Riverside County Stormwater Monitoring Program

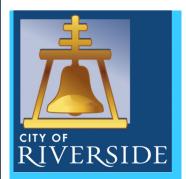
Magnolia Center Storm Drain Follow-up Investigation

Outcomes of a Collaborative Investigation

Middle Santa Ana River Watershed
TMDL Task Force Meeting
February 3, 2021

Mike Roberts & Abigail Suter
City of Riverside & Watershed Protection Division
Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District









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Overview

- Background 2019 TMDL Synoptic Study
- Special Investigation Purpose
- Study Design
- Monitoring Results
- Key Findings
- Conclusions & Next Steps



Background





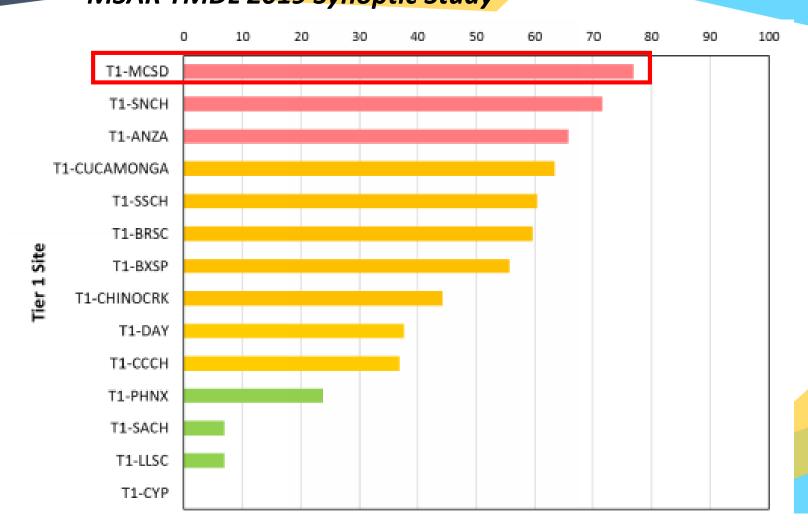
Background

MSAR TMDL 2019 Synoptic Study





Background MSAR TMDL 2019 Synoptic Study





Special Investigation Purpose





Purpose

To investigate the presence of human sources of bacteria in discharge from the Outfall (as identified in the Synoptic Study).

Study Questions

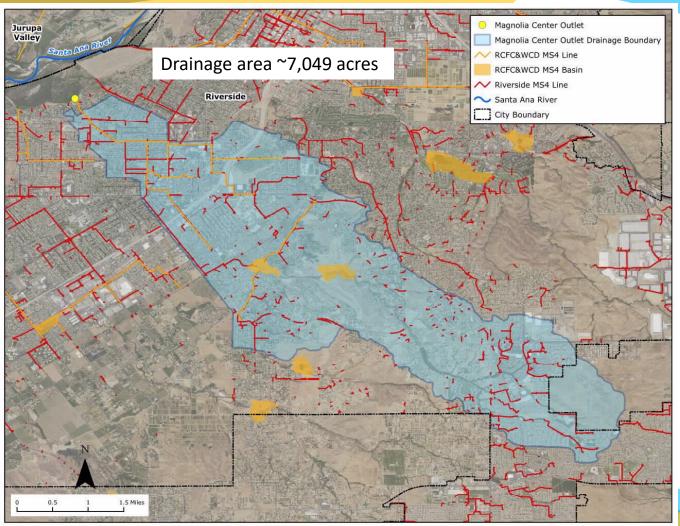
Within the Magnolia Center Storm Drain drainage area:

- 1. Where is dry weather flow present?
- 2. Where are the greatest concentrations of *E. coli* and greatest copies of the human DNA marker HF183?
- 3. Can we decrease the investigation area to focus on controllable human sources of fecal indicator bacteria?

