

# EMWD and MARB PFAS Impacts

Al Javier June 22, 2020

# EMWD PFAS (PFOA and PFOS) Impacts

- PFAS was used at Site 7 for fire fighting training using aqueous film forming foam
- Well 59 and two private wells reported above EPA (federal) Lifetime Health Advisory levels:
  - Well 59 PFOA + PFOS = 168 ppt
  - Wells shutdown in May 2016
- Well 56 PFAS reported above the CA Notification:
  - ESI Reported PFOA + PFOS =16.8 ppt
  - Removed well from service in February 2019
    - PFOA 19 ppt and PFOS 10 ppt\*





#### March Air Reserve Base - PFOA and PFOS

- Environmental Services Cooperative Agreement (ESCA I)
  - Reimbursing EMWD \$7.8 million for imported replacement water for Well 59 and two water service connections
- ESCA II Reimbursing EMWD \$3.3 million for design and construction of Well 59 wellhead treatment
- Negotiating ESCA III for Well 59 treatment system O&M
- EMWD working toward a tolling agreement for Well 56
- Air Force completed PFOA and PFOS plume delineation study determining extent of MAFB impacts



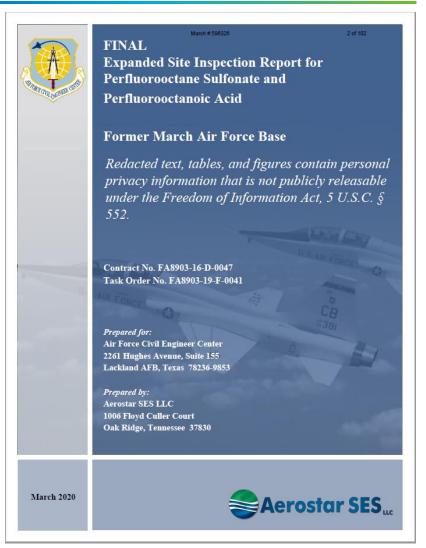


### MARB Plume Delineation Report

- Source investigation from Site FT007
  - Fire Fighting Training Site
  - Additionally Site No. 15
- Investigative Activities
  - Groundwater monitoring
- Nature and Extent of Contamination
- Contaminant Fate and Transport
- Risk Screening Evaluation

#### https://ar.afcec-cloud.af.mil/Search.aspx

 U.S Air Force Civil Engineer Center (Administrative Record 2.0.0)

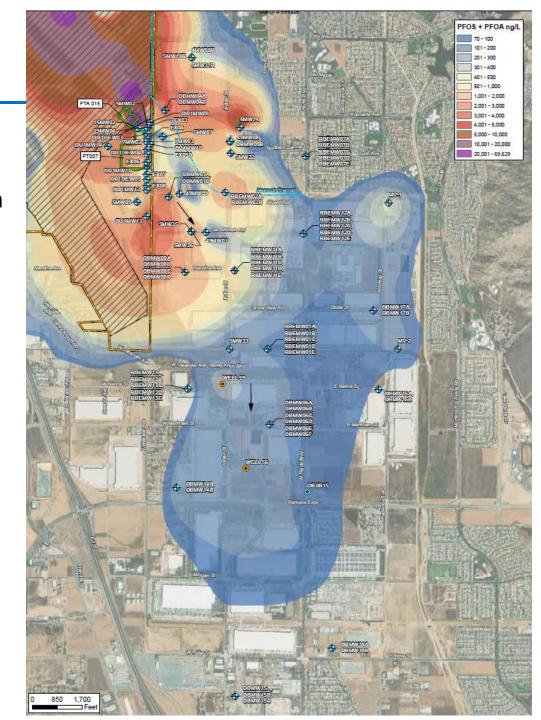




#### PFOA + PFOS Map

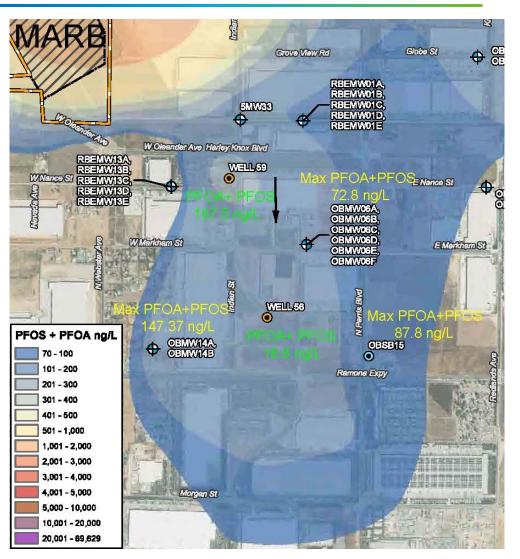
- Delineation of combined upper and lower aquifer
- Approximately 2.4 miles south and over 1.5 miles east
- Only shown to a minimum LHA level of 70 ppt
- Plume migration
  - Southeast/South
- EMWD's concern
  - Further plume migration impacts (Well 56)
  - MVRWRF <u>not</u> considered a source

