Regional Bacteria Monitoring Program Data Update

Presenters:
Steven Wolosoff
Paul Caswell



April 22, 2020

CDM Smith

Outline

- Regional Monitoring Program
 - Data Summary
 - Santa Ana River Reach 4
 - Cucamonga Creek anti-deg target
- MSAR TMDL
 - Wet weather retrospective for MSAR waters
 - Special study of channel bottom releases in MSAR





RMP Implementation



Sample Locations

Sample Collection

- Increased frequency of sampling at Cucamonga Creek at Hellman (P4-SBC1) and Santa Ana River Reach 4 (P3-SBC1)
- 2019-2020 RMP sampling inventory

Priority	Planned/Collected	Dry Weather	Wet Weather
Driority 1	Planned	200	0
Priority 1	Collected	200	0
Driority 2	Planned	125	20
Priority 2	Collected	125	20
Driority 2	Planned	80	0
Priority 3	Collected	71	0
Driority 4	Planned	16	0
Priority 4	Collected	19	0

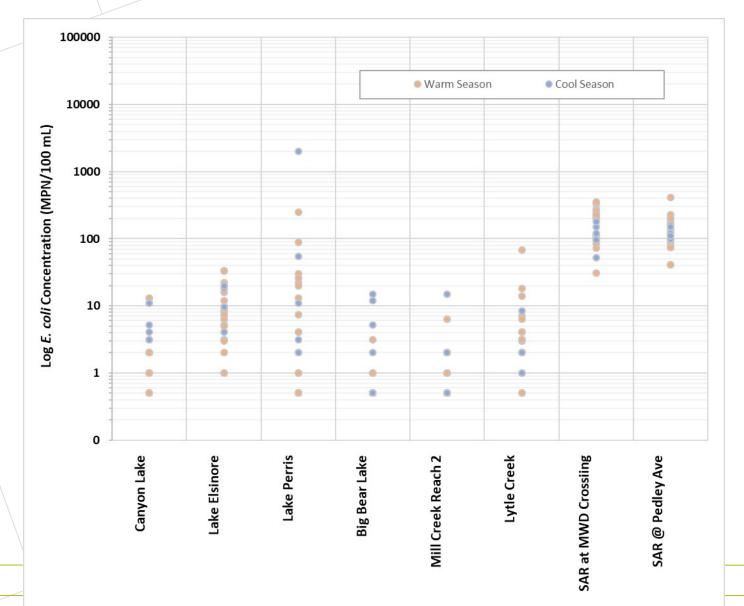




Priority 1 Waters



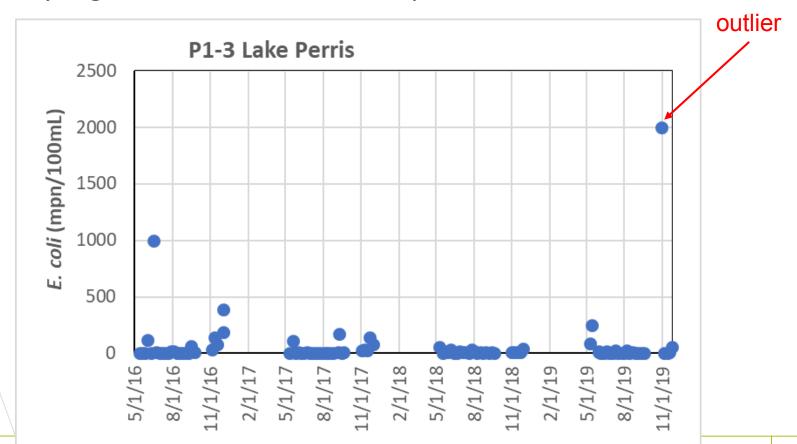
Priority 1 Sites – Frequent recreational use