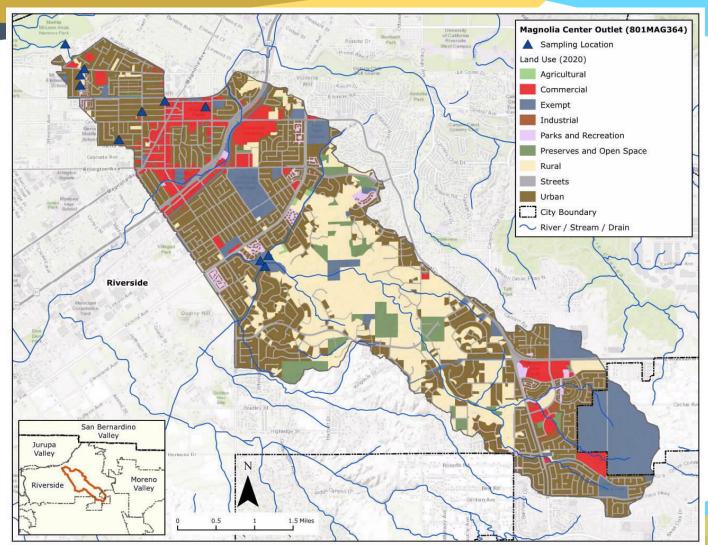




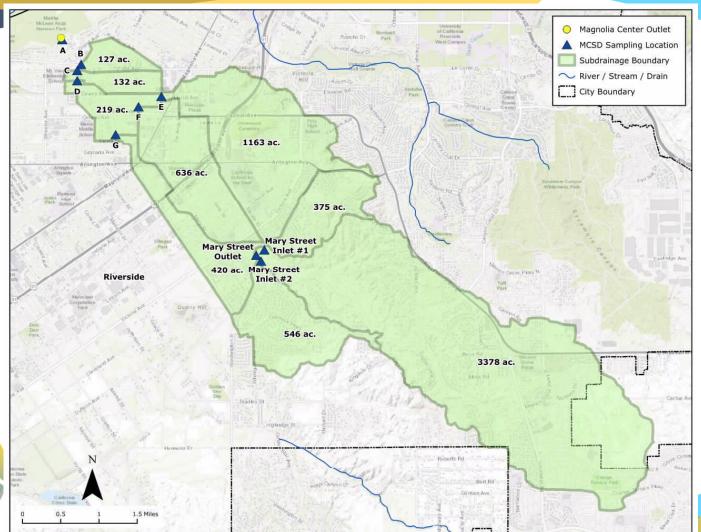






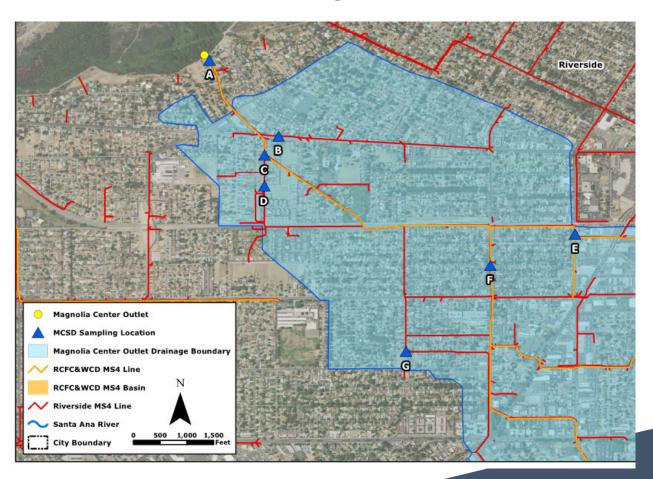








Underground MS4 Network





Mary Street Dam





Study Design Monitoring Locations and Analyses

Site Description	Site ID	Approx. Sub-drainage area (acres)
A. Magnolia Center Storm Drain	364a	NA ¹
B. Jurupa Ave. near Grapevine Way	364b	127
C. Correll St. near Jurupa Ave.	364c	132
D. Correll St. near Arborwood Ln.	364d	219
E. Brockton Ave. near Merrill Ave.	364e	1163
F. Palm Ave. near Beatty Dr.	364f	636
G. Arch Way near Orange Vista Way	364g	420
H. Riverside Plaza ²	364h	42
Mary St. Inlet 1	MI1	375
Mary St. Inlet 2	MI2	546
Mary St. Outlet	MO	3,378

Field Parameters

- pH
- Temperature
- Dissolved oxygen
- Conductivity
- Turbidity (District)

Laboratory Analysis

- E. coli
- HF 183
- MBAS
- Turbidity (City)