From ESI Report Figure 4-10



## Plume Delineation and Well 56/59

- Well 59 exceeds LHA (70 ng/L PFOA+PFOS)
- Well 56 exceeds CA Notification Levels and Response Level
- Well 56 surrounding wells exceed LHA (Max PFOA + PFOS)
  - OBMW06C 72.8 ng/L
  - OBSB15 87.8 ng/L
  - OBMW14 147.37 ng/L
- Well 56 and Well 59 within plume delineation of >100 ng/L
- Future Potential Impact to Well 56 when the plume continues to migrate

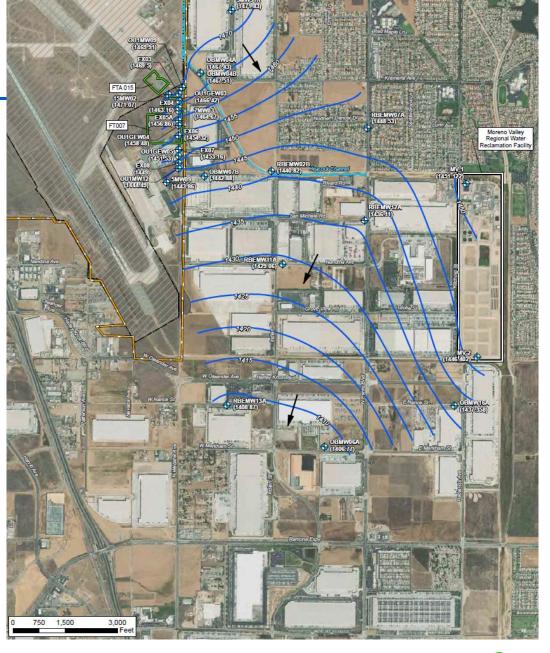


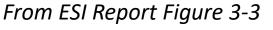
From ESI Report Figure 4-10



#### PFOA + PFOS Flow

- Plume migration
  - Southeast/South
- Groundwater flow
  - Generally South

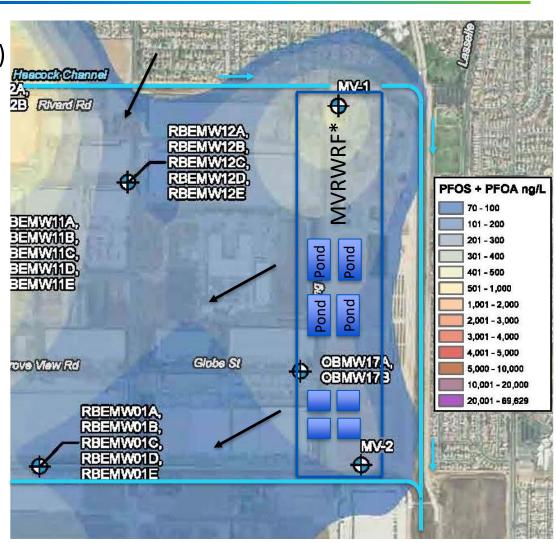






### Moreno Valley RWRF, Not a Source of Contamination

- Moreno Valley Regional Water Reclamation Facility (MVRWRF) inaccurately cited as potential PFAS source:
  - Allegedly from recycled water storage ponds on facility site
- MVRWRF monitoring wells:
  - MV-1 (north): 416.3 ppt PFOA+PFOS
  - MV-2 (south): 110.7 ppt PFOA+PFOS
- MVRWRF recycled water effluent:
  - PFOA: 10 ppt
  - PFOA: < 4 ppt</li>
- Groundwater flow southwest
- MV-1 and MV-2 sample data <u>inconsistent</u> with MVRWRF being PFAS source

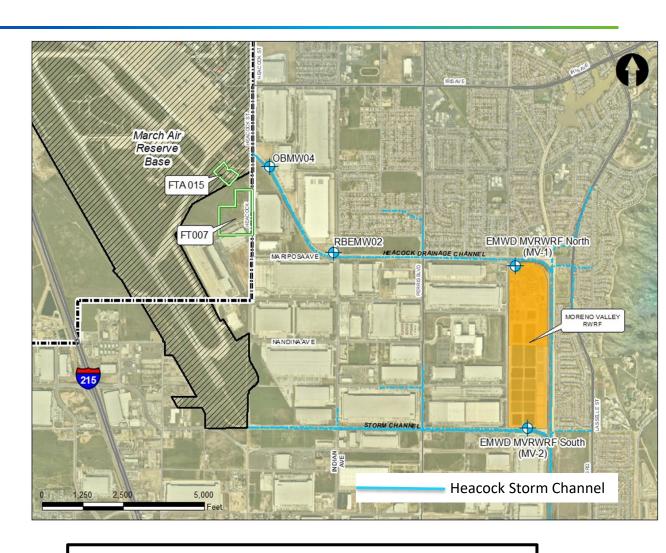


From ESI Report Figure 4-10



#### **Sources of Contamination**

- Heacock drainage channel cited as a potential PFAS source
  - Storm water flows from MARB
  - EGETS Discharge
- Wells along Heacock drainage channel
  - OBMW04: 4,026 ng/L PFOA+PFOS
  - RBEMW02B: 1,659ng/L PFOA+PFOS
  - MV-1: 416.3 ng/L PFOA+PFOS
- Both MV-1 and MV-2 are along drainage channels from MARB



EMWD will submit comment letter to USAF regarding PFAS Plume Delineation Study





# **Contact Information**

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