Priority 1

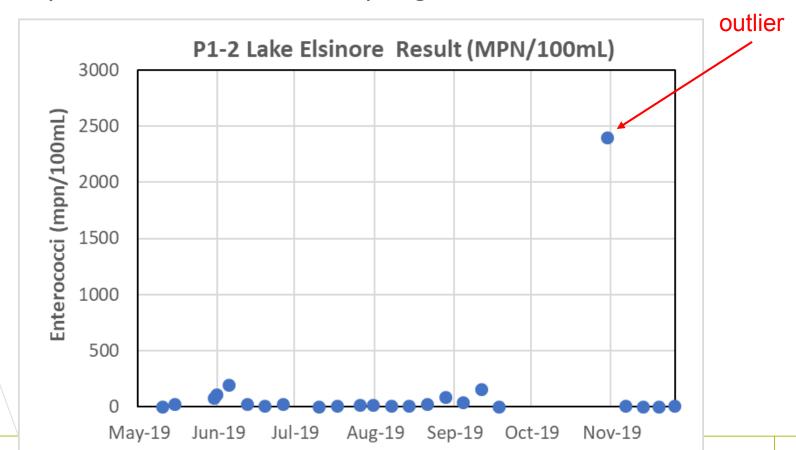
- 2,000 mpn/100mL E. coli at Lake Perris
- Very high TSS in Lake Perris sample





Priority 1

- 2,400 Enterococci mpn/100mL at Lake Elsinore
- Very low E. coli in same sampling event for Lake Elsinore







Priority 3 Waters - Impaired no existing TMDL



Priority 3 – Impaired no existing TMDL

• Summary of *E. coli* geomean concentrations (2016-2019)

Site ID	Site	2016 (MPN/100 mL)	2017 (MPN/100 mL)	2018 (MPN/100 mL)	2019 (MPN/100 mL)
P3-OC1	Bolsa Chica Channel	51	534	31	46
P3-OC2	Borrego Creek	Dry	Dry	NA (dry)	NA (dry)
P3-OC3	Buck Gully Creek	74	89	130	242
P3-OC5	Los Trancos Creek	457	658	NA (mostly dry)	NA (mostly dry)
P3-OC6	Morning Canyon Creek	633	212	1414	190
P3-OC7	Peters Canyon Wash	206	183	562	518
P3-OC8	San Diego Creek Reach 1	349	116	176	188
P3-OC9	San Diego Creek Reach 2	208	373	155	18
P3-OC11	Serrano Creek	121	1080	221	496
P3-RC1	Goldenstar Creek	242	417	118	360
P3-SBC1	Santa Ana River Reach 4	48	70	74	39



Priority 3 – Impaired no existing TMDL

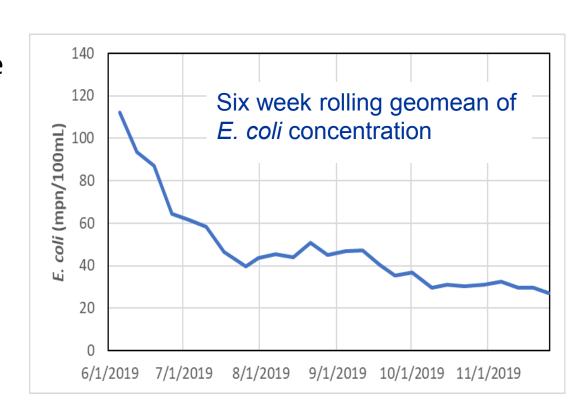
Comparison to Historical Dataset

Matauba du	25th and 75th Quartile <i>E. coli</i> Concentration (MPN/100 mL)		
Waterbody	Basis for Listing (2002-04)	Regional Monitoring Program (2016-19)	
Bolsa Chica Channel	310 – 1750	20 – 168	
Borrego Creek	518 - 3755	Dry	
Buck Gully Creek	100 – 335	30 – 134	
Morning Canyon Creek	100 – 300	240 - 1461	
Peters Canyon Wash	100 – 1100	179 – 428	
San Diego Creek Reach 1	100 – 520	135 – 350	
San Diego Creek Reach 2	100 – 1455	75 – 270	
Serrano Creek	100 – 1460	161 – 1582	
Goldenstar Creek	100 – 200	110 – 515	