Study Design HF183 Analysis Decision Matrix

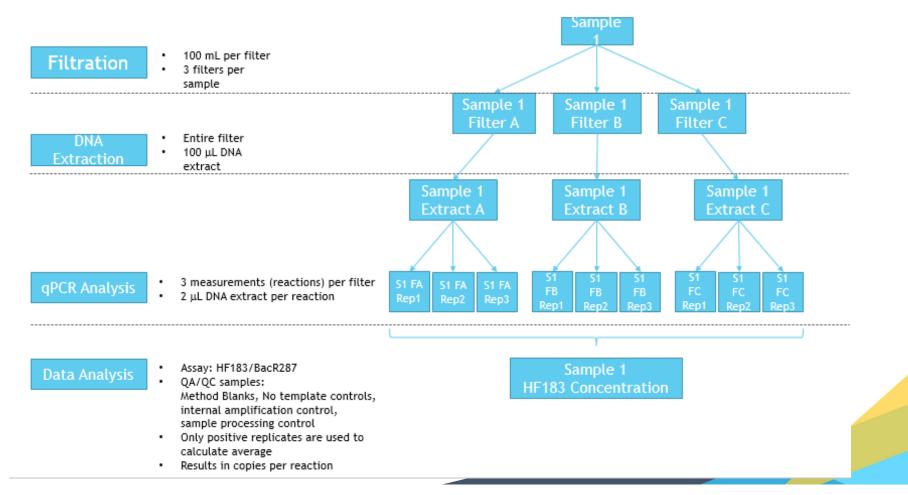
Weeks 1-3: HF183 collected and analyzed at all sites* Weeks 4-5 dependent on matrix

LIF102 Cianal

*Additional sites may be added during the study dictated by field conditions. These may be subject to a further modified approach dependent upon the study schedule.

		HF183 S		
		High	Low	Dry (No Flow)
Concentration	High	Human source identified and sub-drainage area will be further investigated. Week 4 & Week 5 - Samples will be collected, filtered and frozen, but not analyzed at this time.	Human source not identified. Week 4 & Week 5 - Samples will be collected and analyzed to confirm results and continue to look for intermittent or transitory sources.	Non-stormwater flows not observed. Week 4 & Week 5 - Sites will continue to be monitored to look for intermittent or transitory sources. Samples will be collected and analyzed if water observed.
E. Coli Co	WC	Human source identified and sub-drainage area will be further investigated. Week 4 & Week 5 - Samples will be collected and analyzed to confirm results and continue to look for intermittent or transitory sources.	Human source not identified. Week 4 & Week 5 - Samples will be collected, filtered and frozen, but not analyzed at this time.	Non-stormwater flows not observed. Week 4 & Week 5 - Sites will continue to be monitored to look for intermittent or transitory sources. Samples will be collected and analyzed if water observed.

Study Design EPA Method 1696 Flow Chart





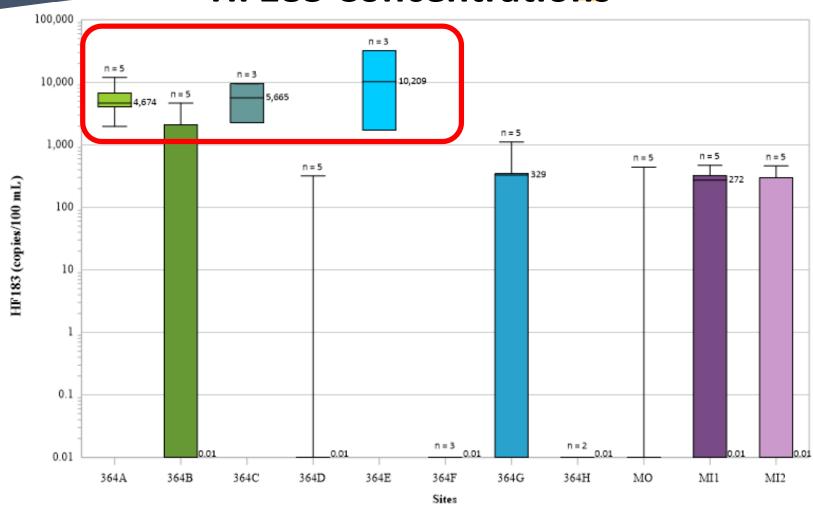
Site	Average Flow (cfs)	E. coli Geometric mean (MPN/100 mL)	E. coli Load (MPN/ day)	Average HF183 Concentration (copies/ 100 mL)	HF183 Load (copies/ day)
364A	1.052	2,269	5.84·10 ¹⁰	5,884	1.51·10 ¹¹
364B	0.055 ¹	1,656	2.22·10 ⁹	1,495	2·10 ⁹
364C	0.466 ¹	2,224	5.01·10 ¹⁰	5,816	1.31.1011
364D	0.0721	3,609	6.34·10 ⁹	280	4.92·108
364E	0.460	2,565	2.89·10 ¹⁰	14,678	1.65·1011
364F	0.176 ¹	72	3.10.108	264	1.14·10 ⁹
364G	0.512	2,895	3.63.1010	400	5.01·10 ⁹
364H	0.115	12,200	3.43·10 ¹⁰	401	1.13·10 ⁹
MI1	0.094	443	1.02·10 ⁹	324	7.46·10 ⁸
MI2	0.292	2,023	1.45·10 ¹⁰	323	2.31·10 ⁹
MO	0.280	432	2.95·108	299	2.05·10 ⁹



