authority. Included are all disclosures we believe necessary to enhance your understanding of the financial condition of the Authority.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). The letter transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The Authority's MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditors' Report.

The Authority's financial statements have been audited by Teaman, Ramirez & Smith, Inc., a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Authority for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the Authority's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The Independent Auditors' Report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Jasmin A. Hall Chair Inland Empire Utilities Agency Bruce Whitaker Vice Chair Orange County Water District Mike Gardner Secretary-Treasurer Western Municipal Water District

June D. Hayes Commissioner San Bernardino Valley Municipal Water District David J. Slawson Commissioner Eastern Municipal Water District Jeffrey J. Mosher General Manager

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Reporting Entity and Its Services

Governmental Structure

The Authority was first formed in 1968 as a planning agency, and reformed in 1972, with a mission to plan and build facilities to protect the water quality of the Santa Ana River Watershed (hereinafter referred to as "the Watershed"). The Authority is a Joint Powers Authority (JPA), comprised of the five largest water agencies in the Watershed: Eastern Municipal Water District (EMWD), Inland Empire Utilities Agency (IEUA), Orange County Water District (OCWD), San Bernardino Valley Municipal Water District (SBVMWD), and Western Municipal Water District (WMWD).

Service Area

The Watershed spans approximately 2,840 square miles and includes the western portion of San Bernardino and Riverside Counties, the northern portion of Orange County, as well as a small eastern sliver of Los Angeles County. It is home to over 6 million people. The Watershed, and the State as a whole, is facing many challenges in guaranteeing sufficient, high-quality water for the ever-growing population of the region. The Authority works with planners, scientists, water experts, design and construction engineers, and other government agencies to identify issues and develop innovative solutions to resolve many water-related problems.

<u>Vision</u>

The Authority's vision is a sustainable Santa Ana River Watershed that provides clean and reliable water resources for a vibrant economy and high quality of life for all, while maintaining healthy ecosystems and open space opportunities.

A successful Authority provides value to its member agencies and to the Watershed as a whole, by facilitating collaboration across boundaries to address common goals and tackle problems that are larger than any individual entity.

<u>Mission</u>

The Authority strives to make the Santa Ana River Watershed sustainable through fact-based planning and informed decision-making; regional and multi-jurisdictional coordination; and the innovative development of policies, programs, and projects. Our mission is accomplished through a number of specific functions:

- Maintaining peace in the Watershed;
- Facilitating conflict resolution through collaborative processes;
- Preparing an integrated watershed-wide water management plan that provides a unified vision for the Watershed;
- Operating the Inland Empire Brine Line to convey salt out of the Watershed and support economic development;
- Developing water-related initiatives, particularly those that require the participation of several entities;
- Identifying, pursuing, securing, and administering supplemental funds for the Watershed; and
- Influencing legislation for the benefit of the Watershed.

Our Values

Our strategy and day-to-day operations are guided by values strongly held by our member agencies, management, and staff:

Leadership in the development and advancement of a vision and plan for a sustainable Watershed, and in the incorporation of new paradigms for water and watershed planning.

Collaboration and cooperation among member agencies and other stakeholders in the Watershed toward the formulation and implementation of solutions to watershed-wide, multi-jurisdictional problems.

Creativity in the pursuit of new approaches to watershed planning, the use of new technologies, and the enhancement of a new water ethic in the Watershed.

Fact-based decision-making to identify neutral and transparent solutions that maximize the benefit to the entire Watershed.

Respect for all voices and perspectives in the Watershed to develop sound solutions and maximize consensus building.

Transparency, integrity and professionalism to maintain the respect and trust of our partners, and to attract and retain talented and committed individuals to our organization.

The Authority uses a three-pronged approach to accomplish our mission with the services it offers, which are listed below.

Inland Empire Brine Line

The Authority's enterprise includes ownership and operation of the Inland Empire Brine Line (Brine Line). The 73-mile long regional brine line is designed to convey 30 million gallons per day of non-reclaimable wastewater from the upper Santa Ana River Basin to the Pacific Ocean for disposal, after treatment. The Brine Line is currently used for: 1) the disposal of high Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) brine from brackish groundwater desalter operations and power plants within the region; 2) the disposal of industrial wastewater that is unacceptable for discharge into local wastewater treatment facilities, usually because of high concentrations of TDS from commercial and industrial facilities; and 3) the disposal of domestic or industrial wastewater that is managed by public agencies and which meets standards of local treatment facilities. Some users of the Brine Line have temporary or emergency needs and connect to the system for a fixed term. The Brine Line protects the water quality of the Santa Ana River, a major water source for Orange County groundwater basins.

This 50-year old utility was built as the fundamental method of salt export for the region. Historic import of water for agricultural purposes has increased the salinity of many groundwater basins within the Watershed. Removing salt by means of the Brine Line allows the Watershed to work towards achieving salt balance – a key Watershed goal and indicator of sustainability. Salt is removed from brackish groundwater by reverse osmosis desalters, which discharge the concentrated brine into the Brine Line. The treated water from the desalters is delivered for consumption as potable water. Brine disposal will be essential to support water recycling efforts and economic growth within the Watershed.

Integrated Regional Watershed Planning

SAWPA has been involved in watershed and integrated water resource planning since its formation. The latest plan adopted in February 2019 is the Santa Ana Watershed Integrated Regional Water Management Plan (IRWMP) called the One Water One Watershed (OWOW) Plan Update 2018. The plan reflects a decentralized stakeholder involvement process that includes the participation of multiple agency and non-profit staff, local experts and interested volunteers from a broad range of fields and locations across the Watershed. This regional plan serves as a milestone of extraordinary collaboration and vision that will be used to address water challenges over the next two decades. The plan addresses climate change; water supply reliability; water and land use; water quality improvement; flood control and stormwater runoff; water use efficiency; water recycling; parks, recreation and open space; environmental justice; and environment and habitat. Through this integration of water resource management strategies along with workgroups (or pillars) designated for each strategy, scarce resources will be leveraged, and cost-effective solutions will be developed to address a multiplicity of water challenges using an integrated multi-beneficial approach.

<u>Roundtables</u>

The Authority has taken the lead role in establishing effective regional partnerships with the Regional Water Quality Control Board and other stakeholders in the Watershed to solve water quality problems, as well as water and natural resource problems. The Authority serves as the administrator/facilitator and creates a neutral venue for a number of efforts bringing together many agencies and organizations to address and solve a multiplicity of problems through integration and innovation.

Economic Conditions and Outlook

Local Economy

Prior to the COVID-19 induced recession of 2020, the Inland Empire's economy was strong. The pandemic-linked closures caused major damage to the economy. Consumer spending cratered in March 2020, at a pace never experienced before and unemployment numbers rose from 50-year lows to 80-year highs in a matter of weeks. Fortunately, the economy seems to be on the path to recovery. Because of the Inland Empire's economic structure and composition of jobs across different sectors of the local economy, its recovery will outpace California and the entire nation. In 2021, jobs were added, businesses reopened or have started for the first time, and households and workers continue recovering from the COVID-19 recession. Economic activity from housing sales, durable goods orders, consumer spending, and payroll employment, have bounced back sharply. Economists predict a strong recovery during the latter part of 2021, with near full recovery in 2022.

Sound Financial Policies

The Authority continues to manage funds to ensure financial stability and demonstrate responsible stewardship by sustaining reasonable rates for customers, containing costs through careful planning, preserving investments, safeguarding reserves, and active debt management.

Financial Planning

The Commission approves a biennial operating budget as a management tool. The budget is developed with input from the various departments within the organization and adopted prior to the start of each fiscal year. Monthly comparison reports of budget to actual are prepared, and quarterly budget to actual results by fund type are provided to and discussed with the Commission, along with financial position and other key performance information.

Reserves Policy

The Authority adopted a reserve policy, which states the purpose, source, and funding limits for each of its designated reserves. The reserves are essential for maintaining liquidity in the marketplace, which enables the Authority to access the lowest cost-of-capital borrowing opportunities.

Investment Policy

The Authority invests its funds in instruments permitted by California Government Code sections 53601 et seq., and in accordance with its investment policy. The investment objectives of the Authority are to first preserve capital, followed by maintaining liquidity, and finally, maximizing the rate of return without compromising the first two objectives.

Debt Administration

The Authority actively manages its debt portfolio, seeking to minimize its total debt costs. This goal is met by the use of state revolving fund (SRF) loans to fund part of its capital projects. Reserves will also be used to fund capital projects.

Major Initiatives and Accomplishments

Fiscal year 2020-21 was an eventful year to say the least. While the Authority administered the day-to-day operations of the JPA, operated the Brine Line Enterprise and Capital Improvement Program, administered the OWOW Program, including several grant programs, served as the Lake Elsinore & San Jacinto Watersheds Authority administrator, conducted regional planning activities, and facilitated many stakeholder task force work groups all while dealing with a global pandemic.

In March 2020 due to an ongoing COVID-19 pandemic, the California Governor and the Riverside County Public Health Officer issued orders mandating a stay-at-home policy and temporarily modifying Brown Act meeting requirements. SAWPA prepared and implemented a COVID-19 response plan which implemented employee protection and safety practices. Most employees began working from home using remote computer access. SAWPA's Information Technology Department rapidly acquired the necessary computer hardware and software for a rapid and nearly seamless transition. As of June 30, 2021, public meetings are still being conducted through Zoom and staff continue to work from home for the most part. Some of the major initiatives and accomplishments for FYE 2021 are listed below.

Brine Line Enterprise

Engineering

- Completed the Criticality Assessment Report as recommended in the 2018 Rate Model Report. The criticality assessment provides a better understanding of the risk of failure of the Brine Line's pipeline infrastructure which allows for better planning of operations and activities, prioritized the capital improvement plan, and evaluated the appropriateness of reserve levels.
- Completed the construction of the Alcoa Dike Inland Empire Brine Line Lower Reach IV-B and the California Rehabilitation Center (CRC) Lateral Utility Protection Project ahead of schedule and under budget.
- Completed construction of the Euclid Avenue (Reach IV-A and IV-D) Maintenance Access Structure (MAS) Rehabilitation Project under budget.
- Executed Lease Agreement with Rialto Bioenergy Facility (RBF). Completed RBF Waste Discharge Permit and Permit Fact Sheet and received concurrence from Orange County Sanitation District (OC San). RBF commenced discharge in December 2020.
- Developed Capacity Utilization Program in coordination with the Member Agencies to utilize the unused capacity in the Brine Line and encourage customers to connect to the system.
- Continued to implement the SAWPA Pretreatment Program (PTP). Performed 58 on-site discharger inspections, 180 monitoring (or sampling) events, and reissued 17 existing permits. Additionally, 18 permits were closed, and 3 new permits were issued.
- Continued to maintain/grow partnership with OC San through Joint Operations Committee and Joint Policy Committee meetings.
- Completed audit of SAWPA Pretreatment Program and implemented audit recommendations.
- Conducted audits of the member/contract agency pretreatment programs for conformance with the Brine Line Ordinance and pretreatment requirements.
- Completed draft Ordinance update and draft Emergency Discharge Plan to resolve extended Emergency Discharge Permits and submitted to OC San for review.

Operations

- Continued use and refined internet-based software tool to manage and record O&M activities, track the systems status (such as valves being opened/closed), and track Underground Service Alert requests received for markings. Information is displayed on a system map. Software is being maintained and updated by in-house information technology (IT) staff.
- Performed inspection of 64 MAS on Reach IV-A Upper.
- Repair of maintenance access structures corrosion protection liners on Reach 4A Upper.
- Continued use of a remote inspection tool (constructed by Operations staff from off-the-shelf items) to record video of Brine Line MAS's.
- Continued to implement the Sewer System Management Plan (SSMP) as required by the SWRCB's statewide waste discharge requirements.
- Performed utility locations as a member of the DigAlert network.
- Installed bridges in Prado Basin to allow right-of-way maintenance and MAS inspection.
- Maintained Brine Line Operations Center (BLOC).
- Overhauled a total of 54 air release and vacuum valves.

OWOW Program

PA 22 Committee – Water Use Efficiency

- Submitted final report for Proposition 84 Emergency Drought Grant Program reflecting effective management and implementation of all \$12.86 million in grant funding and \$7.1 million in local match for 33 different tasks that this project entailed.
- Completed the SARCCUP WaterSmart Program Task with partner Orange County Coastkeeper/Inland Empire Water Keeper.
- Released the Water Efficiency Budget Assistance Request for Proposals (RFP) in November 2020 and contracted with Quantum Spatial NV5. Began recruitment of two agencies per SAWPA member agency.
- Released the 2021 Upper Watershed Aerial Imagery RFP in February 2021. Executed a contract with Geophex, Ltd. in April 2021. Began collecting aerial imagery in the upper watershed in May and June 2021.

DWR Disadvantaged Community Involvement Grant Program

- Hosted statewide virtual "Disadvantaged Community and Tribal Involvement Lessons Learned Summit" in partnership with the Local Government Commission and California Department of Water Resources.
- Produced a printed publication titled, "Solving Water Challenges in Disadvantaged Communities: A Handbook to Understanding the Issues in California and Best Practices for Engagement". The handbook takes a broad look at the engagement of disadvantaged communities with water management, with case studies from around the state, including the SAWPA region in partnership with the Water Education Foundation.
- Conducted a series of five virtual training courses directed at the staff of small Community Water Systems and Mutual Water Companies in the Watershed in partnership with California Rural Water Association.
- Conducted additional virtual "Santa Ana Watershed Ambassador Program for Local Policymakers" workshop events in January and February 2021 for the purposes of creating content for an on-line workshop series hosted on the SAWPA website.
- Updated the Community Water Ethnography of the Santa Ana River Watershed report to incorporate additional Orange County Tribal listening session data in partnership with California State University, San Bernardino and University of California, Irvine.
- Completed sixteen technical assistance projects and programs serving disadvantaged communities in the Watershed.
- Closed out tasks associated with the Santa Ana Watershed Tribal Advisory Committee including the preparation of a SAWPA Tribal Action Plan.
- Closed out on-call translation support services for the public sector and non-profits in the Watershed relating to water and members of disadvantaged communities. In a little over fourteen months, this program completed a total of 55 translations jobs in five languages for 23 water agencies and nonprofit organizations.
- Closed out the community water intern program coordinated by California State University, San Bernardino, Water Resource Initiatives, which provided 60 paid intern positions to local university students within the Watershed.
- Amended the Disadvantaged Community Involvement Grant agreement with DWR to extend the agreement and incorporate the implementation of projects under the DWR Urban and Multi-

benefit Drought Relief Grant Program. The program provides \$5 million for projects supporting underrepresented communities.

Prepared a Call for Projects online information form so that project proponents could competitively apply grants to fund and implement their local water projects supporting underrepresented communities.

Santa Ana River Conservation and Conjunctive Use Program (SARCCUP)

- Executed new task order with Woodard & Curran for continued programmatic support of SARCCUP.
- Executed sub-agreement amendments with EMWD and OCWD and worked with SBVMWD on edits to their sub-agreement amendment.

<u>One Water One Watershed (OWOW) and Integrated Regional Water Management (IRWM)</u> <u>Support</u>

- Managed new Roundtable of Regions contract with JM Consultants and served on the Roundtable of Regions Steering Committee. Successfully managed this project by ensuring the 12 funding partners are kept apprised of the contract and ensuring JM Consultants completed tasks on time and within budget.
- Completed the Santa Ana River Watershed Sustainability Assessment for the year 2019 and brought it to the Commission for adoption. It used 12 indicators to track progress across the watershed.
- Hosted bi-monthly OWOW workshops focused on gathering stakeholder input for the Proposition 1 Round 2 IRWM Call for Projects rating and ranking criteria.
- Began planning for the eighth annual OWOW Conference which will be held in the Spring of 2022.

Proposition 1 Round 1 IRWM Implementation Grants

- Executed sub-agreements with the various project proponents under the Round 1 grant award.
- Engaged with DWR to influence future grant solicitation under Proposition 1 IRWM Implementation to best serve the OWOW Program and the watershed wide stakeholders.

Santa Ana River Watershed Weather Augmentation (Cloud Seeding) Feasibility Study

- Completed a feasibility analysis of weather augmentation (cloud seeding) for the Santa Ana River Watershed.
- Received authorization to proceed with CEQA for the ground seeding site analysis and submitted a grant application to DWR for a four-year pilot program with validation. The project could start as early as the winter of 2022 - 2023.
- Conducted outreach to educate, inform and seek local water agency support for the SAWPA weather modification pilot program.

Stakeholder Partnering (Roundtables)

Santa Ana Fish Conservation Team

 Held successful Riverwalk in November 2020 with approximately 35 volunteers, the longest running voluntary annual habitat assessment conducted in Southern California for an aquatic species.

- Compiled and tabulated all 2020 Riverwalk data including a first-ever analysis of all 15 years of the dataset.
- Worked with Santa Ana Watershed Association (SAWA) to replant/manage 0.3 acres of vegetation as part of the mitigation for the habitat project constructed by the team near the Van Buren Boulevard Bridge.

Water Energy Community Action Network (WECAN)

- Received grant award of \$592,417 to implement the WECAN Phase 3 Project as a component the City of Riverside Transformative Climate Communities Eastside Climate Collaborative grant project from the Strategic Growth Council.
- Finalized partnership agreement with the City of Riverside to participate in the Eastside Climate Collaborative Transformative Climate Communities Initiative.
- Finalized a Memorandum of understanding with the City of Riverside Public Utilities for an additional \$100,000 in leveraging funding to support the implementation of the WECAN Phase 3 project.
- Issued RFP for landscape contractor to conduct the turf removal of 100,000 SF and replacement of turf with drought tolerant landscaping.

Basin Monitoring Program Task Force

- Completed update and submitted the Santa Ana River Wasteload Allocation model to the Regional Board.
- Prepared work for a Regional Board Basin Plan Amendment reflecting Santa Ana River Wasteload Allocation Model results and modifications to the recycled water permits to reflect longer averaging periods under drought cycles. The Regional Board will consider adoption of the Basin Plan Amendment in December 2021.
- Prepared and submitted the 2020 Annual Report of Santa Ana River Water Quality to stakeholders and the Regional Board.
- Conducted periodic meetings with the Imported Water Recharge Subcommittee to ensure compliance with required deliverables under the amended Cooperative Agreement for Recharge with the Santa Ana Regional Board.
- Conducted a competitive RFP and selected a consultant, West Yost, to conduct preparation
 of a workplan for updating the Triennial Ambient Water Quality process and Annual Santa
 Ana River Water Quality Report to conform with the Salt and Nutrient Management Plans
 defined under the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) Recycled Water Policy
 Update.