Santa Ana River Reach 4

- Increased frequency of sampling in 2019 to achieve sufficient dataset for delisting decision
- 28 six week
 geomeans with one
 exceedance of
 geometric mean
 WQO
- Exceedence related to wet weather





Priority 3 – Next Steps

- Data collected over five years 2016-2020
- Waterbody specific planning for 2020-21
- Collaboration with entire Task Force on each waterbody
 - Delisting
 - Non-TMDL action plans
 - Source investigation, IDDE, controls through downstream
 TMDL implementation
 - Continued monitoring
 - TMDL
 - Others





Priority 4 – REC2 Only Update



Santa Ana Delhi Channel

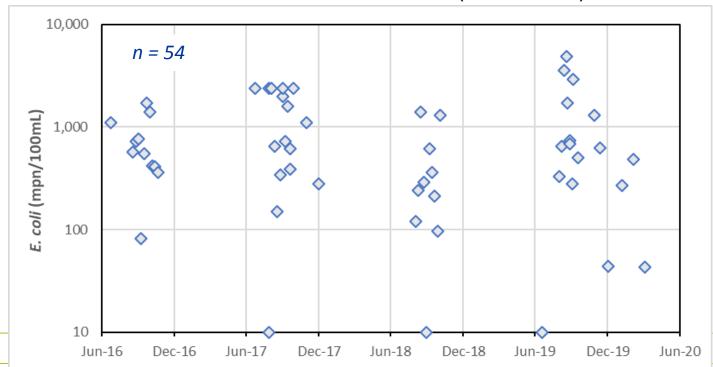
- 2019 exceedance of 464mpn/100mL Enterococci target (75th percentile)
- Follow-up monitoring triggered
- Results indicating compliance with statistical threshold anti-deg target

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY RIVERSIDE COUNTY			
Cucamonga Creek Reach 1 (P4-		Sample Date	Enteroccci Concentration (MPN/100mL)
	Original Annual Sample	9/23/2019	988
Greenville-Banning Channel Tidal Prism (P4-OC3)		10/21/2019	31
Santa Ana Delhi Channel Yeach (P4-OC1)	Required Monthly Follow-up Samples	11/18/2019	10
Santa Ana Delvii Channel Ridal Prism (P4-8C2)		12/15/2019	185

Cucamonga Creek Reach 1

- Monthly monitoring at Cucamonga Creek at Hellman Ave to develop dataset for new anti-deg target determination
- Statistical analysis to be completed in fall 2020