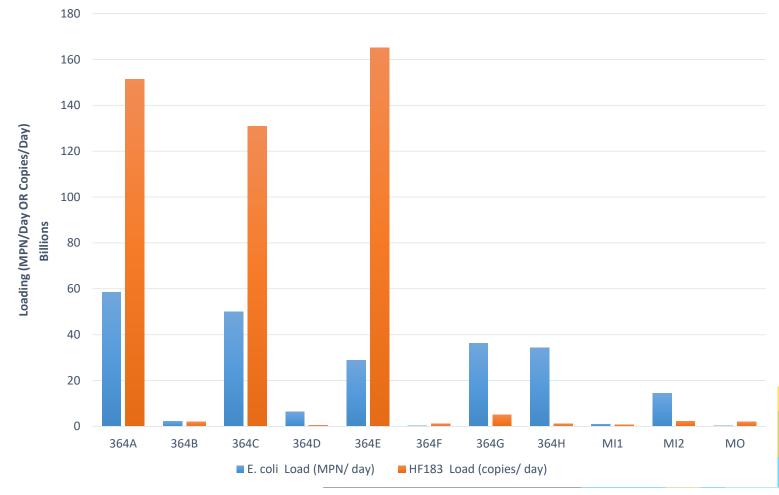
¹⁻ flowrates adjusted due to incorrect recording of field measurements