Southern California Salinity Coalition (SCSC)

- Continued preparations to enhance SCSC membership and prepared an outreach brochure about SCSC to support increasing membership.
- Began preparations for a 2022 Salinity Summit with planned program reports from the Regional Board Executive Officers from the various Regional Boards in Southern California. The date of the Summit was originally planned for 2021 but was deferred due to ongoing uncertainty of in person events from the COVID pandemic.
- Received and awarded Student Fellowships proposals for salinity research.
- Reviewed informational reports about salinity issues regarding the Colorado River Salinity Control Forum and the Metropolitan Water District of Southern California (MWDSC) salinity report from the Colorado River Aqueduct and State Water Project.

Lake Elsinore and San Jacinto Watersheds Authority (LESJWA)

- Prepared and submitted the Lake Elsinore and Canyon Lake Nutrient TMDL 2020 Final Compliance Assessment Report to the Regional Board.
- Continued discussions and planning with Regional Board staff on the next steps to update the LE&CL TMDLs.
- Prepared and submitted the 2020-2021 Annual Lake Elsinore and Canyon Lakes (LE & CL) total maximum daily load (TMDL) Water Quality Monitoring Report to the Regional Board.
- Conducted additional TMDL modeling scenarios to support revisions to the LE&CL TMDLs.
- Implemented successful alum applications to Canyon Lake in October 2020 to reduce the phosphorus content, reduce algae, and help meet the TMDL targets for the lake.
- Prepared and approved the fiscal year 2021-22 budget for the Lake Elsinore & Canyon Lake TMDL Task Force in February 2021.
- Continued public information and outreach through the support services of DeGrave Communications including press releases supporting LESWA activities such as regular Canyon Lake Alum Applications.
- Prepared two grant applications for new lake quality improvements projects at Lake Elsinore.

<u>Middle Santa Ana River (MSAR) TMDL</u>

- Continued pathogen monitoring and proceeded with discussions and planning with Regional Board staff on the next steps to update the MSAR TMDLs.
- Prepared and approved the fiscal year 2021-22 budget for the MSAR TMDL Task Force.

Regional WQ Monitoring Task Force

- Completed the dry weather monitoring component of the 2020 Santa Ana River Bacteria Water Quality Monitoring Program in November 2020.
- Prepared and submitted the 2020 Final Santa Ana River Bacteria Water Quality Monitoring Program to Regional Board in June 2020.
- Initiated effort to transition from quarterly PDF reports to an online dashboard that provides intuitive access to, and robust analyses of, regional bacteria data to create lasting knowledge of watershed conditions and compliance for key stakeholders.
- Prepared and approved the fiscal year 2021-22 budget for the Regional Water Quality Task Force.
- Issued an RFP to conduct a one-year dry weather monitoring program to assess the potential extent of negative impact of homeless encampments in the riverine systems of the Upper Santa Ana River Watershed and selected GEI Consultants and CWE to implement the program.

Emerging Constituents Program Task Force

- Conducted quarterly coordination meetings with task force to evaluate changes to regulations for various emerging constituents and PFAS (per- and poly-fluoroalkyl) compounds.
- Commenced scoping for a PFAS regional analysis for the Upper Santa Ana River Watershed.

 Supported continued public outreach and articles on the safety of public drinking water through consultant, JPW Communications.

<u>Forest First</u>

- Conferred with US Forest Service hydrologist about a planned feasibility study to investigate weather augmentation of water supply through cloud seeding.
- Began to coordinate with SBVMWD on Headwaters Resiliency Partnership workgroup which may become a SAWPA task force in the future. Discussed relevant items such as the geographic focus-area of the headwaters, partnership agreement templates, and potential partners for the workgroup.

Arundo Removal and Habitat Management

- Coordinated with the Riverside County Regional Park and Open-Space District on exploring options to certify the Santa Ana River Mitigation Bank under new California mitigation banking rules.
- Began outreach to landowners for a headwaters project using the contact list and new outreach material. The headwaters project will cover removal of approximately 300 acres in the upper watershed to control Arundo seedlings before they wash down to the lower watershed.

Technology

- Managed COVID19 home PCs.
 - Monitored secure VPN technology.
 - Provided virtual support.
- Managed public meetings using Zoom.
 - Managed Zoom accounts, meeting minutes and Zoom meeting functionality.
- Managed Adobe Pro DC deployment and licensing.
- Managed Office 365 and email accounts.
- Established new contract/task order for copiers and OnBase support.
- Incorporated quarterly network penetration tests.
 - Corrected and updated any reported issues.
- Updated server and PC operating systems.
- Incorporated KnowBe4 to test SAWPA staff for email phishing.
- Updated OnBase version 17 to 18.
- Designed and managed technology portion of Proposition 1 landscape version 2.
- Incorporated new SAWPA GIS inspection disconnect abilities.
- Incorporated new DigAlert printed contracts.
- Continuous improvements in SAWPA's hardware, software, and systems to maximize staff efficiency.
- Assisted with improvements in Brine Line operations and business plan implementation, including improved data management and analysis.
- Integrated Web GIS capabilities into more projects.
- Provided support for other Engineering, Operations, and Planning department projects.

Accounting System

The Finance Department is responsible for providing financial services for the Authority, including financial accounting and reporting, payroll, accounts payable and receivable, custody and investment of funds, billing and collection of wastewater charges, and other revenues. The Authority accounts for its activities as an enterprise fund and prepares its financial statements on the accrual basis of accounting, under which revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when incurred. It is the intent of the Board of Commissioners to manage the Authority's operations as a business, thus matching revenues against the cost of providing services.

Internal Controls

The Authority operates within a system of internal accounting controls established and continually reviewed by management to provide reasonable assurance that assets are adequately safeguarded, and transactions are recorded in accordance with Authority policies and procedures. When establishing and reviewing controls, management must consider the cost of the control and the value of the benefit derived from its utilization. Management normally maintains or implements only those controls for which its value adequately exceeds its cost. Recent audits have not noted any weaknesses in internal controls.

Audit and Financial Reporting

State Law requires the Agency to obtain an annual audit of its financial statements by an independent certified public accountant. The accounting firm of Teaman, Ramirez & Smith, Inc., has conducted the audit of the Authority's financial statements. Their unmodified (clean) Independent Auditors' Report appears in the Financial Section.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada ("GFOA") awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Authority for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. This was the twelfth year that the Authority has achieved this prestigious award. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of only one year.

We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the programs requirements and will submit our current June 30, 2021, report to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for a certificate.

The GFOA presented a Distinguished Budget Presentation Award to the Authority for the twoyear Budget beginning July 1, 2019. In order to receive this award, a government unit must publish a budget document that meets program criteria as a policy document, as an operating guide, as a financial plan, and as a communication device.

Acknowledgements

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Authority's Finance Department. We also would like to express our appreciation to the other Authority Departments for their cooperation, assistance, and support.

We further acknowledge the thorough and professional manner in which our auditors, Teaman, Ramirez & Smith, Inc., conducted the audit.

Additionally, we would like to acknowledge the Board of Commissioners for their continued support of the Authority's goal of sound accountable financial management, and for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the Authority's finances. We truly appreciate their unfailing interest and support.

Respectfully submitted,

Jeff J Mades

Jeffrey Mosher General Manager

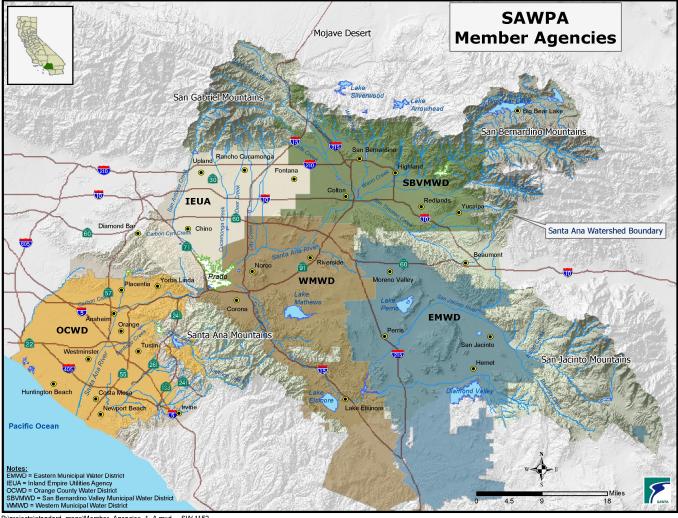
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Karen Williams Deputy General Manager/Chief Financial Officer

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Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority

Authority Service Area Map



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Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2020

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority Authority Officials

Board of Commissioners

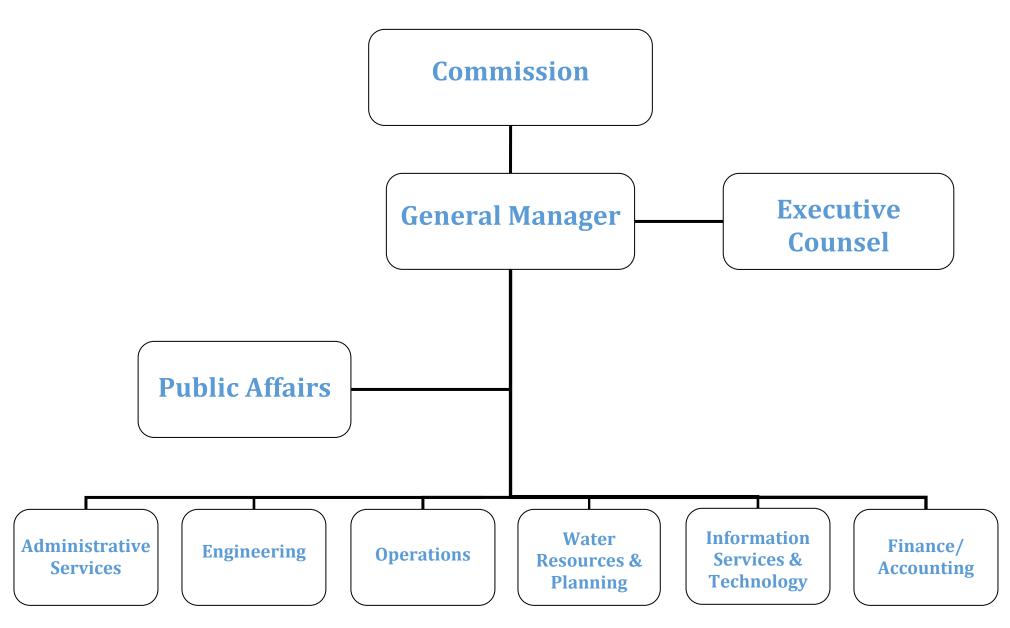
Jasmin A. Hall	Chair	IEUA
Bruce Whitaker	Vice Chair	OCWD
Mike Gardner	Secretary/Treasurer	WMWD
David J. Slawson	Commission Member	EMWD
June D. Hayes	Commission Member	SBVMWD

Management Staff

VacantAdministrative Services ManagerKaren WilliamsDeputy General Manager/Chief Financial OfficerDean UngerIS and Technology ManagerDavid RuhlManager of EngineeringVacantManager of OperationsMark NortonWater Resources and Planning ManagerLagerlof LLPExecutive Counsel	Jeffrey Mosher	General Manager
Dean UngerIS and Technology ManagerDavid RuhlManager of EngineeringVacantManager of OperationsMark NortonWater Resources and Planning Manager	Vacant	Administrative Services Manager
David RuhlManager of EngineeringVacantManager of OperationsMark NortonWater Resources and Planning Manager	Karen Williams	Deputy General Manager/Chief Financial Officer
VacantManager of OperationsMark NortonWater Resources and Planning Manager	Dean Unger	IS and Technology Manager
Mark Norton Water Resources and Planning Manager	David Ruhl	Manager of Engineering
6 6	Vacant	Manager of Operations
Lagerlof LLP Executive Counsel	Mark Norton	Water Resources and Planning Manager
	Lagerlof LLP	Executive Counsel

Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority

Organizational Chart





Financial Section



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Commissioners Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority Riverside, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and aggregate remaining fund information of the Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority (the "Authority"), as of and for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the California State Controller's Minimum Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Authority's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Richard A. Teaman, CPA • David M. Ramirez, CPA • Javier H. Carrillo, CPA • Bryan P. Daugherty, CPA • Joshua J. Calhoun, CPA 4201 Brockton Avenue Suite 100 Riverside CA 92501 951.274.9500 TEL 951.274.7828 FAX www.trscpas.com

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and aggregate remaining fund information of the Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 1 to the basic financial statements, as of June 30, 2021, the Authority adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

As described in Note 1 to the basic financial statements, as of June 30, 2020, the Authority adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability, the schedule of contributions - pension, the schedule of changes in the net OPEB liabilities and related ratios, and the schedule of contributions - OPEB, identified as Required Supplementary Information (RSI) in accompanying table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the RSI in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional

procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 21, 2021, on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Jeaman Raminez & Smith, I me.

Riverside, California December 21, 2021

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The intent of the Management Discussion and Analysis is to provide highlights of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, of the Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority (the "Authority"). Readers are encouraged to read this section in conjunction with the transmittal letter and the accompanying basic financial statements.

The Authority

The Authority was formed in 1972 pursuant to the provisions of Article 1, Chapter 5, Division 7, Title 1 of the Government Code of the State of California relating to the joint exercise powers common to public agencies. The Authority was formed for the purpose of undertaking projects for water quality control and protection as well as pollution abatement in the Santa Ana River Watershed.

The Authority's five member agencies are Eastern Municipal Water District (EMWD), Inland Empire Utilities Agency (IEUA), Orange County Water District (OCWD), San Bernardino Valley Municipal Water District (SBVMWD), and Western Municipal Water District (WMWD).

Overview of the Financial Statements

The Authority is a special purpose government (special district) engaged only in activities that support themselves through user charges and member contributions. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements are presented in the format prescribed for proprietary funds by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

These financial statements consist of three interrelated statements designed to provide the reader with relevant, understandable data about the Authority's financial condition and operating results. They are the (1) Statement of Net Position; (2) Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position; and (3) Statement of Cash Flows.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the Authority's assets, deferred inflow of resources, liabilities, and deferred outflow of resources, with the differences between the four reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Authority is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presents information showing how the Authority's net position changed during the year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flow in future fiscal periods. The Statement of Cash Flows conveys to financial statement users how the Authority managed cash resources during the year. This statement converts the change in net position presented on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position into actual cash provided by and used for operations. The Statement of Cash Flows also details how the Authority obtains cash through financing and investing activities, and how cash is spent for these purposes.

Summary Financial Information and Analysis

While fiscal year 2021 continued to be challenging with the global pandemic COVID-19, the Authority's financial operations remained sound. The Statement of Net Position remains strong, providing a foundation for continued growth within the Authority's service area. As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Authority, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$73.3 million at June 30, 2021, by \$73.3 million at June 30, 2020, and by \$71.5 million at June 30, 2019.

Statements of Net Position For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2021, 2020, and 2019

	Fiscal Year End June 30,				
	2021	2020	Increase/ (Decrease)	2019	Increase/ (Decrease)
Assets					
Current	\$74,683,443	\$72,719,927	\$1,963,516	\$90,073,263	(\$17,353,336)
Noncurrent	1,154,918	1,154,918	-	1,150,720	4,198
Capital	101,060,095	106,357,102	(5,297,007)	110,912,773	(4,555,671)
Total Assets	176,898,456	180,231,947	(3,333,491)	202,136,756	(21,904,809)
Deferred Outflows	2,820,019	4,218,310	(1,398,291)	1,482,258	2,736,052
Liabilities	15 717 407	14000172	000 225	21 702 004	(1(002 012)
Current Noncurrent	15,717,497 88,835,869	14,808,172 95,745,437	909,325 (6,909,568)	31,702,084 100,020,142	(16,893,912) (4,274,705)
Total Liabilities	104,553,366	110,553,609	(6,000,243)	131,722,226	(21,168,617)
I Otal Liabilities	104,555,500	110,555,009	[0,000,243]	131,722,220	(21,100,017)
Deferred Inflows	1,838,107	571,542	1,266,565	337,312	234,230
Net Position					
Net Investment in Capital	76,743,044	79,825,079	(3,082,035)	82,216,012	(2,390,933)
Assets			(2,222,200)		(_,_,_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Restricted	2,960,560	2,960,560	-	2,960,560	
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(6,376,602)	(9,460,533)	3,083,931	(13,617,096)	4,156,563
Total Net Position	\$73,327,002	\$73,325,106	\$1,896	\$71,559,476	\$1,765,630

The following denotes explanations on some of the changes between fiscal years 2021 and 2020, as compared in the table above.

- The \$1.9 million increase in Current Assets is due to an increase in Accounts Receivable for Proposition 1 grant funds for capital projects. The grant agreement for Proposition 1 Round I projects was signed in fiscal year 2021 and project proponents started invoicing for project costs.
- The \$5.3 million decrease in Capital Assets is due to an offset of depreciation and amortization to property, plant, and equipment.
- The \$0.9 million increase in Current Liabilities is due to final invoices for the Proposition 1 Disadvantaged Communities grant being received. This grant was completed in this fiscal year, with only staff costs to complete the final invoice to the Department of Water Resources (DWR) remaining.
- The \$6.9 million decrease in Noncurrent Liabilities is due primarily to the amortization of pipeline and wastewater treatment rights combined with a decrease in long-term debt from scheduled debt service payments.

The following denotes explanations on some of the changes between fiscal years 2020 and 2019, as compared in the table above.

- The \$17.4 million decrease in Current Assets is due to a reduction in Accounts Receivable for grant funds. Both Proposition 84 Round I and Drought Round projects were completed in FYE 2019, with the final outstanding invoices being paid in FYE 2020.
- The \$4.6 million decrease in Capital Assets is due to an offset of depreciation and amortization to property, plant, and equipment.
- The \$16.9 million decrease in Current Liabilities is due to a reduction in Accounts Payable for grant funds. Both Proposition 84 Round I and Drought Round projects were completed in FYE 2019, with the final outstanding invoices being paid in FYE 2020.
- The \$4.3 million decrease in Noncurrent Liabilities is due primarily to the amortization of pipeline and wastewater treatment rights combined with a decrease in long-term debt from scheduled debt service payments.

Category of Net Position

The Authority is required to present its net position in three categories: (1) Net Investment in Capital Assets; (2) Restricted; and (3) Unrestricted.

Net Investment in Capital Assets

At June 30, 2021, 2020, and 2019, Net Investment in Capital Assets consisted of the following:

(In Millions)					
		2021	2020	2019	
Property, Plant & Equipment		\$159.6	\$159.9	\$159.2	
Accumulated Depreciation		(80.9)	(77.1)	(73.4)	
Wastewater Treatment & Disposal Rights		55.6	55.6	55.6	
Accumulated Amortization		(32.5)	(30.9)	(29.5)	
Construction in Process		0.4	0.4	0.4	
Related Payables and Loans, Net of Discounts		(25.5)	(27.7)	(29.9)	
	Total	\$76.7	\$79.8	\$82.2	

Net Investment in Capital Assets

<u>Restricted</u>

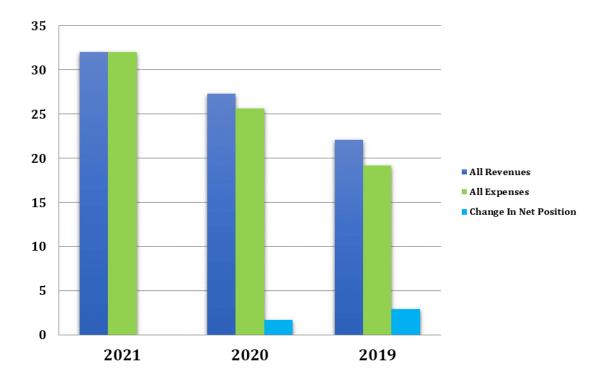
At June 30, 2021, Restricted Net Position of \$3 million is legally restricted by contract to fund additional Arundo Management and Habitat Restoration projects within the Santa Ana River Watershed and by the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) for the SRF Loan reserve requirement.

<u>Unrestricted</u>

At June 30, 2021, the Authority had an unrestricted net deficit of \$6.4 million. However, the Authority does possess \$62.7 million in unearned revenues being realized over a 50-year period of approximately \$2.5 million per year.

Change in Net Position

Overall, the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, brought an increase in net position of \$1,896, a minimal increase from the previous year.



Change in Net Position (in millions)

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2021, 2020, and 2019

	Fiscal Year End June 30,				
	2021	2020	Increase/ (Decrease)	2019	Increase/ (Decrease)
Operating Revenues:	¢10.476.056	¢11 ⊑ 47 000	¢020 (2)	¢10.004.04C	(4707 12()
WWT & Disposal	\$12,476,856	\$11,547,220	\$929,636	\$12,334,346	(\$787,126)
WWT & Disposal Capacity Rights Other Operating Revenues	2,510,154 205,186	2,510,154 193,692	- 11,494	2,510,154 205,812	- (12,120)
Total Operating Revenues	15,192,196	14,251,066	941,130	15,050,312	(799,246)
Nonoperating Revenues: Member Contributions	1,993,632	2,105,955	(112,323)	1,909,415	196,540
Intergovernmental	1,995,652	2,105,955 9,466,587	5,299,111	29,011,794	(19,545,207)
Investment Income	73,038	1,496,354	(1,423,316)	1,660,061	(19,343,207)
Total Nonoperating Revenues	16,832,368	13,068,896	3,763,472	32,581,270	(19,512,374)
Total Revenues	32,024,564	27,319,962	4,704,602	47,631,582	(20,311,620)
Operating Expenses:					
WWT and Disposal	7,093,161	6,682,965	410,196	6,545,654	137,311
General, Admin, and Overhead	770,621	989,568	(218,947)	1,326,428	(336,860)
Studies and Planning Costs	5,020,667	4,396,714	623,953	4,082,052	314,662
Depreciation	3,794,519	3,759,571	34,948	3,742,801	16,770
Amortization of WWT and Disposal					10,770
Rights	1,556,010	1,400,918	155,092	1,400,918	-
Total Operating Expenses	18,234,978	17,229,736	1,005,242	17,097,853	131,883
Nonoperating Expenses:	10,10 1,57 0	1,)== ,), 00	1,000,11	1,000,000	101,000
Interest Expense	586,566	643,758	(57,192)	713,448	(69,690)
Loss On Disposal of Assets	, -	3,640	(3,640)	- -	3,640
Grant Program Expenses	13,201,124	7,677,198	5,523,926	26,937,764	(19,260,566)
Total Nonoperating Expenses	13,787,690	8,324,596	5,463,094	27,651,212	(19,326,616)
Total Expenses	32,022,668	25,544,332	6,468,336	44,749,065	(19,194,733)
	,,000		-,,500	,, 500	(,=: -,: 50)
Change in Net Positions	1,896	1,765,630	(1,763,734)	2,882,517	(1,116,887)
Beginning Net Position	73,325,106	71,559,476	1,765,630	68,676,959	2,882,517
Ending Net Position	\$73,327,002	\$73,325,106	\$1,896	\$71,559,476	\$1,765,630

<u>Revenues</u>

Combined revenues for the fiscal year 2021 totaled \$32 million, an increase of \$4.7 million, or 17.2%, more than the prior fiscal year. The following denotes explanations on some of the changes between fiscal years 2021 and 2020.

- The \$0.9 million increase in Waste Water Treatment and Disposal is due to increases in flow, truck discharge, and biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) and total suspended solids (TSS) concentrations from the prior year as well as slight rate increases for each.
- The \$5.3 million increase in Intergovernmental is due to an increase in the Proposition 1 Capital Projects and Proposition 84 Round II and Final Round Projects. Proposition 1 Capital Projects grant began in FYE 2021.
 Proposition 84 Round II and Final Round projects are completing construction and invoicing for final costs.
- The \$1.4 million decrease in Investment Income is due to the final Treasury Strip maturities being received in FYE 2020 along with steep decreases in interest rates brought on by the COVID-19 induced recession.

Combined revenues for the fiscal year 2020 totaled \$27.3 million, a decrease of \$20.3 million, or 42.6%, less than the prior fiscal year. The following denotes explanations on some of the changes between fiscal years 2020 and 2019.

- The \$0.8 million decrease in Waste Water Treatment and Disposal is due to decreases in biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) and total suspended solids (TSS) concentrations from the prior year.
- The \$19.5 million decrease in Intergovernmental is due to the Proposition 84 Round I and Drought Round Projects being completed in FYE 2019. With many of the grants nearing completion, Intergovernmental will continue to decrease in the coming years.

<u>Expenses</u>

Combined expenses for the fiscal year 2021 totaled \$32 million, a decrease of \$6.5 million, or 25.3% less than the prior fiscal year. The following denotes explanations on some of the changes between fiscal years 2021 and 2020.

- The \$0.4 million increase in Waste Water Treatment and Disposal Costs is due to increases in biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) and total suspended solids (TSS) concentrations from the prior year.
- The \$0.6 million increase in Studies and Planning Costs is due to the Rock Removal Project completed by Orange County Sanitation District. This

project was completed in FYE 2020 with invoices being received in FYE 2021.

The \$5.5 million increase in Grant Program Expenses is due to the Proposition 1 Grant, Round I Capital Projects and Proposition 84 Round II and Final Round Projects. Most of the DACI grant program tasks were completed in FYE 2020.

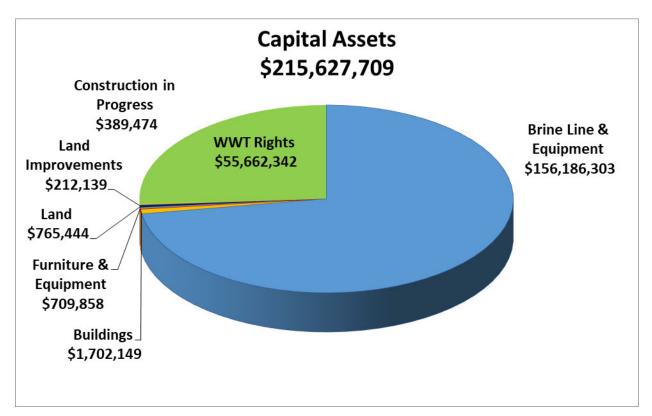
Combined expenses for the fiscal year 2020 totaled \$25.5 million, a decrease of \$19.2 million, or 42.9% less than the prior fiscal year. The following denotes explanations on some of the changes between fiscal years 2020 and 2019.

 The \$19.3 million decrease in Grant Program Expenses is due to the Proposition 84 Round I and Drought Round Projects being completed in FYE 2019. With many of the grants nearing completion, Intergovernmental will continue to decrease in the coming years.

Capital Assets

Existing Capital Assets

The following chart is the composition of the Authority's total capital assets, not including depreciation and amortization, as of June 30, 2021; additional information can be found in Note 4 of the Notes to Financial Statements.



A comparison of the changes by major category between the current and prior fiscal years is provided in the Category of Net Position section on page 4 of this report.

Future Capital Improvements

The capital improvements program (CIP) includes annual capital repairs to correct pipeline and MAS defects identified during closed circuit television (CCTV) and direct visual inspection. The repairs include items such as sealing pipe joints with major groundwater infiltration, repairing MAS and pipe corrosion protection (plastic "T-Lok" type liner), and completing repairs where structure corrosion has occurred.

As part of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (Corps) Santa Ana River Mainstem Project to increase the flood control storage behind Prado Dam. The Corps anticipates raising Prado Dam spillway by approximately 20 feet. All Brine Line Maintenance Access Structures (MAS) will need to be watertight up to the flood storage elevation of 566 feet. There are up to 20 MAS that need to be modified and watertight. Modification of the MAS is anticipated for fiscal year FYE 2022 and 2023.

The Brine Line Reach 4D was constructed in the early 1990's and runs from the intersection with Reach 4A in the City of Chino approximately 21 miles East to the intersection with Reach 4E in the City of Rialto. About seven miles of the Brine Line Reach 4D consists of T-Lok Lined 42-inch reinforced concrete pipe (RCP). The T-Lok lining is a polyvinyl chloride (PVC) lining on the interior circumference of the pipe that provides a protective corrosion barrier between the flow and concrete pipe. The T-Lok lining on this portion of the Brine Line was installed on the upper 270 degrees of the pipeline leaving the invert or bottom 90 degrees of the pipe unlined. Low flows during the initial vears of operation placed the flow line below the termination of the T-Lok liner and exposed the concrete to corrosion and uplifting of the T-Lok liner. A consultant was hired in March 2018 to conduct a pipeline condition assessment, evaluate the condition and remaining useful life of this portion of the Reach 4D pipeline, and prepare the Reach 4D Work Plan. The pipeline field investigation work was completed in May 2018. The Work Plan completed in mid FYE 2019 includes an evaluation of potential repair methods, near, midand long-term recommended actions to monitor the condition of the Brine Line and provide repairs as necessary in the future, and a schedule and cost estimate for the proposed recommendations. The near term recommended field investigation work was completed in May 2019. The Near-Term Recommended Inspections Data Analysis and Summary Report was completed in FYE 2020. The Near-Term Actions Summary Report concluded that the findings presented in the Reach 4D Work Plan remain valid and the recommendations provided remain unchanged. The mid-term recommended field investigation work is planned for FYE 2023 with the long-term solution to begin around FYE 2027 through FYE 2030.

Reach IV was constructed in 1975 and is the oldest part of the system. A condition assessment is necessary to understand the reliability and performance of Reach IV. An

assessment can identify potential issues and actions needed to extend the remaining useful life of the system. The condition assessment is planned for FYE 2023.

A portion of Reach IVB was constructed with 36" cement-mortar lined ductile iron pipe (DIP) in the late 1990s and is over 20 years old. A condition assessment is necessary to understand the reliability and performance of Reach IVB. Corrosion (both external and internal) is the main factor that can affect the structural integrity of the pipe. Over time defects in the lining system can develop due to excessive wear, scaling, water chemistry and various cleaning methods. An assessment of the condition of the lining system and pipe can identify potential issues and actions needed to extend the remaining useful life of the system. The condition assessment is planned for FYE 2023.

Long-Term Debt

The Authority's long-term debt consists of four loans from the SWRCB for construction of Reach V of the Brine Line, a loan from the SWRCB for repairs of Reach IV-A and IV-B, and a loan from the SWRCB for the Reach V Capital Repairs project. In 2018, the loan from a member agency for the repurchase of wastewater capacity and treatment/disposal rights and the contractual obligation due to a related joint powers authority were paid in full.

Debt Service	2021	2020	2019
SWRCB TVRI Line	\$1,074,263	\$1,046,108	\$1,018,693
SWRCB Reach IVA & IVB	747,995	729,040	710,565
SWRCB Reach V Capital Repairs	392,714	385,392	433,019

During the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021, 2020, and 2019, the Authority made all of the scheduled principal payments on these debts as follows:

These payments decreased the outstanding balance in long-term debt by \$2.2 million. For more detailed information refer to Note 6 of the Notes to Financial Statements.

Fiscal Year 2021-2022 Budget

Economic and Financial Factors

Prior to the COVID-19 induced recession of 2020, the Inland Empire's economy was strong. The pandemic-linked closures caused major damage to the economy. Consumer spending cratered in March, at a pace never experienced before and unemployment numbers rose from 50-year lows to 80-year highs in a matter of weeks. Fortunately, the economy seems to be on the path to recovery. Because of the Inland Empire's economic structure and composition of jobs across different sectors of the local economy, its recovery will outpace

California and the entire nation. In 2021, jobs were added, businesses reopened or have started for the first time, and households and workers continue recovering from the COVID-19 recession. Economic activity from housing sales, durable goods orders, consumer spending, and payroll employment, have bounced back sharply. Economists predict a strong recovery during the latter part of 2021, with near full recovery in 2022.

As we begin the biennial budget process for FYE 2022 and 2023, we realize that many of our member agencies have suffered during the recession of 2020. With that in mind, staff will look for ways to reduce our budget while remaining effective and efficient. By optimizing operational processes and implementing a number of cost-cutting measures, we hope to reduce costs and pass those savings on to our member agencies through reduced fees and member contributions.

The Authority is faced with a \$60 million Capital Improvement Program over the next 25 years. To ensure that there will be funds available to implement the program, the Authority conducted a long-term financial plan and rate model for the Brine Line. This model has served as a financial planning tool to ensure sufficient revenues are collected for operating needs, capital needs, and the funding of a long-term capital repair and replacement reserve.

Management is unaware of any other conditions that could have a significant past, present, or future impact on the Authority's current financial position, net position, or operating results.

Contacting the Authority's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Authority's finances for the Board of Commissioners, customers, investors, creditors, and other interested parties. Questions concerning any information provided in the report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Authority's Finance Department, 11615 Sterling Avenue, Riverside, CA 92503.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority Statements of Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2021 and 2020

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Fund		
	2021	2020	
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents (Note 2)	\$ 48,021,813	\$ 45,880,641	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted (Note 2)	914,369	958,564	
Investments (Note 2)	8,343,191	11,493,118	
Interest Receivable	37,841	152,478	
Accounts Receivable	2,181,758	1,947,096	
Accounts Receivable - Grants	12,915,356	10,010,807	
Notes Receivable - Other	12,069	18,785	
Prepaid Items and Other Assets	346,486	347,878	
Mitigation Credits (Note 3)	1,910,560	1,910,560	
Total Current Assets	74,683,443	72,719,927	
Noncurrent Assets:			
Capital Assets (Note 4):			
Not Being Depreciated	1,154,918	1,154,918	
Being Depreciated, Net of Accumulated Depreciation			
and Amortization	101,060,095	106,357,102	
Total Noncurrent Assets	102,215,013	107,512,020	
Total Assets	176,898,456	180,231,947	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Amounts from Pension Plans	2,529,244	3,825,434	
Deferred Amounts from OPEB Plan	290,775	392,876	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 2,820,019	\$ 4,218,310	

Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority Statements of Net Position - Continued Proprietary Fund June 30, 2021 and 2020

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Fund		
	2021	2020	
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	\$ 13,088,564	\$ 11,965,550	
Accrued Salaries and Wages	171,325	157,207	
Accrued Interest Payable	221,851	256,114	
Long-Term Liabilities - Due Within One Year:			
Compensated Absences (Note 5)	192,277	214,330	
Loans Payable (Note 6)	2,043,480	2,214,971	
Total Current Liabilities	15,717,497	14,808,172	
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Unearned Revenue (Note 7)	62,687,568	65,188,826	
Long-Term Liabilities - Due in More than One Year:	0_,000,000	00,200,020	
Compensated Absences (Note 5)	448,646	500,103	
Loans Payable (Note 6)	23,428,489	25,471,970	
Net Pension Liability (Note 10)	1,870,834	4,081,229	
Net OPEB Liability (Note 11)	400,332	503,309	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	88,835,869	95,745,437	
Total Liabilities	104,553,366	110,553,609	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Amounts From Pension Plans	1,679,006	349,158	
Deferred Amounts from OPEB Plan	159,101	222,384	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,838,107	571,542	
NET POSITION (NOTE 8)			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	76,743,044	79,825,079	
Restricted for:	-, -,-	· ,,- ·	
SRF Reach IVA & IVB Reserve Requirement	1,050,000	1,050,000	
Mitigation	1,910,560	1,910,560	
Unrestricted	(6,376,602)	(9,460,533)	
Total Net Position	\$ 73,327,002	\$ 73,325,106	

Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Fund		
	2021	2020	
OPERATING REVENUES Wastewater Treatment and Disposal Wastewater Treatment and Disposal - Capacity Rights Other	\$ 12,476,856 2,510,154 205,186	\$ 11,547,220 2,510,154 193,692	
Total Operating Revenues	15,192,196	14,251,066	
OPERATING EXPENSES Wastewater Treatment and Disposal General and Administrative and Overhead	7,093,161 770,621	6,682,965 989,568	
Studies and Planning Costs	5,020,667	4,396,714	
Total Operating Expenses	12,884,449	12,069,247	
Operating Income (Loss) Before Depreciation and Amortization	2,307,747	2,181,819	
Depreciation	(3,794,519)	(3,759,571)	
Amortization	(1,556,010)	(1,400,918)	
Operating Income (Loss)	(3,042,782)	(2,978,670)	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Member Contributions	1,993,632	2,105,955	
Intergovernmental	14,765,698	9,466,587	
Investment Earnings	73,038	1,496,354	
Interest Expense	(586,566)	(643,758)	
Grant Program Expenses	(13,201,124)	(7,677,198)	
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Assets	-	(3,640)	
Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)	3,044,678	4,744,300	
Change in Net Position	1,896	1,765,630	
Net Position - Beginning of Year	73,325,106	71,559,476	
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 73,327,002	\$ 73,325,106	

Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority Statements of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Fund		
	2021	2020	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash Received from Customers Cash Paid to Employees Cash Paid to Suppliers	\$ 12,462,992 (3,591,715) (7,876,236)	\$ 11,790,908 (5,905,597) (8,363,135)	
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities	995,041	(2,477,824)	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Member Contributions	1,993,632	2,105,955	
Other Governments	11,861,149	4,766,288	
Grant Program Expenses	(13,201,124)	(3,045,404)	
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Noncapital and Related Financing Activities	653,657	3,826,839	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets	(53,522)	(612,656)	
Principal Payments on Long-term Debt Interest Paid on Long-term Debt	(2,214,972) (620,829)	(2,160,540) (675,257)	
interest i ald on Long-term Debt	[020,027]	(075,257)	
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Capital and Related Financing Activities	(2,889,323)	(3,448,453)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of Investments	(1,978,452)	(1,996,991)	
Proceeds from Sale of Investments	5,128,379	2,878,535	
Interest Received	187,675	1,609,293	
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Investing Activities	3,337,602	2,490,837	
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,096,977	391,399	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	46,839,205	46,447,806	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$ 48,936,182	\$ 46,839,205	
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 48,021,813	\$ 45,880,641	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted	914,369	958,564	
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 48,936,182	\$ 46,839,205	

Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority **Statements of Cash Flows - Continued Proprietary Fund** For the Years Ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Fund			
		2021		2020
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided				
By (Used For) Operating Activities:				
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(3,042,782)	\$	(2,978,670)
Adjustments:				
Depreciation		3,794,519		3,759,571
Amortization		1,556,010		1,400,918
Change in Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities and				
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable		(234,662)		(12,159)
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Items and Other Assets		1,392		(115,456)
(Increase) Decrease in Notes Receivable		6,716		62,155
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources				
from Pension Plans		1,296,190		(2,538,855)
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources				
from OPEB Plan		102,101		(197,197)
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		1,123,014		(62,239)
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Salaries and Wages		14,118		3,406
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences		(73,510)		87,351
Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Revenue		(2,501,258)		(2,510,154)
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability		(2,210,395)		431,381
Increase (Decrease) in Net OPEB Liability		(102,977)		(42,106)
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of Resources				
from Pension Plans		1,329,848		50,317
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of Resources				
from OPEB Plan		(63,283)		183,913
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities	\$	995,041	\$	(2,477,824)
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Net increase in the fair value of investments	\$	312,049	\$	396,234

Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority Statements of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2021 and 2020

	Custodial Fund LEGAL DEFENSE FUND		
	2021	2020	
ASSETS Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 467,072	\$ 466,361	
Total Assets	467,072	466,361	
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Other Liabilities			
Total Liabilities			
NET POSITION Restricted for:			
Legal Defense	467,072	466,361	
Total Net Position	\$ 467,072	\$ 466,361	

Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds Years Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

	Custodial Fund LEGAL DEFENSE FUND			
	2021			2020
ADDITIONS				
Investment Earnings	\$	711	\$	7,765
Total Additions		711		7,765
DEDUCTIONS				
Administrative Expenses		-		-
Total Deductions				
Net Increase (Decrease) in				
Fiduciary Net Position		711		7,765
Net Position - Beginning of Year		466,361		458,596
Net Position - End of Year	\$	467,072	\$	466,361

June 30, 2021 and 2020

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A) Organization and Purpose

The Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority ("the Authority") was reformed in 1972 pursuant to the provisions of Article 1, Chapter 5, Division 7, Title 1 of the Government Code of the State of California relating to the joint exercise of powers common to public agencies, for purpose of undertaking projects for water quality control and protection and pollution abatement in the Santa Ana River Watershed. The five member agencies are the Orange County Water District, Inland Empire Utilities Agency (formerly Chino Basin Municipal Water District), Eastern Municipal Water District, San Bernardino Valley Municipal Water District, and Western Municipal Water District. The Board of Commissioners is the governing body of the Authority. Each member of the Authority appoints, by resolution of its governing body, one member of its governing body to act as its Commissioner on the Board.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the reporting entity include (1) the primary government, (2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The criteria provided in Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) Statements have been considered and there are no agencies or entities which should be presented with the Authority.

The Authority's enterprise activities are accounted for on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each activity are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position, revenue, and expenses. Authority resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based on the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The Authority's various funds are grouped as follows:

Capital Projects Activities - Record the activity of the various capital improvement projects and programs undertaken by the Authority.

Internal Administration - Reflect the grouping of general and administration expenses and department overhead costs. Reported amounts are net of allocations made in support of capital projects and enterprise activities.

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

A) Organization and Purpose - Continued

Enterprise Activities - Reflect operations of the Inland Empire Brine Line System (Brine Line) pipelines.

The Authority also has the following Fiduciary Funds:

Custodial Funds - Custodial funds are utilized to record monies held on behalf of others in a fiduciary capacity. The Authority has one custodial fund:

The Legal Defense Fund - This fund was established in conjunction with the Environmental Protection Agency in connection with potential third-party lawsuits arising from the discharge of effluent which originates from the Stringfellow Hazardous Waste Site, while the facility is operated by the Environmental Protection Agency or its agents under the use permit.

B) Basis of Presentation

The Authority reports its activities as an enterprise fund, which is a Proprietary type fund used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise, where the intent of the Authority is that the cost of providing services on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges, capital grants, and similar funding.

C) Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

"Measurement focus" is a term used to describe *which* transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. "Basis of accounting" refers to *when* transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied. The accompanying financial statements are reported using the "economic resources measurement focus", and the "accrual basis of accounting". Under the economic measurement focus, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources (whether current or noncurrent) associated with these activities are included on the statements of net position.

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

C) Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting - Continued

The Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

D) New Accounting Pronouncements

Current Year Standards

- GASB 84 *Fiduciary Activities*, effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019*. The Authority has implemented this statement and is reflected in the financial statements.
- GASB 90 *Majority Equity Interests an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61,* effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019*. Currently, this Standard has no effect on the Authority.
- GASB 95 *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance,* effective immediately in periods ending on June 30, 2020. The Authority has implemented provisions of this statements in fiscal year 2020 and is reflected in the financial statements.

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Pending Accounting Standards

GASB has issued the following statements, which may impact the Authority's financial reporting requirements in the future:

- GASB 87 *Leases*, effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2021*.
- GASB 89 Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction *Period,* effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020*.
- GASB 91 *Conduit Debt Obligations*, effective for fiscal years beginning December 15, 2021*.
- GASB 92 *Omnibus*, effective for fiscal years beginning June 15, 2021*.
- GASB 93 *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates,* effective for fiscal years beginning June 15, 2021*.
- GASB 94 *Public and Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements,* effective for fiscal years beginning June 15, 2022.
- GASB 96 *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022.
- GASB 97 Certain Component Unit Criteria and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans, effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021.

*These GASB Statements original effective dates were postponed by GASB Statement No. 95.

June 30, 2021 and 2020

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

E) Deferred Outflows / Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statements of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that time. The Authority has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category:

- Deferred outflows related to pensions and OPEB is equal to employer contributions made after the measurement date of the net pension liability and OPEB, as applicable.
- Deferred outflows related to pensions and OPEB are for differences between expected and actual experiences. This amount is amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions and OPEB through the plans.
- Deferred outflows related to pensions and OPEB are for differences between projected and actual earning on pensions and OPEB through the plans. These amounts are amortized over 5 years but pension amounts are amortized over the EARSL.
- Deferred outflows related to pensions and OPEB are for changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions. This amount is amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the plans.

June 30, 2021 and 2020

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

E) Deferred Outflows / Inflows of Resources – Continued

In addition to liabilities, the Statements of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Authority has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category:

- Deferred inflows related to pensions and OPEB are for differences between expected and actual experiences. This amount is amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the plans.
- Deferred inflows from pensions and OPEB resulting from changes in assumptions. This amount is amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions and OPEB through the plans.
- Deferred inflows related to pensions and OPEB plans for changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions. This amount is amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions and OPEB through the plans.

F) Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the Authority will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

It is the Authority's practice to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied; however it is at the Board of Commissioners' discretion.

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

G) Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues, such as wastewater treatment and wastewater disposal, capacity rights, and contractual services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the Authority. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values.

Revenues not included in the above category are reported as nonoperating revenues. Nonoperating revenues such as a grant funding, member contributions, and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities in which the Authority gives (receives) value without directly receiving (giving) value in exchange.

Operating expenses include wastewater treatment and disposal, studies and planning costs, management, administration, and depreciation/amortization on capital assets. All expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating expenses.

H) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Substantially all the Authority's cash is invested in interest bearing cash accounts. The Authority considers all highly liquid investments with initial maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

I) Investments and Investment Policy

The Authority has adopted an investment policy directing the Authority's Chief Financial Officer to deposit funds in financial institutions.

Investments are stated at their fair value which is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Investments that are not traded on a market, such as investments in external pools, are valued based on the stated fair value as represented by the external pool.

Changes in fair value that occur during a fiscal year are recognized as investment income reported for the fiscal year. Investment earnings include interest earnings, changes in market value, and any gains or losses realized upon the liquidation or sale of investments.

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

J) Restricted Assets

Restricted assets are financial resources generated for a specific purpose such as capital projects or debt service. These assets are for the benefit of a specified purpose and, as such, are legally or contractually restricted by an external third-party agreement.

K) Accounts Receivable

The Authority extends credit in the normal course of operations. Management deems all accounts receivable as collectible at year end. Accordingly, an allowance for doubtful accounts has not been recorded.

L) Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs or deposits applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the basic financial statements.

M) Mitigation Credits

Mitigation credits are recorded at cost and are purchased and used by those agencies or businesses needing habitat mitigation within the Watershed for specific development projects.

N) Capital Assets

Capital assets acquired and/or constructed are capitalized at historical cost. Capital assets are defined as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Donated assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of contribution. Upon retirement or other disposition of capital assets, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective balances and any gains or losses are recognized.

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

N) Capital Assets - Continued

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements	40 Years
Land Improvements	15-20 Years
Furniture and Office Equipment	3 Years
Brine Line and Equipment	25 Years

Wastewater treatment and disposal rights are included as capital assets and are capitalized at cost. Amortization is computed using the straight-line method over the remaining life of the Authority's contract with the Orange County Sanitation District for the acquisition of the rights at the time the rights were acquired. The current contract expires April 26, 2046.

O) Compensated Absences

The Authority's policy is to pay out sick leave time accrued upon retirement, death or termination on a variable scale of 15% to 60% based on years of service. Each full-time employee accrues 96 hours of sick time per year. The liability for this benefit has been accrued in these financial statements.

Employees of the Authority are entitled to paid vacation depending on length of service. Vacation is accrued for full-time employees beginning on the first day of full-time employment, and ranges from 12 to 22 days per year based on longevity with the Authority. Part-time employees accrue vacation on a prorated basis on the actual number of hours worked.

Authority policy requires employees to pass a probationary period prior to payment for accrued vacation hours. An employee may not accrue more than 36 vacation days (324 hour) total.

P) Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue represents advance payments received for wastewater treatment and disposal capacity rights sold, which are being recognized as revenue as the services are provided.

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Q) Capital Contributions

Capital contributions consist of grants awarded and contributions received for the acquisition and/or construction of capital assets. Contributions received for studies, planning, administration, and other noncapital assets are considered nonoperating revenue.

R) Capital and Operating Grants

When a grant agreement is approved and eligible expenditures are incurred, the amount is recorded as a capital or operating grant receivable on the Statements of Net Position and as capital grant contribution or operating grant revenue, as appropriate, on the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position.

S) Budgetary Policies

The Authority adopts a biennial non-appropriated budget for planning, control, and evaluation purposes. Budgetary control and evaluation are affected by comparisons of actual revenues and expenses with planned revenues and expenses for the period.

T) Net Position

The financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as follows:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by any outstanding debt against the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted Net Position This component of net position consists of constraints placed on net position use imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted Net Position This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of *net investment in capital assets or restricted*.

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

U) Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Authority's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan (Plan) and addition to/deduction from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

V) Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Authority's plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>June 30, 2020</u>
Valuation Date: June 30, 2019 Measurement Date: June 30, 2020	Valuation Date: June 30, 2018 Measurement Date: June 30, 2019
Measurement Period: July 1, 2019 to	Measurement Period: July 1, 2018 to
June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019

W) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that effect certain report amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from the estimates.

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

X) Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to prior year amounts to conform to the current year presentation.

2) CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

	2021	2020
Statement of Net Position:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 48,021,813	\$45,880,641
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted	914,369	958,564
Investments	8,343,191	11,493,118
Total Cash and Investments	57,279,373	58,332,323
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position:		
Cash and Investments	467,072	466,361
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 57,746,445	\$58,798,684
Cash and investments consist of the following:		
	2021	2020
Cash on Hand	\$ 500	\$ 500
Deposits with Financial Institutions	3,306,187	389,538
Investments	54,439,758	58,408,646
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 57,746,445	\$ 58,798,684

2) CASH AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Investments in LAIF are considered highly liquid, and deposits can be converted to cash within 24 hours without loss of interest. As of June 30, 2021, and 2020, the LAIF pools had a weighted average maturity of the following:

	2021	2020
California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	243 days	191 days

Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the Authority's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized by the Authority in accordance with the California Government Code (or the Authority's Investment Policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the Authority's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

		Maximum	Maximum
Authorized	Maximum	Percentage	Investment
Investment Type	Maturity	Of Portfolio	In One Issuer
U.S Treasury Bills, Notes and Bonds	5 years	None	N/A
U.S. Government Sponsored Agency			
Securities	5 years	None	None
Mutual Funds	90 days	15%	None
Municipal Bonds	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	180 years	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	15%	*
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	\$250,000
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	N/A
Collateralized Bank Deposits	5 years	25%	None

N/A - Not Applicable

*10% of outstanding paper of an issuing corporation.

2) CASH AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. With respect to investments, custodial credit risk generally applies only to direct investments in marketable securities. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools (such as LAIF).

The California Government Code and the Authority's investment policy does not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit), and the Authority's investment policy that requires no more than two-thirds of the Authority's deposits in a depository shall be collateralized by mortgage-backed securities, with the remainder to be secured by non-mortgage-backed securities. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure Authority deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits. Of the Authority's bank deposits, up to \$250,000 is federally insured and the remaining balance is collateralized in accordance with the Code; however, the collateralized securities are not held in the Authority's name.

Investment in State Investment Pool

The Authority is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the Authority's investment in this Pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements based upon the Authority's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

2) CASH AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk where changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The Authority manages its exposure to interest rate risk by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments, and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio matures or comes close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide requirements for cash flow and liquidity needed for operations. Information about the sensitivity of the fair cash values of the Authority's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the Authority's investments by maturity date.

Maturities of investments and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, were as follows:

	Remain				
Investment Type	12 Months or Less	13 to 24 Months	25 to 60 Months	Total	
U.S. Treasury Strips U.S. Government Sponsored Agency	\$ 1,000,895	\$-	\$ 981,797	\$ 1,982,692	
Securities	2,526,794	-	2,039,892	4,566,686	
LAIF	46,096,567	-	-	46,096,567	
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	-	518,748	533,065	1,051,813	
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	247,000	495,000		742,000	
	\$ 49,871,256	\$ 1,013,748	\$ 3,554,754	\$ 54,439,758	

2021

2020

	Remain			
	12 Months	13 to 24	25 to 60	
Investment Type	or Less	Months	Months	Total
U.S. Treasury Strips U.S. Government Sponsored Agency	\$ 2,509,603	\$ 1,010,312	\$-	\$ 3,519,915
Securities	2,014,007	2,563,165	1,077,964	5,655,136
LAIF	46,449,167	-	-	46,449,167
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	-	-	1,071,145	1,071,145
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	971,283	247,000	495,000	1,713,283
	\$ 51,944,060	\$ 3,820,477	\$ 2,644,109	\$ 58,408,646

2) CASH AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the Authority's Investment Policy, or debt agreements and the actual rating as of year-end for each investment type. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization; however, LAIF are not rated.

Credit ratings by Standard & Poor's of investments and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2021, and June 30, 2020 were as follows:

<u>2021</u>

		Medium Legal		mpt om		Rati	ing	s as of Year	End	l	Not
Investment Type		Rating	Discl	osure	_	AAA		AA+		A+	 Rated
U.S. Treasury Strips U.S. Government Sponsored	\$ 1,982,692	N/A	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,982,692
Agency Securities	4,566,686	N/A		-		4,566,686		-		-	-
LAIF	46,096,567	N/A		-		-		-		-	46,096,567
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	1,051,813	N/A		-		-		518,748		533,065	-
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	742,000	N/A						-		-	 742,000
Total	\$ 54,439,758		\$	_	\$	4,566,686	\$	518,748	\$	533,065	\$ 48,821,259

<u>2020</u>

		Medium Legal	Exempt From	Rat	ings as of Year	End	Not
Investment Type		Rating	Disclosure	AA+	AA-	A+	Rated
U.S. Treasury Strips U.S. Government Sponsored	\$ 3,519,915	N/A	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 3,519,915
Agency Securities	5,655,136	N/A	-	5,655,136	-	-	-
LAIF	46,449,167	N/A	-	-	-	-	46,449,167
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	1,071,145	N/A	-	-	527,903	543,242	-
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	1,713,283	N/A			-	-	1,713,283
Total	\$ 58,408,646		\$ -	\$ 5,655,136	\$ 527,903	\$ 543,242	\$ 51,682,365

2) CASH AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the Authority contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. Investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of total investments. The Authority has no investments that represent 5% or more of total Authority investments invested in one issuer.

Fair Value Measurements

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurements and Application, provides the framework for measuring fair value. The framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value with Level 1 given the highest priority and Level 3 the lowest priority. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the organization has the ability to access at the measurement date.

Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within *Level 1* that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. *Level 2* inputs include the following:

- a. Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets.
- b. Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active.
- c. Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability (for example, interest rates and yield curves observable at commonly quoted intervals, volatilities, prepayment speeds, loss severities, credit risks, and default rates).
- d. Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means (market-corroborated inputs).

2) CASH AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Fair Value Measurements - Continued

Investments classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. Uncategorized investments do not fall under the fair value hierarchy as there is no active market for the investments.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The Authority has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020:

	 Quoted Prices Level 1		(Dbservable Inputs Level 2	Uı	nobservable Inputs Level 3	 Total
U.S. Treasury Strips U.S. Government Sponsored	\$	-	\$	1,982,692	\$	-	\$ 1,982,692
Agency Securities		-		4,566,686		-	4,566,686
Medium-Term Corporate Notes		-		1,051,813		-	1,051,813
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit		-		742,000			 742,000
Total Investments	\$	-	\$	8,343,191	\$	-	8,343,191
Local Agency Investment Fund*							 46,096,567
Total Investment Portfolio							\$ 54,439,758

2021

*Not subject to fair value measurement hierarchy.

Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

2) CASH AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Fair Value Measurements - Continued

2020

	 Quoted Prices Level 1		 Observable Inputs Level 2	Uı	nobservable Inputs Level 3	 Total
U.S. Treasury Strips U.S. Government Sponsored	\$	-	\$ 3,519,915	\$	-	\$ 3,519,915
Agency Securities		-	5,655,136		-	5,655,136
Medium-Term Corporate Notes		-	1,071,145		-	1,071,145
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	 	_	 1,713,283		-	 1,713,283
Total Investments	\$ 	-	\$ 11,959,479	\$	-	11,959,479
Local Agency Investment Fund*						 46,449,167
Total Investment Portfolio						\$ 58,408,646

*Not subject to fair value measurement hierarchy.

3) MITIGATION CREDITS

On March 17, 2000, the State of California voted to approve Proposition 13, the Costa-Machado Water Act of 2000 containing the Southern California Integrated Watershed Program (SCIWP), providing \$235 million for local grant assistance. The State Legislature appropriated the funds to the State Water Resource Control Board (SWRCB) to be allocated to the Authority for projects to rehabilitate and improve the Santa Ana River Watershed.

On April 23, 2003, as part of the SCIWP, the Authority purchased 100 acres of mitigation credits from the Riverside County Regional Park and Open Space District. These credits are purchased and used by those needing habitat mitigation within the Watershed for specific development projects.

The changes to mitigation credits at June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020 were as follows:

2021

	Balance 2020	Additions	Deletions	Balance 2021
	\$ 1,910,560	\$-	\$-	\$ 1,910,560
2020	Balance 2019	Additions	Deletions	Balance 2020
	\$ 1,910,560	\$-	\$-	\$ 1,910,560

4) CAPITAL ASSETS

Changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2021 were as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated: Land Construction in Progress	\$ 765,444 389,474	\$-	\$-	\$ 765,444 389,474
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	1,154,918			1,154,918
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated				
Land Improvements	158,617	53,522	-	212,139
Buildings	1,702,149	-	-	1,702,149
Furniture and Equipment	709,858	-	-	709,858
Brine Line and Equipment	156,186,303	-	-	156,186,303
Wastewater Treatment and Disposal				
Rights	55,662,342	-	-	55,662,342
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	214,419,269	53,522	-	214,472,791
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Land Improvements	(99,476)	(11,640)	-	(111,116)
Buildings	(1,016,872)	(53,283)	-	(1,070,155)
Furniture and Equipment	(296,511)	(68,334)	-	(364,845)
Brine Line and Equipment	(75,719,046)	(3,661,262)	-	(79,380,308)
Accumulated Amortization	(30,930,262)	(1,556,010)		(32,486,272)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(108,062,167)	(5,350,529)		(113,412,696)
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated, Net	106,357,102	(5,297,007)		101,060,095
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$107,512,020	\$ (5,297,007)	\$-	\$102,215,013

4) CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

Changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2020 were as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated: Land	\$ 765,444	\$-	\$-	\$ 765,444
Construction in Progress	385,276	ء 10,304	ء (6,106)	389,474
Total Capital Assets, Not Being	000,270	10,001	(0,100)	
Depreciated	1,150,720	10,304	(6,106)	1,154,918
Conital Accests Dains Downs sisted				
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	150(17			150(17
Land Improvements	158,617 1,454,558	-	- (7 205)	158,617 1,702,149
Buildings	480,058	254,886	(7,295)	709,858
Furniture and Equipment	,	273,120	(43,320)	,
Brine Line and Equipment	156,113,457	82,252	(9,406)	156,186,303
Wastewater Treatment and Disposal	FF ((2,2,4,2)			
Rights Total Capital Assets Being	55,662,342	-	-	55,662,342
Depreciated	213,869,032	610,258	(60,021)	214,419,269
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Land Improvements	(95,050)	(4,426)	-	(99,476)
Buildings	(976,306)	(42,421)	1,855	(1,016,872)
Furniture and Equipment	(291,608)	(48,223)	43,320	(296,511)
Brine Line and Equipment	(72,063,951)	(3,664,501)	9,406	(75,719,046)
Accumulated Amortization	(29,529,344)	(1,400,918)	-	(30,930,262)
	(1),01),011)	(1,100,710)		(00,000,202)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(102,956,259)	(5,160,489)	54,581	(108,062,167)
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated, Net	110,912,773	(4,550,231)	(5,440)	106,357,102
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$112,063,493	\$ (4,539,927)	\$ (11,546)	\$107,512,020

5) COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Compensated absences comprise of unpaid vacation and sick leave which is accrued as earned.

The changes to compensated absences balances at June 30, 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

		Balance			Balance	Current	Long-term
		2020	Earned	Taken	2021	Portion	Portion
Compensated			<u>+ +0+0+0</u>		+ (10.000	+ 100 0 	+
Absences	\$	714,433	\$ 494,849	\$ (568,359)	\$ 640,923	\$ 192,277	\$ 448,646
		Balance			Balance	Current	Long-term
		2019	Earned	Taken	2020	Portion	Portion
Compensated	<u></u>	(27.002	¢ 462 720	¢ (275 2 (0)	ф. 51 4 400	¢ 014000	¢ 500.100
Absences	\$	627,082	\$ 462,720	\$(3/5,369)	\$ /14,433	\$ 214,330	\$ 500,103

6) LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2021, were as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
SWRCB Brine Line Reach V Loans				
(Direct Borrowings):				
Loan I	\$ 649,575	\$-	\$ (320,527)	\$ 329,048
Loan II & III	522,711	-	(258,001)	264,710
Loan IV	220,780	-	(220,780)	-
Loan V	557,059	-	(274,955)	282,104
Total SWRCB Brine Line				
Reach V Loans	1,950,125	-	(1,074,263)	875,862
State Revolving Fund Loan (Direct Borrowing): Reach IVA & IVB	11,395,332		(747,995)	10,647,337
SWRCB Inland Empire Brine Line Reach V Loans (Direct Borrowing):				
Loan I	14,341,484	-	(392,714)	13,948,770
Total Long-term Debt	27,686,941	<u>\$ -</u>	\$(2,214,972)	25,471,969
Less: Current Portion	(2,214,971)			(2,043,480)
Long-term Portion	\$25,471,970			\$23,428,489

6) LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

Changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2020, were as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
SWRCB Brine Line Reach V Loans				
(Direct Borrowings):				
Loan I	\$ 961,675	\$-	\$ (312,100)	\$ 649,575
Loan II & III	774,174	-	(251,463)	522,711
Loan IV	435,337	-	(214,557)	220,780
Loan V	825,047		(267,988)	557,059
Total SWRCB Brine Line				
Reach V Loans	2,996,233	-	(1,046,108)	1,950,125
State Revolving Fund Loan (Direct Borrowing): Reach IVA & IVB	12,124,372		(729,040)	11,395,332
SWRCB Inland Empire Brine Line Reach V Loans (Direct Borrowing):				
Loan I	14,726,876	159,895	(385,392)	14,341,484
Total Long-term Debt Less: Current Portion	29,847,481 (2,160,539)	\$ 159,895	<u>\$(2,160,540)</u>	27,686,941 (2,214,971)
Long-term Portion	\$27,686,942			\$25,471,970

6) LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements

The Authority's total outstanding loans are from direct borrowings and direct placements. There are no provisions for the outstanding loans in the event of default and no assets were held as collateral.

State Water Resources Control Board - Brine Line Reach V Loan No. I

This loan, in the amount of \$5,089,798, was for the construction of Reach V of the Brine Line Pipeline. Annual principal and interest payments of \$338,065, at the rate of 2.70%, commenced on October 5, 2002, and will mature on October 5, 2021.

For the Year Ended June, 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	
2022 Total	<u>\$ 329,048</u> 329,048	\$8,886 \$8,886	\$ 337,934 \$ 337,934	
Less: Current Portion	(329,048)			
Total Noncurrent	\$ -			

State Water Resources Control Board - Brine Line Reach V Loan No. II and III

This loan, in the amount of \$4,187,933, was for the construction of Reach V of the Brine Line Pipeline. Annual principal and interest payments of \$271,592, at the rate of 2.60%, commenced on October 5, 2002, and will mature on October 5, 2021.

For the Year				
Ended June, 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	
2022 Total Less: Current Portion	\$ 264,710 264,710 (264,710)	\$6,882 \$6,882	\$ 271,592 \$ 271,592	
Total Noncurrent	<u>\$-</u>			

6) LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

State Water Resources Control Board - Brine Line Reach V Loan No. IV

This loan, in the amount of \$3,373,815, was for the construction of Reach V of the Brine Line Pipeline. Annual principal and interest payments of \$227,181, at the rate of 2.90%, commenced on September 11, 2001, and will mature on September 11, 2020. The loan was paid in full as of the end of the fiscal year.

State Water Resources Control Board - Brine Line Reach V Loan No. V

This loan, in the amount of \$4,455,792, was for the construction of Reach V of the Brine Line Pipeline. Annual principal and interest payments of \$289,439, at the rate of 2.90%, commenced on October 5, 2004, and will mature on October 5, 2021.

For the Year Ended June, 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	
2022 Total Less: Current Portion	\$ 282,104 282,104 (282,104)	\$7,333 \$7,333	\$ 289,437 \$ 289,437	
Total Noncurrent	<u>\$</u>			

June 30, 2021 and 2020

6) LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

State Revolving Fund Loan - Reach IV-A and IV-B

On April 13, 2011, the Authority entered into a loan agreement to receive up to \$16,850,337 from the California State Water Resources Control Board to repair the existing brine disposal pipeline to extend its useful life of the Inland Empire Brine Line upstream of Prado Dam. Terms of the loan call for annual principal and interest payments of \$1,044,273 based on the net loan amount of \$16,850,337, at the rate of 2.60%, commenced on December 29, 2013, and will mature on December 29, 2032.

For the Year Ended June, 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	
2022	\$ 767,442	\$ 276,831	\$ 1,044,273	
2023	787,396	256,877	1,044,273	
2024	807,868	236,405	1,044,273	
2025	828,873	215,400	1,044,273	
2026	850,424	193,850	1,044,274	
2027-2031	4,595,507	625,859	5,221,366	
2032-2033	2,009,827	78,719	2,088,546	
Total	10,647,337	\$ 1,883,941	\$ 12,531,278	
Less: Current Portion	(767,442))		
Total Noncurrent	<u>\$ 9,879,895</u>	-		

June 30, 2021 and 2020

LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued 6)

SWRCB Inland Empire Brine Line Reach V Loans - Loan 1

On May 14, 2014, the Authority entered into a loan agreement to receive up to \$15,000,000 from the California State Water Resources Control Board to repair the existing brine disposal pipeline to extend the useful life of the Inland Empire Brine Line. Terms of the loan call for annual principal and interest payments of \$665,202 commencing on March 31, 2019, at the rate of 1.9%, and maturing March 31, 2048.

For the Year			
Ended June, 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$ 400,176	\$ 265,027	\$ 665,203
2023	407,779	257,423	665,202
2024	415,527	249,675	665,202
2025	423,422	241,780	665,202
2026	431,467	233,735	665,202
2027-2031	2,283,463	1,042,549	3,326,012
2032-2036	2,508,794	817,219	3,326,013
2037-2041	2,756,360	569,653	3,326,013
2042-2046	3,028,355	297,657	3,326,012
2047-2048	1,293,427	36,978	1,330,405
Total	13,948,770	\$ 4,011,696	\$17,960,466
Less: Current Portion	(400,176)		
Total Noncurrent	\$ 13,548,594		

UNEARNED REVENUE 7)

The changes in unearned revenue at June 30, 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

 Balance 2020	A	Additions		Deletions	 Balance 2021	
\$ 65,188,826	\$	8,896	\$	2,510,154	\$ 62,687,568	

7) UNEARNED REVENUE - Continued

Balance						Balance	
2019 Additions		Deletions		2020			
		<u> </u>					
\$ 67,698,980	\$	-	\$	2,510,154	\$	65,188,826	

8) NET POSITION

Calculation of net position as of June 30, 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

	2021	2020
Net Investment in Capital Assets:		
Capital Assets - Not Being Depreciated	\$ 1,154,918	\$ 1,154,918
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	101,060,095	106,357,102
SWRCB Brine Line Reach V Loans Payable	(875,862)	(1,950,125)
SRF Reach IVA & IVB Loan Payable	(10,647,337)	(11,395,332)
SWRCB Brine Line Reach V Loans Payable	(13,948,770)	(14,341,484)
Total Net Investment in Capital Assets	76,743,044	79,825,079
Restricted Net Position:		
SRF Reach IVA & IVB Reserve Requirement	1,050,000	1,050,000
Mitigation	1,910,560	1,910,560
Total Restricted	2,960,560	2,960,560
Unrestricted Net Position	(6,376,602)	(9,460,533)
Total Net Position	\$ 73,327,002	\$73,325,106

9) JOINT VENTURES

Lake Elsinore & San Jacinto Watersheds Authority (LESJWA)

The Authority is a member of LESJWA, a Joint Powers Authority created on March 8, 2000, for the purpose of implementing projects and programs to improve the two watersheds in order to preserve agricultural land, protect wildlife habitat, protect and enhance recreational resources, and improve lake water quality, for the benefit of the general public. Other members include the City of Canyon Lake, the City of Lake Elsinore, Elsinore Valley Municipal Water District, and the County of Riverside. Each member agency appoints one Director and one alternate to serve on the Board, with both also on the member's agency's board. Each member agency has agreed to make contributions for construction and operations, if necessary.

Upon dissolution of LESJWA, each member agency will receive its proportionate or otherwise defined share of the assets, and each member agency will contribute its proportionate or otherwise defined share of any enforceable liabilities incurred.

The Authority conducts the administrative function of LESJWA, which reimburses the Authority based on invoices for administrative services provided. During the year ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, administrative services provided to LESJWA totaled \$201,354 and \$191,265, respectively, which is included in operating revenue.

The financial statements for LESJWA are available from the Authority.

As of June 30, 2021 and 2020, LESJWA had assets, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and net position as follows:

	2021		 2020	
Total Assets	\$	310,887	\$ 305,549	
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	112,964	\$ 134,423	
Net Position	\$	197,923	\$ 171,126	

June 30, 2021 and 2020

10) DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan Descriptions

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the Authority's 2% at 55 (Classic) and 2% at 62 (PEPRA) Miscellaneous Employee Pension Plans, cost-sharing multiple-employer employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and District resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 to 62 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after five (5) years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for the plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

10) DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

A. General Information about the Pension Plans - Continued

Benefits Provided - Continued

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2021 and 2020, are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous		
	Prior to	On or After	
Hire Date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013	
Benefit Formula	2% at 55	2% at 62	
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 years service	5 years service	
Benefit Payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life	
Retirement Age	50 - 63	52 - 67	
Monthly Benefits, as a % of Eligible			
Compensation	1.426% to 2.418%	1.0% to 2.5%	
Required Employee Contribution Rates	7%	7.25%	
Required Employer Contribution Rates:			
Normal Cost Rate:			
2021	11.816%	7.847%	
2020	11.120%	7.191%	
Payment of Unfunded Liability			
2021	\$ 277,384	\$ 11,686	
2020	\$ 237,191	\$ 6,612	

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers are determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total contributions are determined through the CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The Authority is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. Authority contribution rates may change if plan contracts are amended. Payments made by the employer to satisfy contribution requirements that are identified by the pension plan terms as plan member contributions requirements are classified as plan member contributions.

10) DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Authority reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plan as follows:

	 2021	2020
Miscellaneous	\$ 1,870,834	\$ 4,081,229

The Authority's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, rolled forward to June 30, 2020 and 2019, using standard update procedures. The Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Authority's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

The changes in the Authority's proportionate share of the collective net pension liabilities were as follows:

	2021	2020
Beginning of Measurement Period Ending of Measurement Period	0.03983% 0.01719%	0.03788% 0.03983%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.02264%	0.00195%

June 30, 2021 and 2020

10) DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - Continued

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Authority recognized pension expense of \$1,033,676. At June 30, 2021, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	(Deferred Outflows Resources	In	ferred flows esources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	618,033	\$	-
Differences between expected and actual experience		96,409		-
Changes in assumptions		-	((13,344)
Change in employer's proportion		119,333	(1,5	570,290)
Differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions Net differences between projected and actual earnings on		1,639,893	((95,372)
plan investments		55,576		_
plan investments		33,370		
Total	\$	2,529,244	\$ (1,6	579,006)

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Authority recognized pension expense of \$503,309. At June 30, 2020, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 3,104,168	\$ -
Differences between expected and actual experience	283,459	(21,962)
Changes in assumptions	194,612	(68,988)
Change in employer's proportion	243,195	-
Differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions	-	(186,855)
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	 -	 (71,353)
Total	\$ 3,825,434	\$ (349,158)

10) DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – Continued

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - Continued

\$618,033 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	 Amount
2022	\$ 66,442
2023	79,065
2024	60,043
2025	26,655
2026	-
Thereafter	-

\$3,104,168 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	 Amount
2021	\$ 332,681
2022	(12,597)
2023	37,606
2024	14,418
2025	-
Thereafter	-

10) DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - Continued

Actuarial Assumptions

For the measurement periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the total pension liabilities were determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2019 and 2018 total pension liabilities determined in the June 30, 2019 and 2020 actuarial accounting valuation. The June 30, 2020 and 2019 total pension liabilities, was based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Valuation Dates Measurement Dates	June 30, 2019 and 2018 June 30, 2020 and 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.5% (2020) and 2.5% (2019)
Salary Increase	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Mortality Rate Table*	Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds
Post Retirement Benefit	Contract COLA up to 2.50% until Purchasing Power
	Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power
	applies, 2.50% thereafter

* The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' special data. The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2015. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 15 years of projected mortality improvement using 90% of Scale MP-2016 published by the Society of Actuaries. For more details on this table, please refer to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions report from December 2017 that can be found on the CalPERS website.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 and 2018 valuations were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2015, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. The Experience Study report can be obtained at the CalPERS website under Forms and Publications.

10) DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - Continued

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability at June 30, 2020 and 2019 measurement dates was 7.15% for the Plan. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. The tests revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the 7.15% discount rate is appropriate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not deemed necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.15% is applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB 68 Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained from the CalPERS website.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

10) DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - Continued

Long-term Expected Rate of Return - Continued

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation.

2021

Asset Class ^(a)	New Strategic Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10 ^(b)	Real Return Years 11+ ^(c)
Global Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	-	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Assets	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%		-0.92%
Total	100%		

^(a) In the System's CAFR, fixed income is included in Global Debt Securities; liquidity is included in Short-term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities

^(b) An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period.