²⁻ geomean calculated using RL of 10 for ND results

Monitoring Results HF183 Concentrations



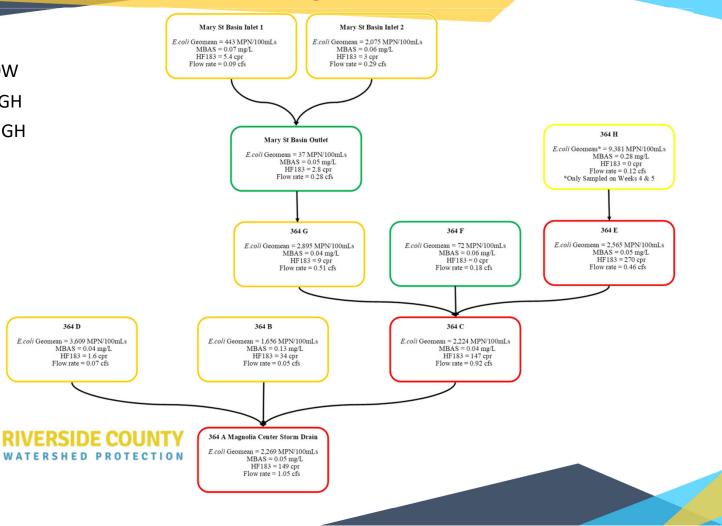
Calculated E. coli and HF183 Loads

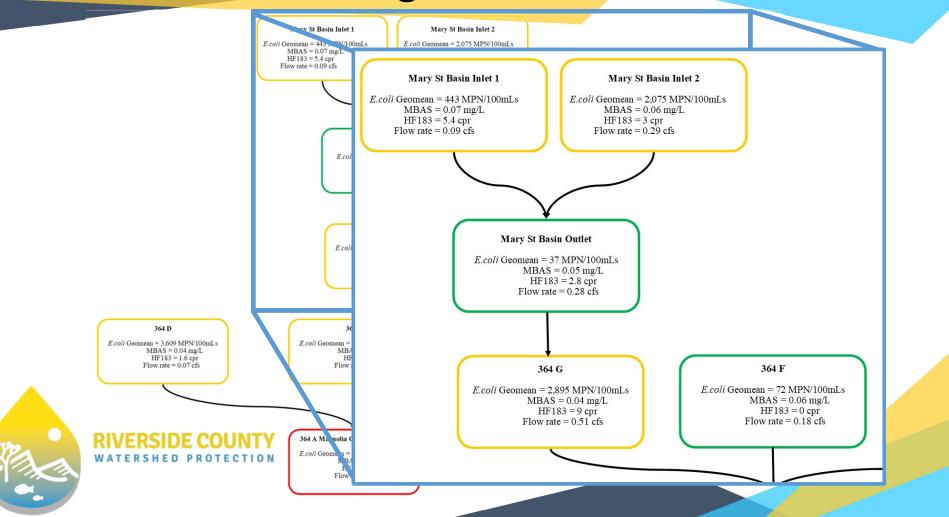


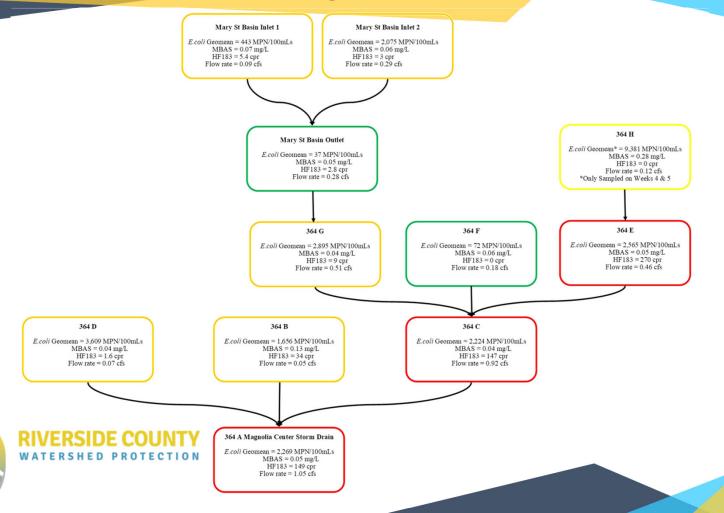


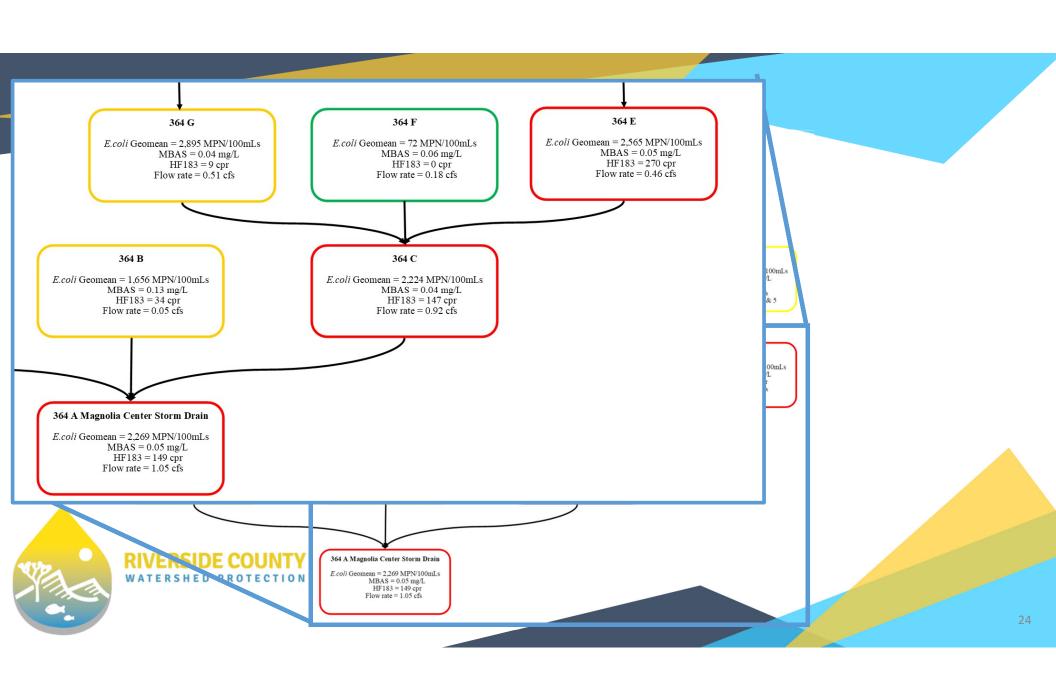


364 D











Study Question #1
Where is there dry weather flow?

All sites had measurable dry weather flow each week they were monitored.