^(c) An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

10) DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - Continued

Long-term Expected Rate of Return - Continued

2020

Asset Class ^(a)	New Strategic Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10 ^(b)	Real Return Years 11+ ^(c)
Global Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Global Fixed Income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	-	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Assets	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%		-0.92%
Total	100%		

- ^(a) In the System's CAFR, fixed income is included in Global Debt Securities; liquidity is included in Short-term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities
- ^(b) An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period.
- ^(c) An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plans, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

10) DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - Continued

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Continued

	2021	2020
1% Decrease	6.15%	6.15%
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 4,736,649	\$ 6,696,816
Current Discount Rate	7.15%	7.15%
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 1,870,834	\$ 4,081,229
1% Increase	8.15%	8.15%
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ (497,099)	\$ 1,922,246

Pension Plans Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

C. Payable to the Pension Plans

At June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Authority had no outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plans required for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020.

Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

11) OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Plan Description and Benefits Offered

The Authority defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan, SAWPA Post Employment Healthcare Plan (SPHP), provides medical benefits to eligible retired Authority employees and spouses. The Authority's employees hired prior to July 1, 2005, who retire at age 58 or older with a minimum of ten years of service with the Authority are eligible for lifetime medical benefits. Benefits are also provided to spouses. Employees hired on or after July 1, 2005, are not eligible to receive employer subsidized post-employment medical benefits. The Authority contributes the entire premium cost up to a predetermined cap. The cap is defined as the Kaiser Family premium rate. The 2020 monthly cap per retiree is \$1,782. SHPHP is part the Public Agency portion of the California Employers' Retiree Trust Fund (CERBT), an agent multiple-employer plan administered by California Public Employees' Retirement System.

CalPERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public employers within the State of California. A menu of benefit provisions as well as other requirements is established by State statute within the Public Employees' Retirement Law. SPHP selects optional benefit provisions from the benefit menu by contract with CalPERS and adopts those benefits through Authority resolution. CalPERS issues a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). The CAFR is issued in aggregate and includes the sum of all CalPERS plans. Copies of the CalPERS CAFR may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, California 95814.

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the Authority are established and may be amended by the Commission. The Authority contributes the entire premium cost up to a predetermined cap. The 2021 calendar cap is \$1,782 per month. Employees hired on or after July 1, 2005, are not eligible to receive employer subsidized postemployment medical benefits.

11) OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - Continued

Employees Covered

As of the June 30 actuarial valuation, the following current and former employees were covered by the benefit terms under the Plan:

	2020	2019
Active employees	7	7
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	7	7
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving benefits	-	-
Total	14	14

Contributions

The annual contribution is based on the actuarially determined contribution. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Authority's cash contributions were \$54,138 and \$74,390, respectively in payments to the trust.

11) OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - Continued

Net OPEB Liability

The Authority's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2020, based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Assumptions	(Measurement Periods June 30, 2020 and 2019)				
Discount Rate	6.73%				
Inflation	2.26%				
Salary Increases	3.25% plus merit				
Investment Rate of Return	6.73%				
Mortality Rate ⁽¹⁾	Derived using CalPERS Membership Data for all funds				
Pre-Retirement Turnover ⁽²⁾	Derived using CalPERS Membership Data for all funds				
Healthcare Trend Rate	5.00% Medicare and 7.75% Non-Medicare				

Notes:

⁽¹⁾Pre-retirement mortality information was derived from data collected during 1997 to 2011 CalPERS Experience Study dated January 2014 and post-retirement mortality information was derived from the 2007 to 2011 CalPERS Experience Study. The Experience Study Reports may be accessed on the CalPERS website <u>www.calpers.ca.gov</u> under Forms and Publications.

⁽²⁾The pre-retirement turnover information was developed based on CalPERS specific data. For more details, please refer to the 2007 to 2011 Experience Study Report. The Experience Study Report may be accessed on the CalPERS website <u>www.calpers.ca.gov</u> under Forms and Publications.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage

11) OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - Continued

Net OPEB Liability - Continued

and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the OPEB plan's target asset are summarized in the following table for measurement periods June 30, 2020 and 2019:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
— .	10.00/	
Equity	43.0%	5.43%
Fixed Income	49.0%	1.63%
REITs	8.0%	5.06%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.73 percent for the measurement periods June 30, 2020 and 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that Authority contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees and beneficiaries. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projects benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

11) OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - Continued

Changes in the OPEB Liability

The changes in the net OPEB liability for the Plan are as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)						
	T	Cotal OPEB Liability (a)		an Fiduciary let Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) (c) = (a) - (b)		
Balance at June 30, 2020							
(Valuation Date June 30, 2019)	\$	2,034,880	\$	1,531,571	\$	503,309	
Changes Recognized for the Measurement Period:							
Service Cost		19,944		-		19,944	
Interest		135,129		-		135,129	
Differences between expected and actual							
experience		(4,080)		-		(4,080)	
Changes of Assumptions		-		-		-	
Contribution - Employer		-		169,930		(169,930)	
Net Investment Income		-		84,799		(84,799)	
Benefit Payments		(95,452)		(95,452)		-	
Administrative Expense		-		(759)		759	
Net Changes		55,541		158,518		(102,977)	
Balance at June 30, 2021							
(Measurement Date June 30, 2020)	\$	2,090,421	\$	1,690,089	\$	400,332	

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For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

11) OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - Continued

Changes in the OPEB Liability - Continued

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total OPEB Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Liab	Net OPEB bility/(Asset)) = (a) - (b)
Balance at June 30, 2019	~	1 0 0 0 1 1 0	_		.	
(Valuation Date June 30, 2018)	\$	1,903,413	\$	1,357,998	\$	545,415
Changes Recognized for the Measurement Period:						
Service Cost		28,540		-		28,540
Interest		127,527		-		127,527
Differences between expected and actual						
experience		298,861		-		298,861
Changes of Assumptions		(248,125)		-		(248,125)
Contribution - Employer		-		149,059		(149,059)
Net Investment Income		-		100,148		(100,148)
Benefit Payments		(75,336)		(75,336)		-
Administrative Expense		-		(298)		298
Net Changes		131,467		173,573		(42,106)
Balance at June 30, 2020						
(Measurement Date June 30, 2019)	\$	2,034,880	\$	1,531,571	\$	503,309

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Authority if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for measurement periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019:

	Decrease 5.73%)	Disc	Current count Rate 6.73%)	1% Increase (7.73%)	
2020 Net OPEB Liability	\$ 182,911	\$	400,332	\$ 661,145	
2019 Net OPEB Liability	\$ 291,662	\$	503,309	\$ 757,193	

11) OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - Continued

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Authority if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for measurement period ended June 30, 2020 and 2019:

	Decrease 4.00%)		nt Healthcare Cos Trend Rates (5.00%)	st	1% Increase (6.00%)		
2020 Net OPEB Liability	\$ 675,651	4	5 400,332		\$	172,243	
2019 Net OPEB Liability	\$ 771,304	\$	5 503,309		\$	281,284	

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

CERBT issues a publicly available financial report that may be obtained from the California Public Employees Retirement System Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, California 95814.

Recognition of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time.

11) OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - Continued

Recognition of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources - Continued

Amounts are first recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense.

The recognition period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss:

Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	5 years
All other amounts	Expected average remaining service lifetime (EARSL)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the Authority recognized OPEB expense of \$85,431. As of fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following services:

	01	Deferred utflows of esources	I	Deferred nflows of Resources
OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	54,138	\$	-
Changes in assumptions		-		153,814
Differences between expected and actual experience in the				
measurement of the total OPEB liability		220,891		5,287
Net differences between projected and actual earnings				
on OPEB plan investments		15,746		-
Total	\$	290,775	\$	159,101

11) OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - Continued

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB - Continued

The \$54,138 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the June 30, 2020 measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability during the subsequent fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Outflo	Deferred Dw/(Inflows) Resources
2022	\$	35,112
2023		31,953
2024		6,763
2025		3,708
2026		-
Thereafter		-

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the Authority recognized OPEB expense of \$84,424. As of fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following services:

	01	Deferred utflows of esources	I	Deferred nflows of Resources
OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	74,478	\$	-
Changes in assumptions		-		218,391
Differences between expected and actual experience in the				
measurement of the total OPEB liability		318,398		2,873
Net differences between projected and actual earnings				
on OPEB plan investments		-		1,120
Total	\$	392,876	\$	222,384

11) OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - Continued

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB - Continued

The \$74,478 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the June 30, 2019 measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Outflo	Deferred Dw/(Inflows) Resources
2021	\$	31,882
2022		31,880
2023		28,721
2024		3,531
2025		-
Thereafter		-

12) RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Authority purchases commercial insurance policies from independent third parties. Settled claims have been immaterial and have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past four years.

On February 22, 1986, the Authority became self-insured with respect to its comprehensive liability coverage for toxic waste handling as allowed under California Government Code, Section 990. Coverage includes occurrences and incidents resulting in liability to the Authority, its Commissioners, officers, employees and agents. There are no outstanding claims pending.

13) COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Grant Awards

Grant funds received by the Authority are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could require reimbursements to the grantor agencies for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grant. Management of the Authority believes that such disallowance, if any, would not be significant.

Litigation

In the ordinary course of operations, the Authority is subject to claims and litigation from outside parties. After consultation with legal counsel, the Authority believes the ultimate outcome of such matters, if any, will not materially affect its financial condition.

Other Commitments and Contingencies

The Authority is contractually obligated to pay a pro rata share of capital costs associated with the maintenance of the Santa Ana Regional Interceptor (SARI) Pipeline owned by Orange County Sanitation District. Within the SARI pipeline, the Authority's portion is referred to as the Inland Empire Brine Line. The percentage varies with each Reach of the SARI.

In addition, there is a capital project estimated at \$3 million for which the Authority could potentially be responsible for 76 percent of the related costs.

COVID-19 Pandemic

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the novel strain of coronavirus (COVID-19) a global pandemic and recommended containment and mitigation measures worldwide. The pandemic continued subsequent to year end with certain restrictions required by the Governor of California, as well as local governments, which may affect revenue sources and also caused subsequent stock market volatility. The duration of the pandemic and the impact of COVID-19 on the Authority's operational and financial performance is uncertain at this time.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last Ten Years* As of June 30, 2021 and 2020

Fiscal Year	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	1	portionate Share he Net Pension Liability	Со	vered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2015	0.03487%	\$	2,169,716	\$	2,294,398	94.57%	79.82%
2016	0.03274%	\$	2,247,501	\$	2,560,510	87.78%	78.40%
2017	0.03588%	\$	3,104,742	\$	2,795,885	111.05%	74.06%
2018	0.03755%	\$	3,724,430	\$	3,098,371	120.21%	73.31%
2019	0.0378.8%	\$	3,649,848	\$	3,065,932	119.05%	75.26%
2020	0.03983%	\$	4,081,229	\$	3,166,203	128.90%	77.73%
2021	0.01719%	\$	1,870,834	\$	3,277,860	57.07%	77.71%

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes:

There were no changes in benefits.

Changes in Assumptions:

For the 2020 and 2019 fiscal years, there were no changes. For the 2018 fiscal year, the accounting discount rate reduced from 7.65% to 7.15%. For the 2016 fiscal year, amounts reported reflect an adjustment to the discount rate of 7.5% (net of administrative expense) to 7.65% (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expense). In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 7.5% discount rate.

* Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only seven years are shown.

Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority Schedule of Contributions - Pension Last Ten Years* As of June 30, 2021 and 2020

			ntractually Required		ntributions in elation to the					
			ontribution		Actuarially					Contributions as a
	Fiscal	(<i>A</i>	Actuarially]	Determined		Contribution			Percentage of
_	Year	De	etermined)	(Contribution	Deficiency (Excess)		Сол	vered Payroll	Covered Payroll
_										
	2015	\$	273,547	\$	(273,547)	\$	-	\$	2,560,510	10.68%
	2016	\$	339,020	\$	(339,020)	\$	-	\$	2,795,885	12.13%
	2017	\$	388,896	\$	(388,896)	\$	-	\$	3,098,371	12.55%
	2018	\$	422,430	\$	(422,430)	\$	-	\$	3,065,932	13.78%
	2019	\$	485,329	\$	(485,329)	\$	-	\$	3,166,203	15.33%
	2020	\$	552,495	\$	(3,104,168)	\$	(2,551,673)	\$	3,277,860	94.70%
	2021	\$	618,033	\$	(618,033)	\$	-	\$	3,244,053	19.05%
					-					

Notes to Schedule:

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age**						
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Payroll, Closed**						
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value***						
Inflation	2.5%**						
Salary Increases	Depending on Age, Service, and Type of Employment**						
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%, Net of Pension Plan Investment, Including Inflation**						
Retirement Age	50 for All Plans with the Exception of 52 for Miscellaneous						
	PEPRA 2% at 62**						
Mortality	Mortality Assumptions are Based on Mortality Rates Resulting						
	from the Most Recent CalPERS Experience Study Adopted by						
	the CalPERS Board**						

* Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only evens years are shown.

- ** The valuation for June 30, 2012 and 2013 (applicable to fiscal years ended July 30, 2015 and 2016, respectively) included the same actuarial assumptions.
- *** The valuation for June 30, 2012 (applicable to fiscal year ended June 30, 2015) valued assets using a 15-year Smoothed Market Method. The market value asset valuation method was utilized for the June 30, 2013 and 2014 valuations (applicable to fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and 2017, respectively).

Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios for Measurement Periods Ended June 30,

Measurement Period		2020	2019		
Total OPEB Liability					
Service Cost	\$	19,944	\$	28,540	
Interest on the Total OPEB Liability		135,129		127,527	
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience		(4,080)		298,861	
Changes in Assumptions		-		(248,125)	
Changes in Benefit Terms		-		-	
Benefit Payments		(95,452)		(75,336)	
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		55,541		131,467	
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		2,034,880		1,903,413	
Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)	\$	2,090,421	\$	2,034,880	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position					
Contribution - Employer	\$	169,930	\$	149,059	
Net Investment Income		84,799		100,148	
Benefit Payments		(95,452)		(75,336)	
Administrative Expense		(759)		(298)	
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		158,518		173,573	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		1,531,571		1,357,998	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	1,690,089	\$	1,531,571	
Net OPEB Liability - Ending (a)-(b)	\$	400,332	\$	503,309	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		80%		75%	
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	1,379,767	\$	1,336,336	
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	Ŧ	29%	Ŧ	38%	

Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority Schedule of Contributions - OPEB Last Ten Fiscal Years'

				Con	tributions in						
		A	ctuarially	Re	lation to the				Contributions as a		
		De	etermined	A	Actuarially			Covered	Percentage of		
	Fiscal	al Contribution		Determined		Contribution		Employee	Covered		
	Year		(ADC)	Co	ontribution	Defi	ciency (Excess)	Payroll	Employee Payroll		
_											
	2018	\$	65,813	\$	(121,424)	\$	(55,611)	\$ 1,238,555	9.8%		
	2019	\$	72,317	\$	(129,352)	\$	(57,035)	\$ 1,336,336	9.7%		
	2020	\$	73,723	\$	(149,059)	\$	(75,336)	\$ 1,379,767	10.8%		
	2021	\$	60,264	\$	(169,930)	\$	(109,666)	\$ 1,182,249	14.4%		

Notes to Schedule:

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Years 2021 and 2020 were from the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation, respectively.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal							
Amortization Method/Period	Level percent of payroll over a closed rolling 15-year period							
Asset Valuation Method	Market value							
Inflation	2.25%							
Payroll Growth	3.25% plus merit							
Investment Rate of Return	6.73% per annum							
Healthcare Cost-trend Rates	5.00% Medicare and 7.75% Non-Medicare							
Retirement Age	The probabilities of Retirement are based on the 2014 CalPERS							
	Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2011.							
Mortality	Pre-retirement mortality probability based on 2014 CalPERS							
	1997-2011 Experience Study covering CalPERS participants.							
	Post-retirement mortality probability based on CalPERS							
	Experience Study 2007-2011 covering participants in CalPERS.							

Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable.

Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

Contributions are determined by an actuarial valuation based on an eligible participants estimated benefits.

Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority Schedule of Contributions – OPEB - Continued Last Ten Fiscal Years'

Measurement Period		2018	2017	
Total OPEB Liability				
Service Cost	\$	27,181	\$	26,828
Interest on the Total OPEB Liability		122,126		108,355
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience		(4,383)		22,281
Changes in Assumptions		-		103,114
Changes in Benefit Terms		-		-
Benefit Payments		(57,035)		(55,611)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		87,889		204,967
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	_	1,815,524		1,610,557
Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)	\$	1,903,413	\$	1,815,524
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Contribution - Employer	\$	129,352	\$	121,424
Net Investment Income		73,974		79,164
Benefit Payments		(57,035)		(55,611)
Administrative Expense		(643)		(572)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		145,648		144,405
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		1,212,350		1,067,945
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	1,357,998	\$	1,212,350
Net OPEB Liability - Ending (a)-(b)	\$	545,415	\$	603,174
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		71%		66.78%
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	1,238,555	\$	1,156,128
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		44%		52.17%

Notes to Schedule:

Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable. Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available. Contributions are determined by an actuarial valuation based on eligible participants' estimated benefits. SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority Combining Schedule of Net Position Enterprise Funds June 30, 2021

	Capital Projects Activities	Internal Administration	Brine Line Enterprise	Totals
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,851,586	\$ 2,437,753	\$ 42,732,474	\$ 48,021,813
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted	914,369	-	-	914,369
Investments	-	-	8,343,191	8,343,191
Interest Receivable	3,549	4,396	29,896	37,841
Accounts Receivable	-	474	2,181,284	2,181,758
Accounts Receivable - Grants	12,524,408	390,948	-	12,915,356
Accounts Receivable - Other	12,069	-	-	12,069
Prepaid Items and Other Assets	-	178,849	167,637	346,486
Mitigation Credits	1,910,560	-	-	1,910,560
Due from Other Funds	-	10,538	-	10,538
Total Current Assets	18,216,541	3,022,958	53,454,482	74,693,981
Non-current Assets:				
Capital Assets:				
Not Being Depreciated	389,474	445,436	320,008	1,154,918
Being Depreciated, Net of Accumulated				
Depreciation and Amortization		1,016,095	100,044,000	101,060,095
Total Non-current Assets	389,474	1,461,531	100,364,008	102,215,013
Total Assets	18,606,015	4,484,489	153,818,490	176,908,994
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Amounts from Pension Plans	-	2,529,244	-	2,529,244
Deferred Amounts from OPEB Plan		290,775		290,775
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$-	\$ 2,820,019	\$-	\$ 2,820,019

Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority Combining Schedule of Net Position - Continued Enterprise Funds June 30, 2021

	Capital Projects Activities	Internal Administration	Brine Line Enterprise	Totals
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$ 12,369,212	\$ 45,047	\$ 674,305	\$ 13,088,564
Accrued Salaries and Wages	-	171,325	-	171,325
Accrued Interest Payable	19	-	221,832	221,851
Due to Other Funds	10,538	-	-	10,538
Long-term Liabilities - Due Within One Year:				
Compensated Absences	-	192,277	-	192,277
Loans Payable			2,043,480	2,043,480
Total Current Liabilities	12,379,769	408,649	2,939,617	15,728,035
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Unearned Revenue	-	-	62,687,568	62,687,568
Long-term Liabilities - Due in More Than One	Year:			
Compensated Absences	-	448,646	-	448,646
Loans Payable	-		23,428,489	23,428,489
Net Pension Liability	-	1,870,834	-	1,870,834
Net OPEB Liability		400,332		400,332
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		2,719,812	86,116,057	88,835,869
Total Liabilities	12,379,769	3,128,461	89,055,674	104,563,904
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Amount from Pension Plans	-	1,679,006	-	1,679,006
Deferred Amount from OPEB Plan		159,101		159,101
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,838,107		1,838,107
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	389,474	1,461,531	74,892,039	76,743,044
Restricted for:				
SRF Reach IVA & IVB Reserve Requirement	-	-	1,050,000	1,050,000
Mitigation	1,910,560	-	-	1,910,560
Unrestricted	3,926,212	876,409	(11,179,223)	(6,376,602)
Total Net Position	\$ 6,226,246	<u>\$ 2,337,940</u>	\$ 64,762,816	\$ 73,327,002

Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Enterprise Funds

For the Year I	Ended June	30, 2021
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	Capital Projects Internal Activities Administration		Brine Line Enterprise	Totals	
OPERATING REVENUES Wastewater Treatment and Disposal Wastewater Treatment and Disposal -	\$-	\$-	\$ 12,476,856	\$ 12,476,856	
Capacity Rights Other	- 201,354	- 3,832	2,510,154	2,510,154 205,186	
Total Operating Revenues	201,354	3,832	14,987,010	15,192,196	
OPERATING EXPENSES Wastewater Treatment and Disposal General and Administrative and Overhead Studies and Planning Costs	- - 5,020,667	- 770,621 -	7,093,161 - -	7,093,161 770,621 5,020,667	
Total Operating Expenses	5,020,667	770,621	7,093,161	12,884,449	
Operating Income (Loss) Before Depreciation and Amortization	(4,819,313)	(766,789)	7,893,849	2,307,747	
Depreciation Amortization	-	(134,522)	(3,659,997) (1,556,010)	(3,794,519) (1,556,010)	
Operating Income (Loss)	(4,819,313)	(901,311)	2,677,842	(3,042,782)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Member Contributions Intergovernmental Investment Earnings Interest Expense Grant Program Expenses	1,313,292 14,412,034 20,394 - (12,847,457)	680,340 353,664 21,707 - (353,667)	- - 30,937 (586,566) -	1,993,632 14,765,698 73,038 (586,566) (13,201,124)	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	2,898,263	702,044	(555,629)	3,044,678	
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	(1,921,050)	(199,267)	2,122,213	1,896	
TRANSFERS	2,911,332		(2,911,332)		
Changes in Net Position	990,282	(199,267)	(789,119)	1,896	
Net Position - Beginning of Year	5,235,964	2,537,207	65,551,935	73,325,106	
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 6,226,246	\$ 2,337,940	\$ 64,762,816	\$ 73,327,002	

Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority Combining Schedule of Net Position Capital Projects Activities June 30, 2021

	Brine Line Protection Project	Basin Planning	Watershed Management Plan	
ASSETS Current Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted Interest Receivable Accounts Receivable - Grants Accounts Receivable - Other Mitigation Credits	\$ - - - - - -	\$ 198,992 - 280 - - -	\$ 392,280 - 588 - - -	
Total Current Assets		199,272	392,868	
Noncurrent Assets: Capital Assets: Not Being Depreciated Total Noncurrent Assets Total Assets				
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable Accrued Interest Payable Due to Other Funds Total Liabilities	- - - -	715	12,856 	
NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for Mitigation Unrestricted Total Net Position	- - - \$ -	<u>-</u> <u>198,557</u> \$ 198,557		
	Ψ	÷ 170,007	<i>φ</i> 000,012	

Basin itoring Prg. ask Force	a Ana River Fish nservation	<u> </u>	MSAR TMDL ask Force	RWQ onitoring ask Force	Arundo nt. & Habitat estoration
\$ 285,225 - 395 -	\$ 108,010 - 142 -	\$	296,179 - 398 -	\$ 323,458 - 466 -	\$ 914,369 1,183 -
 -	-		-	 -	 1,910,560
 285,620	 108,152		296,577	 323,924	 2,826,112
 <u> </u>	 		<u> </u>	 <u>-</u>	 <u> </u>
 <u> </u>	 <u> </u>		<u> </u>	 	 <u> </u>
 285,620	 108,152		296,577	 323,924	 2,826,112
9,848 - -	1,200 - -		1,458 - -	 93,346 - -	 3,776 - -
 9,848	 1,200		1,458	 93,346	 3,776
- - 275,772	- - 106,952		- - 295,119	- - 230,578	- 1,910,560 911,776
\$ 275,772	\$ 106,952	\$	295,119	\$ 230,578	\$ 2,822,336

Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority Combining Schedule of Net Position - Continued Capital Projects Activities

June 30, 2021

	Emerging Constituents Task Force	Lake Elsinore Management	Reach IV-D Corrosion Repair	
ASSETS Current Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted Interest Receivable Accounts Receivable - Grants Accounts Receivable - Other Mitigation Credits	\$ 69,284 - 97 - -	\$ - - 12,069	\$ - - - - - -	
Total Current Assets	69,381	12,069		
Noncurrent Assets: Capital Assets: Not Being Depreciated Total Noncurrent Assets Total Assets	<u>-</u>		<u>389,474</u> <u>389,474</u> <u>389,474</u>	
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable Accrued Interest Payable Due to Other Funds Total Current Liabilities	3,846 	180 19 10,538 10,737	- - - -	
NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for Mitigation Unrestricted Total Net Position	- 65,535 \$ 65,535	1,332 \$ 1,332	389,474 - - \$ 389,474	

Prop 1 DACI Grant	Prop 84 Prop 1 Grant Projects Grant Projects		Totals
\$ (120,752)	\$ 1,076,487	\$ 222,423	\$ 2,851,586
-	-	-	914,369 3,549
1,059,971 -	8,876,469 -	2,587,968 -	12,524,408 12,069
			1,910,560
939,219	9,952,956	2,810,391	18,216,541
			389,474
			389,474
939,219	9,952,956	2,810,391	18,606,015
939,598	8,770,892	2,531,497	12,369,212
-	-	-	19 10,538
020 500	0.770.002	2 5 2 1 4 0 7	
939,598	8,770,892	2,531,497	12,379,769
-	-	-	389,474 1,910,560
(379)	1,182,064	278,894	3,926,212
\$ (379)	\$ 1,182,064	\$ 278,894	\$ 6,226,246

Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Capital Projects Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Brine Line Protection Project	Basin Planning	Watershed Management Plan	
OPERATING REVENUES Other	\$	\$ -	\$	
Total Operating Revenues				
OPERATING EXPENSES Studies and Planning Costs	2,911,332	443,680	387,379	
Total Operating Expenses Operating Loss	2,911,332 (2,911,332)	<u> 443,680</u> (443,680)	<u> </u>	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Member Contributions Intergovernmental Investment Earnings Grant Program Expenses	- - - -	380,000 - 2,354 -	450,000 73,074 3,596	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		382,354	526,670	
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	(2,911,332)	(61,326)	139,291	
TRANSFERS	2,911,332			
Changes in Net Position	-	(61,326)	139,291	
Net Position - Beginning of Year		259,883	240,721	
Net Position - End of Year	\$-	\$ 198,557	\$ 380,012	

Basin Monitoring Prg. Task Force	Santa Ana River Fish Conservation	MSAR TMDL Task Force	RWQ Monitoring Task Force	Arundo Mgmt. & Habitat Restoration
\$ -	\$	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>
173,148	50,593	76,265	461,288	56,365
173,148	50,593	76,265	461,288	56,365
(173,148)	(50,593)	(76,265)	(461,288)	(56,365)
320,051 2,191	10,000 19,000 758	351,200 1,881	- 308,573 2,906 -	- - 6,246 -
322,242	29,758	353,081	311,479	6,246
149,094	(20,835)	276,816	(149,809)	(50,119)
<u>-</u>		(133,000)	133,000	<u> </u>
149,094	(20,835)	143,816	(16,809)	(50,119)
126,678	127,787	151,303	247,387	2,872,455
\$ 275,772	\$ 106,952	\$ 295,119	\$ 230,578	\$ 2,822,336

Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Continued Capital Projects Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Emerging Constituents Task Force	Lake Elsinore Management	Reach IV-D Corrosion Repair
OPERATING REVENUES Other	\$	\$ 201,354	<u> </u>
Total Operating Revenues		201,354	
OPERATING EXPENSES Studies and Planning Costs	65,173	211,354	<u>-</u>
Total Operating Expenses	65,173	211,354	
Operating Loss	(65,173)	(10,000)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Member Contributions Intergovernmental Investment Earnings Grant Program Expenses	- 116,415 462 -	10,000 - - -	- - - -
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	116,877	10,000	
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	51,704	-	-
TRANSFERS			<u> </u>
Changes in Net Position	51,704	-	-
Net Position - Beginning of Year	13,831	1,332	389,474
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 65,535	\$ 1,332	\$ 389,474

Prop 1 DACI Grant	Prop 84 Prop 1 Grant Projects Grant Projects		Totals
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 201,354
			201,354
184,090			5,020,667
184,090	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	5,020,667
(184,090)			(4,819,313)
-	463,292	-	1,313,292
2,068,437	8,338,422	2,816,862	14,412,034 20,394
(1,884,741)	(8,424,748)	(2,537,968)	(12,847,457)
183,696	376,966	278,894	2,898,263
(394)	376,966	278,894	(1,921,050)
			2,911,332
(394)	376,966	278,894	990,282
15	805,098		5,235,964
\$ (379)	\$ 1,182,064	\$ 278,894	\$ 6,226,246



Statistical Section

Statistical Section

This part of the Authority's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Authority's overall financial health.

Contents

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Authority's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the Authority's ability to generate revenues.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Authority's current levels of outstanding debt and the Authority's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Authority's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other agencies.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Authority's financial report relates to the service the Authority provides.

Table I – Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$76,743,044	\$79,825,079	\$82,216,012	\$85,226,499	\$90,622,870	\$84,798,833	\$82,709,425	\$80,456,568	\$81,274,020	\$80,560,654
Restricted	2,960,560	2,960,560	2,960,560	2,960,560	3,921,155	3,923,403	3,969,074	4,167,861	4,232,102	4,263,626
Unrestricted	(6,376,602)	(9,460,533)	(13,617,096)	(19,510,100)	(24,155,787)	(21,554,491)	(21,643,941)	(20,734,190)	(17,845,678)	(17,765,116)
Total Net Position	\$73,327,002	\$73,325,106	\$71,559,476	\$68,676,959	\$70,388,238	\$67,167,745	\$65,034,558	\$63,890,239	\$67,660,444	\$67,059,164

Table II – Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Operating Revenue (1)	Operating Expense (2)	Operating Income/(Loss)	Total Non Operating Revenue/ (Expense)	Income/(Loss) Before Capital Contributions	Special Items (3)	Change in Net Position
2021	\$15,192,196	\$18,234,978	(\$3,042,782)	\$3,044,678	\$1,896	\$0	\$1,896
2020	14,251,066	17,229,736	(2,978,670)	4,744,300	1,765,630	0	1,765,630
2019	15,050,312	17,097,853	(2,047,541)	4,930,058	2,882,517	0	2,882,517
2018	13,665,500	19,212,739	(5,547,239)	4,763,383	(783,856)	(927,423)	(1,711,279)
2017	13,997,461	14,881,490	(884,029)	4,104,522	3,220,493	0	3,220,493
2016	12,049,027	12,762,714	(713,687)	2,846,874	2,133,187	0	2,133,187
2015	11,731,196	13,057,424	(1,326,228)	2,470,547	1,144,319	0	1,144,319
2014	11,243,430	14,527,075	(3,283,645)	2,219,169	(1,064,476)	(2,705,729)	(3,770,205)
2013	11,900,861	14,312,673	(2,411,812)	3,013,092	601,280	0	601,280
2012	12,739,489	14,859,529	(2,120,040)	3,394,668	1,274,628	0	1,274,628

(1) See Table III for details of revenues.

(2) See Table IV for details of expenses.

(3) Reduction of net position from implementation of GASB 68 and GASB 75.

Table III – Revenues by Source (Excluding Capital Contributions and Special Items) Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Operating Re	venues			NonOperatir	ng Revenues		
Fiscal Year	WWT & Disposal	WWT & Disposal Capacity Rights	Other Operating	Total Operating Revenue	Member Contributions	Inter Governmental	Investment Income	Gain on Disposal of Asset	Total Non Operating Income	Combined Revenue
2021*	\$12,476,856	\$2,510,154	\$205,186	\$15,192,196	\$1,993,632	\$14,765,698	\$73,038	\$0	\$16,832,368	\$32,024,564
2020*	11,547,220	2,510,154	193,692	14,251,066	2,105,955	9,466,587	1,496,354	0	13,068,896	27,319,962
2019*	12,334,346	2,510,154	205,812	15,050,312	1,909,415	29,011,794	1,660,061	0	32,581,270	47,631,582
2018	10,935,848	2,510,154	219,498	13,665,500	2,303,325	3,413,408	326,487	0	6,043,220	19,708,720
2017	11,273,024	2,519,533	204,904	13,997,461	2,307,624	4,795,478	193,157	0	7,296,259	21,293,720
2016	9,323,505	2,519,748	205,774	12,049,027	1,730,491	2,765,270	567,709	1,123	5,064,593	17,113,620
2015	8,958,914	2,510,154	262,128	11,731,196	1,806,745	1,257,581	432,179	1,123	3,497,628	15,228,824
2014	8,575,085	2,510,154	158,191	11,243,430	1,771,587	843,283	457,867	13,021	3,085,758	14,329,188
2013	9,170,287	2,510,154	220,420	11,900,861	1,829,845	1,432,832	343,591	0	3,606,268	15,507,129
2012	10,053,123	2,481,109	205,257	12,739,489	1,697,194	2,563,956	1,058,984	2,223	5,322,357	18,061,846

*GASB No. 84 implemented in FYE 2021. FYE 2020 and 2019 were restated, however, prior years were not restated as the information was not readily available.

Table IV – Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

		0	perating Expen	ses				
Fiscal Year	WWT & Disposal	General & Admin	Studies & Planning Costs	Depreciation	Amortization of WWT Rights	Total Operating Expenses	Total Non Operating Expenses	Combined Expenses
2021*	\$7,093,161	\$770,621	\$5,020,667	\$3,794,519	\$1,556,010	\$18,234,978	\$13,787,690	\$32,022,668
2020*	6,682,965	989,568	4,396,714	3,759,571	1,400,918	17,229,736	8,324,596	25,554,332
2019*	6,545,654	1,326,428	4,082,052	3,742,801	1,400,918	17,097,853	8,423,326	25,521,179
2018	5,841,074	1,429,043	7,186,572	3,355,132	1,400,918	19,212,739	1,279,837	20,492,576
2017	6,421,150	591,686	3,293,487	3,174,253	1,400,914	14,881,490	3,191,737	18,073,227
2016	6,434,652	270,613	1,485,977	3,170,554	1,400,918	12,762,714	2,217,719	14,980,433
2015	6,222,868	678,992	1,604,703	3,149,943	1,400,918	13,057,424	1,027,081	14,084,505
2014	6,864,435	487,308	2,636,556	3,137,858	1,400,918	14,527,075	866,589	15,393,664
2013	6,686,530	588,883	2,501,681	3,134,661	1,400,918	14,312,673	593,176	14,905,849
2012	7,356,155	1,125,143	2,244,658	2,732,655	1,400,918	14,859,529	1,927,689	16,787,218

*GASB No. 84 implemented in FYE 2021. FYE 2020 and 2019 were restated, however, prior years were not restated as the information was not readily available.

Chart I - Combined Expenses and Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

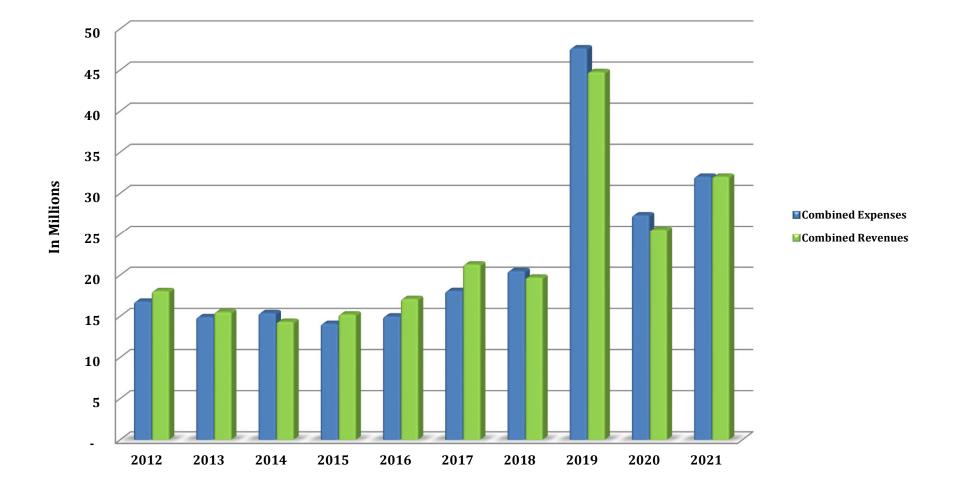


Table V - Wastewater Discharge by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

Discharge Type	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Industrial *	187.3816	181.3119	146.2297	142.6609	182.3629	176.0173	149.1266	149.7733	153.7463	235.2575
Domestic *	372.6175	345.2252	365.5703	571.6977	605.6648	539.1186	686.9780	817.2502	854.2526	1,027.1307
Power Plant *	159.5573	174.6108	182.3315	168.1869	211.0939	203.7717	255.9079	238.1875	285.4555	362.7061
Water Supply/Desalter *	3,206.6906	3,286.5031	2,977.7296	2,862.8002	2,832.6086	2,789.4969	2,894.5452	2,698.2170	2,728.7335	2,657.6589
Temp/Emergency *	2.4556	5.4886	13.8265	0.0000	12.9104	4.7210	6.9285	10.6266	7.9366	5.0106
Truck Discharge *	40.6385	31.8486	32.1043	36.2431	29.9249	34.3066	27.2869	23.3557	30.6147	42.3407
Total	3,969.3411	4,024.9882	3,717.7919	3,781.5888	3,874.5655	3,747.4321	4,020.7731	3,937.4103	4,060.7392	4,330.1045

* MGD = million gallons per day

Table VI - Summary of Wastewater Treatment Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Flow per MGD*	BOD Charge (1,000 lbs)	TSS Charge (1,000 lbs)	Minimum Flow Charge	Monthly Fixed Pipeline Charge	Monthly Fixed Treatment Charge	Truck – Non- Brine (per gallon)	Truck – Tier 1 (per gallon)	Truck – Tier 2 (per gallon)	Truck – Tier 3 (per gallon)	Truck – Brine (per gallon)
2021 (a)	\$1,018	\$329	\$460	\$150	\$6,654	\$13,505	(c)	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$0.016
2021 (b)	979	316	442	150	6,398	12,985	(d)	n/a	n/a	n/a	0.015
2020	979	316	442	150	6,398	12,985	(e)	n/a	n/a	n/a	0.015
2019	946	307	429	150	6,217	12,607	(e)	n/a	n/a	n/a	0.015
2018	901	307	429	150	5,921	12,007	(f)	0.017	0.035	(g)	0.012
2017	858	307	429	150	5,639	11,433	(f)	0.016	0.033	(h)	0.011
2016	817	301	420	150	5,370	10,888	(f)	0.015	0.032	(i)	0.010
2015	777	295	411	150	5,114	10,369	(f)	0.015	0.031	(j)	0.010
2014	736	266	395	150	4,870	9,875	(f)	0.015	0.031	(k)	0.010
2013	794	253	376	150	4,083	8,749	(f)	0.015	0.030	(l)	0.010
2012	830	225	335	150	3,430	7,868	(f)	0.014	0.029	(m)	0.010

* MGD – million gallons per day

(a) FYE 2021 rates from January 1, 2021 through June 30, 2021.