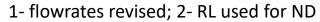




Study Question #2

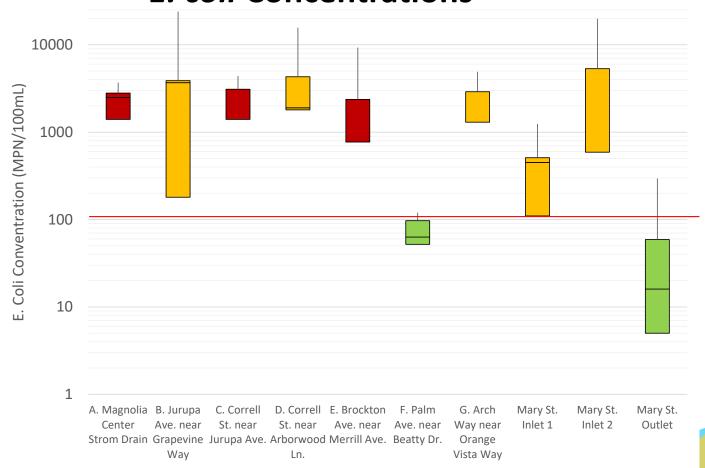
Where are the greatest concentrations of E. coli and copies of the human DNA marker HF183?

Site	Average Flow (cfs)	E. coli Geometric mean (MPN/100 mL)
364A	1.052	2,269
364B	0.0551	1,656
364C	0.466 ¹	2,224
364D	0.0721	3,609
364E	0.460	2,565
364F	0.176 ¹	72
364G	0.512	2,895
364H	0.115	9,381
MI1	0.094	443
MI2	0.292	2,023
MO	0.280	432



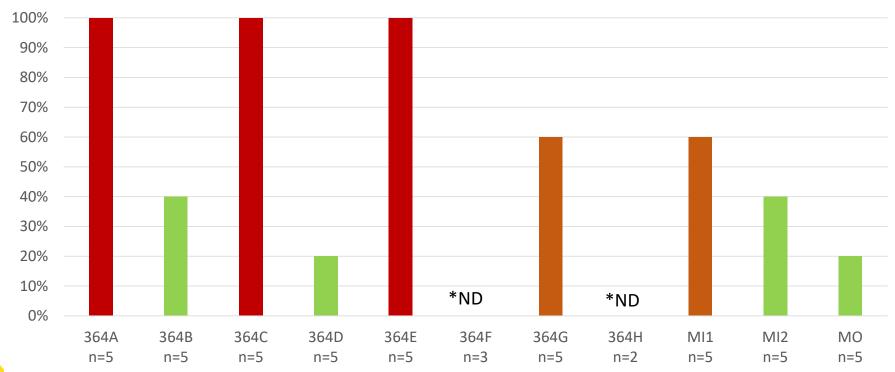


E. coli Concentrations









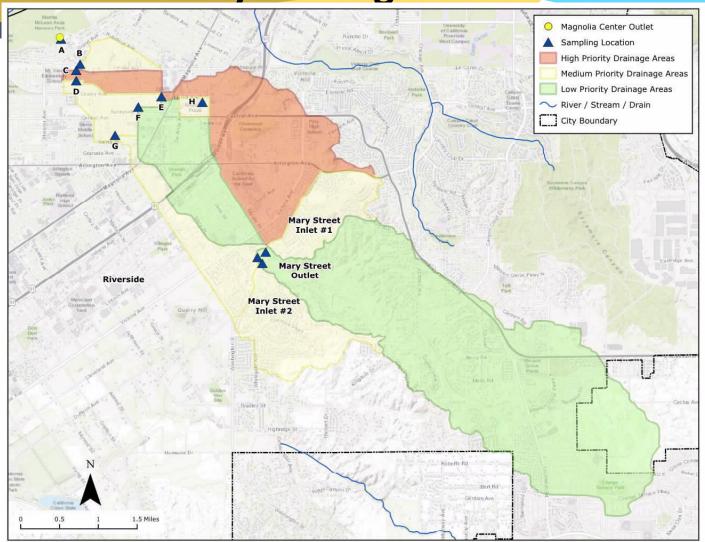


Study Question #3

Can we decrease the investigation area to focus on controllable human sources of FIB?

- Confirmed no surface water connectivity in dry weather between upper drainage area and Magnolia Center Strom Drain, eliminating ~50% of the area.
- Sub-drainage of Site 364E Brockton Avenue near Merrill Avenue and its upstream connections will be further investigated to narrow down potential causes of bacterial indicators and controllable anthropogenic sources.





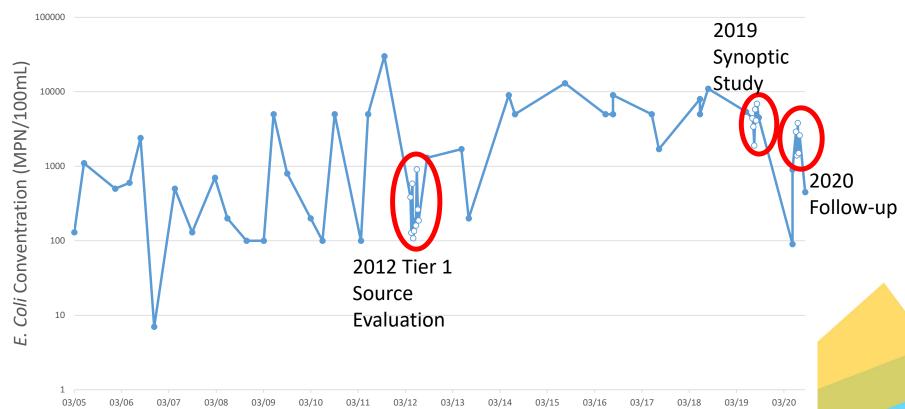


Site	MBAS detected above MRL	Above <i>E. coli</i> Geometric Mean Numeric Targets ¹	HF183 above 4,100 copies/100 mL
364A	Yes- 1 sample	Yes	Yes- 3 of 5 samples
364B	Yes- 4 samples	Yes	Yes- 1 of 5 samples
364C	No	Yes	Yes- 3 of 5 samples
364D	No	Yes	No
364E	No	Yes	Yes- 3 of 5 samples
364F	Yes-1 sample	No	No
364G	No	Yes	No
364H	Yes- 2 samples	Yes	No
MI1	Yes- 2 samples	Yes	No
MI2	No	Yes	No
MO	Yes- 1 sample	Yes	No



¹E. coli 30-day geometric mean and six-week geometric mean are the same. Comparisons were made to both 113 organisms per 100 mL for MSAR TMDL and 100 CFU/100 mL for Bacteria Provisions WQO. There were no differences in results.

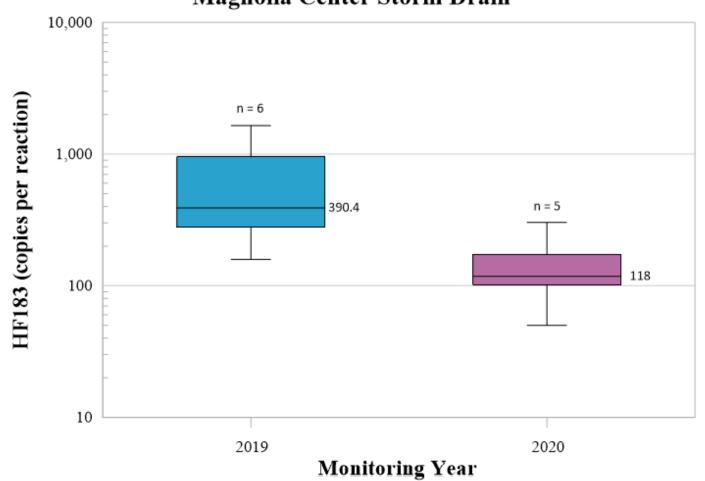
Historical *E. coli* Concentration



Date (MM/YY)



HF183 Concentrations at Magnolia Center Storm Drain

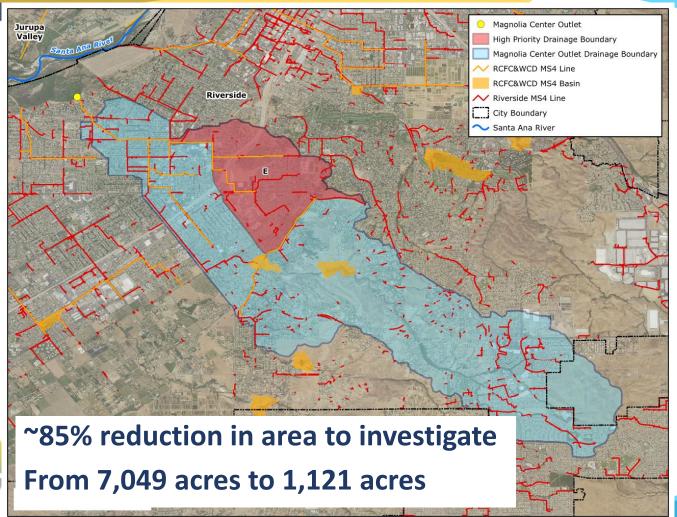




Conclusions & Next Steps



Conclusion





Next Steps

• The City of Riverside will focus investigation efforts on the 1,121-acre drainage area of Site 364E.