(b) FYE 2021 rates from July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020.

(c) FYE 2021 January 1, 2021 through June 30, 2021. - Non-brine truck rate dischargers will be charged based on actual BOD and TSS concentrations over 100 mg/l using the following components: \$0.016 per gallon, \$0.78/pound of BOD, and \$0.745/pound of TSS.

(d) FYE 2021 July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020. - Non-brine truck rate dischargers will be charged based on actual BOD and TSS concentrations over 100 mg/l using the following components: \$0.015 per gallon, \$0.75/pound of BOD, and \$0.716/pound of TSS.

(e) FYE 2019 and FYE 2020 - Non-brine truck rate dischargers will be charged based on actual BOD and TSS concentrations over 100 mg/l using the following components: \$0.015 per gallon, \$0.75/pound of BOD, and \$0.716/pound of TSS.

(f) Non-brine truck rate was divided into three tiers based on BOD and TSS Concentrations. Tier 1 = 100 to 999 mg/l, Tier 2 = 1,000 to 2,499 mg/l, and Tier 3 = 2,500 mg/l and higher.

(g) FYE 2018 - Tier 3 dischargers will be charged based on actual concentrations of the waste discharged using the following components: \$0.0029/gallon, \$0.729/pound of BOD, and \$0.695/pound of TSS.

(h) FYE 2017 - Tier 3 dischargers will be charged based on actual concentrations of the waste discharged using the following components: \$0.0027/gallon, \$0.695/pound of BOD, and \$0.662/pound of TSS.

(i) FYE 2016 – Tier 3 dischargers will be charged based on actual concentrations of the waste discharged using the following components: \$0.0026/gallon, \$0.694/pound of BOD, and \$0.661/pound of TSS.

- (j) FYE 2015 Tier 3 dischargers will be charged based on actual concentrations of the waste discharged using the following components: \$0.0026/gallon, \$0.687/pound of BOD, and \$0.652/pound of TSS.
- (k) FYE 2014 Tier 3 dischargers will be charged based on actual concentrations of the waste discharged using the following components: \$0.0026/gallon, \$0.658/pound of BOD, and \$0.636/pound of TSS.

(I) FYE 2013 - Tier 3 dischargers will be charged based on the actual concentration of the waste discharged using the following components: \$0.0026/gallon, \$0.645/pound of BOD, and \$0.617/pound of TSS.

(m) FYE 2012 - Tier 3 dischargers will be charged based on the actual concentration of the waste discharged using the following components: \$0.0026/gallon, \$0.617/pound of BOD, and \$0.576/pound of TSS.

Table VII - Principal Sewer Customers Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Prior

Fiscal Year 2020-21

Customer Name	Discharge in MG*	Percentage of Total Discharge
Chino Desalter I	850.1696	21.4%
Temescal Desalter	585.8477	14.8%
Perris Desalter	484.8872	12.2%
Chino Desalter II	427.6242	10.8%
Arlington Desalter	304.5522	7.7%
Menifee Desalter	286.1769	7.2%
JCSD – Etiwanda **	234.8184	5.9%
Mountainview Power Plant	149.9256	3.8%
Yucaipa Valley Water District	148.7821	3.7%
Chino Institute for Women	72.5578	1.8%
Total Principal Customers	3,545.3417	89.3%
Other Customers	423.9994	10.7%
Total Discharge	3,969.3411	100.0%

Fiscal Year 2011-12

Customer Name	Discharge in MG*	Percentage of Total Discharge
Chino Desalter I	732.2003	16.9%
Temescal Desalter	545.9105	12.6%
Chino Desalter II	454.3912	10.5%
JCSD – Etiwanda **	390.1714	9.0%
Arlington Desalter	342.7474	7.9%
Menifee Desalter	298.2344	6.9%
Perris Desalter	259.6961	6.0%
California Rehabilitation Center	232.2724	5.4%
Mountain View Power Plant	153.4345	3.5%
Inland Empire Energy Center	192.6846	4.4%
Total Principal Customers	3,601.7428	83.1%
Other Customers	728.3617	16.9%
Total Discharge	4,330.1045	100.00%

* MG – million gallons

** Jurupa Community Services District (JCSD) connections.

Table VIII - Debt Coverage Ratio Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Debt Se	ervice Requiren	nents	
Fiscal Year	Combined Expenses	SRF Loans **	Member Loans ***	Total Debt	Debt to Expense Ratio
2021*	\$32,022,668	\$2,835,753	\$-	\$2,835,753	8.86%
2020*	25,544,332	2,835,753	-	2,835,753	11.1%
2019*	44,749,065	2,835,753	-	2,835,753	6.3%
2018	20,492,576	2,704,270	356,250	3,060,520	14.9%
2017	18,073,226	2,704,475	356,250	3,060,725	16.9%
2016	14,980,433	3,618,242	356,250	3,974,492	26.5%
2015	14,084,505	4,152,560	356,250	4,508,810	32.0%
2014	15,393,664	4,222,260	356,250	4,578,510	29.7%
2013	14,905,849	4,179,190	356,250	4,535,440	30.4%
2012	16,787,218	4,179,191	356,250	4,535,441	27.0%

The Authority does not receive property tax. All revenues are collected through rates and fees or agency contributions.

The Authority does not have any outstanding Revenue Bonds. The only debt of the Authority is SRF and member agency loans.

Notes:

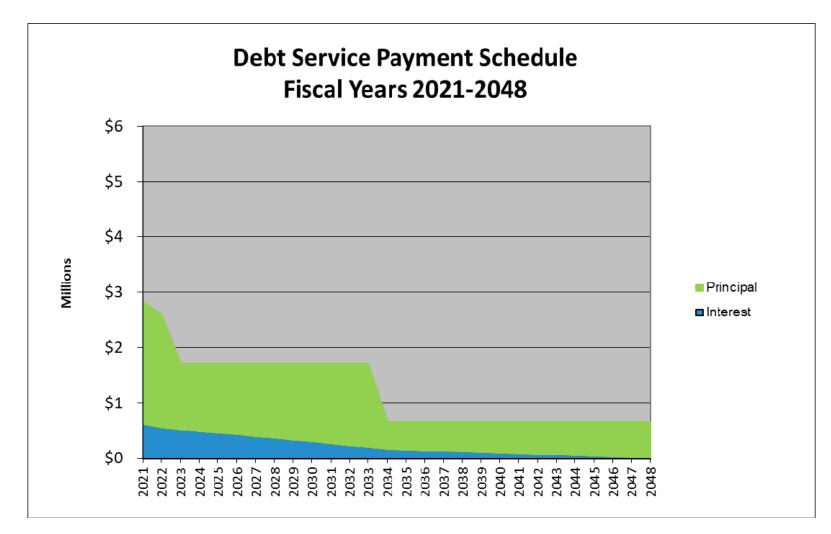
* GASB No. 84 implemented in FYE 2021. FYE 2020 and 2019 were restated, however, prior years were not restated as the information was not readily available. Combined Expenses includes Proposition 1 and 84 pass throughs for those years.

** State Revolving Fund (SRF) Loans for construction of the Brine Line.

*** Repurchase of Pipeline Capacity from Orange County Water District.

Fiscal Year	Interest	Principal	Total Payment	Remaining Principal
2021	620,782	2,214,971	2,835,753	25,471,969
2022	564,959	2,043,480	2,608,439	23,428,489
2023	514,301	1,195,175	1,709,476	22,233,314
2024	486,080	1,223,395	1,709,476	21,009,919
2025	457,181	1,252,295	1,709,476	19,757,624
2026	427,585	1,281,891	1,709,476	18,475,734
2027	397,276	1,312,199	1,709,476	17,163,534
2028	366,237	1,343,239	1,709,476	15,820,295
2029	334,449	1,375,027	1,709,476	14,445,268
2030	301,894	1,407,582	1,709,476	13,037,686
2031	268,553	1,440,923	1,709,476	11,596,763
2032	234,407	1,475,068	1,709,476	10,121,695
2033	199,437	1,510,039	1,709,476	8,611,656
2034	163,621	501,581	665,203	8,110,075
2035	154,091	511,111	665,203	7,598,964
2036	144,380	520,822	665,203	7,078,142
2037	134,485	530,718	665,203	6,547,424
2038	124,401	540,801	665,203	6,006,622
2039	114,126	551,077	665,203	5,455,546
2040	103,655	561,547	665,203	4,893,999
2041	92,986	572,217	665,203	4,321,782
2042	82,114	583,089	665,203	3,738,693
2043	71,035	594,167	665,203	3,144,526
2044	59,746	605,457	665,203	2,539,069
2045	48,242	616,960	665,203	1,922,109
2046	36,520	628,682	665,203	1,293,427
2047	24,575	640,627	665,203	652,799
2048	12,403	652,799	665,203	0

Table IX - Debt Service Payment Schedule Fiscal Years 2021- 2048

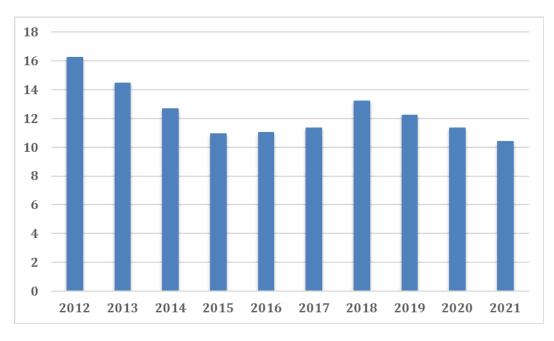


Source: Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority

Table X – Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	SRF Loans	Member Loans	Total Debt	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	Debt Per Capita (2)
2021	\$25,471,969	\$-	\$25,471,969	0.42%	\$10.38
2020	27,686,941	-	27,686,941	0.47%	11.34
2019	29,847,481	-	29,847,481	0.52%	12.23
2018	31,849,863	-	31,849,863	0.57%	13.18
2017	26,087,852	855,267	26,943,119	0.50%	11.30
2016	24,184,502	1,677,567	25,862,069	0.50%	11.02
2015	22,740,274	2,468,160	25,208,434	0.49%	10.92
2014	25,629,872	3,228,436	28,858,308	0.58%	12.66
2013	28,574,379	3,959,716	32,534,095	0.67%	14.43
2012	31,494,836	4,663,261	36,158,097	0.79%	16.23

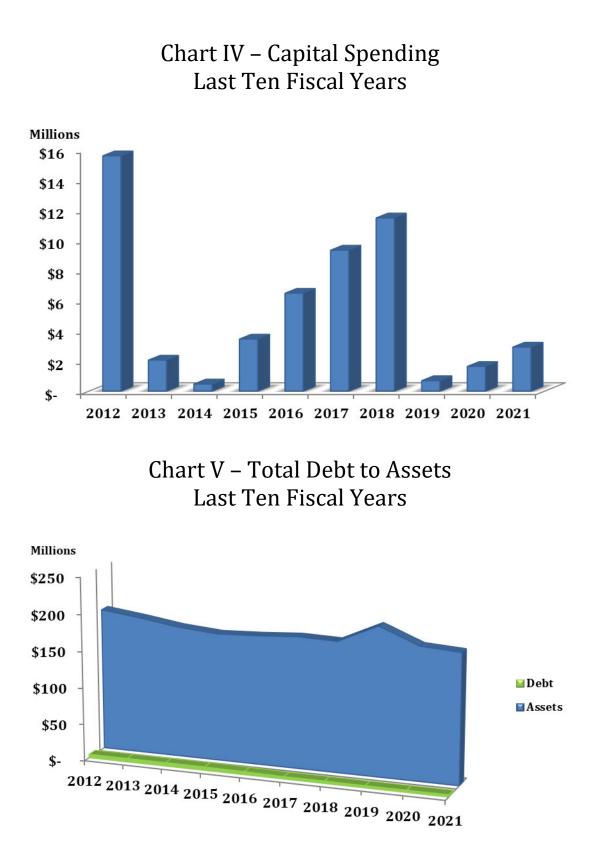
Chart III – Outstanding Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years



(1) Based upon Riverside County personal income amounts.

See the personal income amounts on the Demographics and Economic Statistics schedule. Amounts for prior years are updated with the most recent available information.

(2) Based upon approximate population of Riverside County. See the Demographics and Economic Statistics schedule for amounts.



Source: Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority

Table XI - Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

Fiscal Year	Population County (3)	Personal Income (1)	County Per Capita Personal Income	Unemployment County	Rate (June)4 State
2021	2,454,453	\$6,089,509,285	\$38,960 (2)	7.9%	8.0%
2020	2,442,304	5,905,881,400	37,907 (5)	14.8% (6)	15.1% (6)
2019	2,440,124	5,693,835,260	37,074 (5)	3.6%	4.1%
2018	2,415,955	5,547,654,496	36,149 (5)	4.8%	4.5%
2017	2,384,783	5,363,874,000	35,286 (5)	5.7%	4.7%
2016	2,347,828	5,203,504,800	34,506 (5)	6.7%	5.4%
2015	2,308,441	5,122,926,900	34,359 (5)	6.6%	6.3%
2014	2,279,967	4,994,193,600	33,836 (5)	8.4%	7.4%
2013	2,255,059	4,868,571,400	33,278 (5)	9.2%	8.5%
2012	2,227,577	4,602,590,000	31,742 (5)	11.8%	10.7%

(1) Projected personal income based on Riverside County Per Capita Personal Income.

(2) Projected based on a ten-year average.

(3) Source: January Revised Estimates, State Department of Finance.

(4) Source: CA Employment Development Department and US Dept. of Labor. County data as of June 2020.

(5) Source: County of Riverside Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

(6) Unemployment rate spiked during fiscal year 2020 due to the economic impact of COVID-19.

Table XII - Principal Employers Last Ten Fiscal Years

June 30, 2020 (1)			June 30, 2011 (2)					
Employer	No of Employees	% of Total Labor Force	Employer	No of Employees	% of Total Labor Force			
County of Riverside	21,672	2.1%	County of Riverside	17,669	2.0%			
Amazon	10,500	1.0%	March Air Reserve Base	8,500	0.9%			
University of California, Riverside	9,770	0.9%	Stater Brothers Markets	6,900	0.8%			
March Air Reserve Base	9,600	0.9%	University of California, Riverside	5,790	0.6%			
Stater Brothers Markets	8,304	0.8%	Corona-Norco Unified School District	4,790	0.5%			
Hemet Unified School District	7,046	0.7%	KSL Resorts	4,000	0.4%			
Kaiser Permanente	5,700	0.5%	Pechanga Resort & Casino	4,000	0.4%			
Pechanga Resort & Casino	5,078	0.5%	Riverside Unified School District	3,801	0.4%			
Walmart	4,931	0.5%	Hemet Unified School District	3,546	0.4%			
Total	82,601	7.9%	Total	58,996	6.4%			

Sources: (1) County of Riverside Economic Development Agency. Data presented is the most current available at the time of preparation of this report. (2) The Business Press 2011 Book of Lists.

Table XIII - Number of Employees Last Ten Fiscal Years

Department	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Executive Management	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Administrative Services	4	5	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	5
Engineering	5	5	3	3	9	8	8	8	6	5
Operations *	5	5	5	5	0	0	0	0	0	0
Finance/Accounting	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Water Resources & Planning	3	3	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3
Information Systems & Technology	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Total	25	25	26	26	26	25	24	24	22	21

*Engineering and Operations Department was split in FYE 2018

Notes: All managers are included with their divisions. Temporary and Interns are not included.

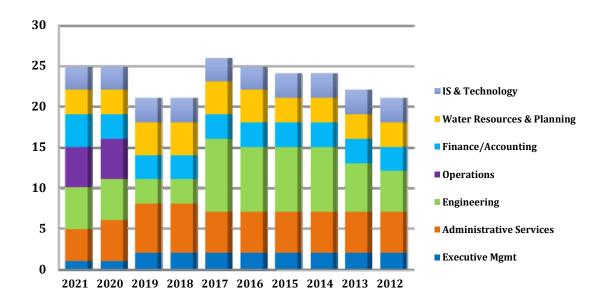


Chart VI – Total Employees Last Ten Fiscal Years

Source: Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority

Table XIV - Operating and Capital Indicators Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Total Meter Connections	43	43	40	41	51	48	48	50	50	50
Number of Air Release Valves	63	63	63	63	63	65	65	65	65	65
Miles of Sewer Lines	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73
Total Flows for Fiscal Years (MG)	3,969.34	4,024.99	3,717.79	3,781.59	3,874.56	3,747.43	4,020.77	3,937.41	4,060.74	4,330.10
Owned Treatment Capacity (MGs)	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17

Miscellaneous Statistics

Year of Formation:	1972
Governing Body:	5-Member Board of Commissioners (1 from each Member Agency elected Board of Directors)
Form of Government:	Joint Powers Authority
Staff:	25 full-time equivalent employees
Authority:	Section 6500 et. Seq. Government Code
Service:	Waste Disposal, Watershed Planning, Task Force Facilitation
Service Area (square miles):	2,840
Total Population Served:	Approximately 6 million

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Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority

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