- The District will continue to monitor Magnolia Storm Drain Outfall as part of routine compliance.
 - Relevant data will be provided to the City for reference.





Acknowledgements

Thanks to the teams that supported this study.

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Weston Solutions: Andrea Crumpacker, Sheri Dister, and Alex Schriewer





Questions

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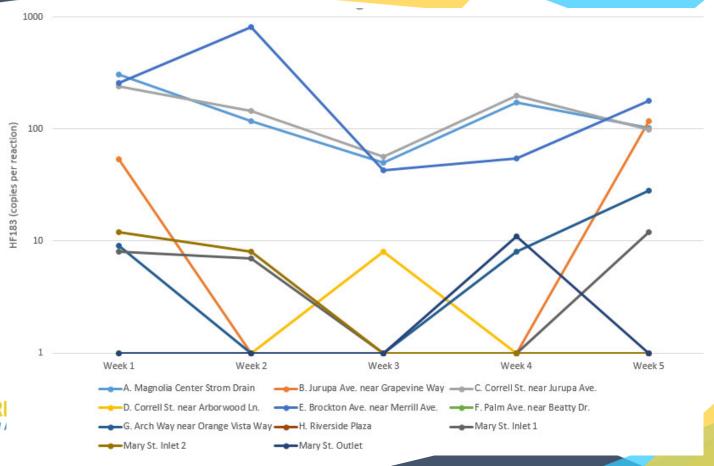




Extra slides if applicable for questions



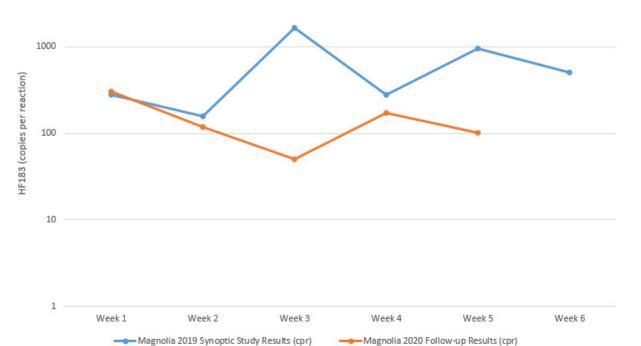
HF183 Concentrations





2019 Synoptic Study compared to 2020 Follow-up Investigation

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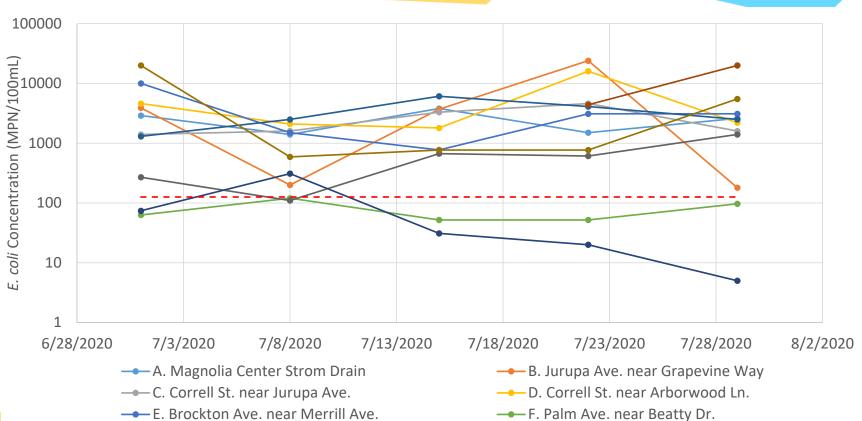
RIVE SIDE COUNTY
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RIVERSIDE COUNTY
WATERSHED PROTECTION

Monitoring Results E. coli Concentrations

→ G. Arch Way near Orange Vista Way

→ Mary St. Inlet 1

→ Mary St. Outlet





- → H. Riverside Plaza
- → Mary St. Inlet 2
- • WQO (126)