E. Coli concentrations at Hellman Avenue (2016-2019)





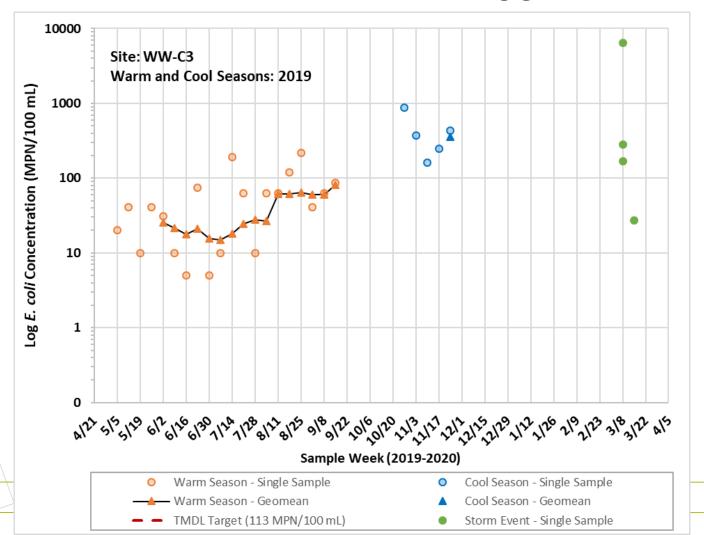


Priority 2 MSAR TMDL Waters



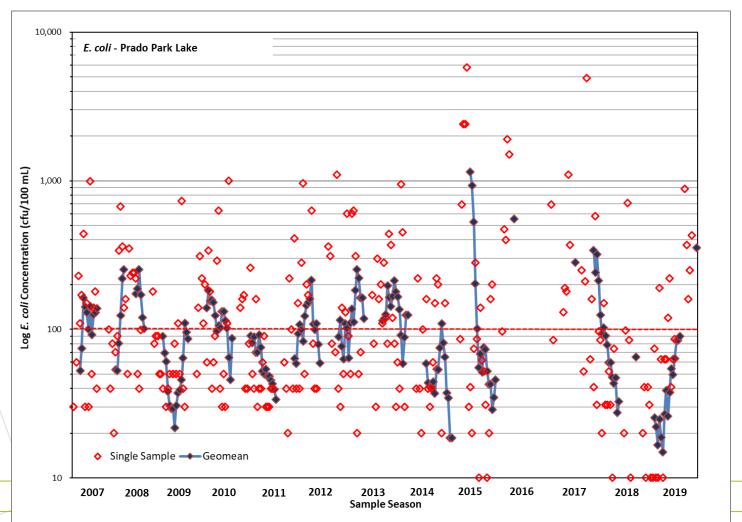
Prado Park Lake

E. coli concentrations and 6-week rolling geomeans



Prado Park Lake

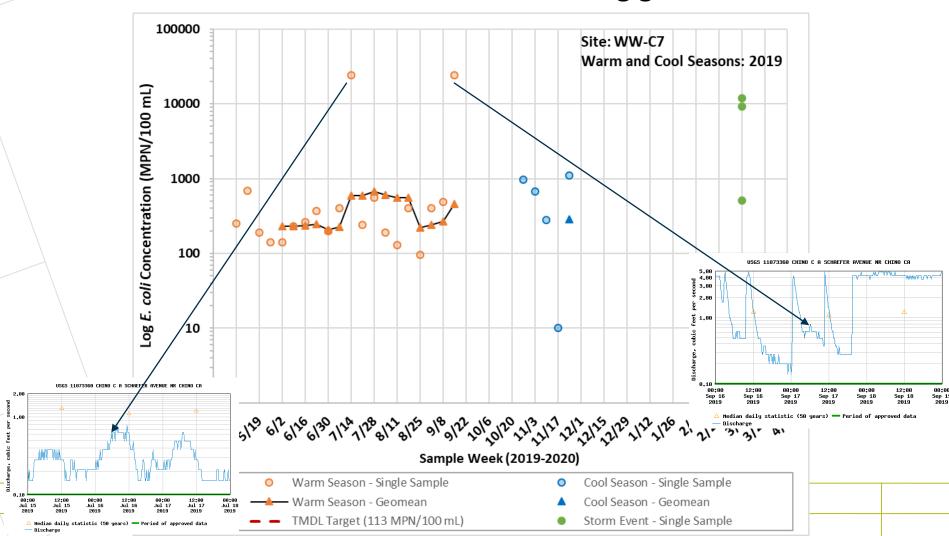
Historical *E. coli* concentrations and geomeans





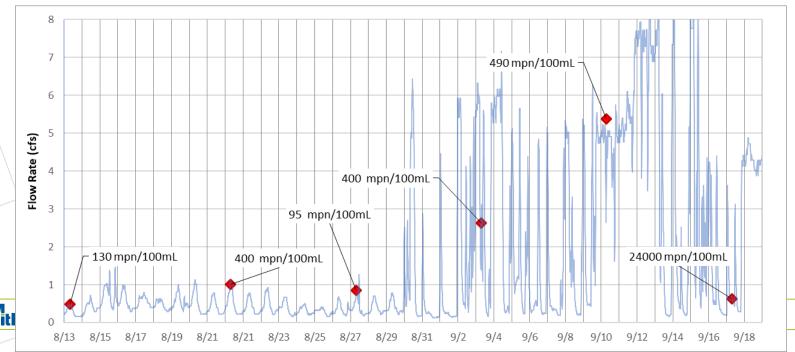
Chino Creek

E. coli concentrations and 6-week rolling geomeans



Chino Creek

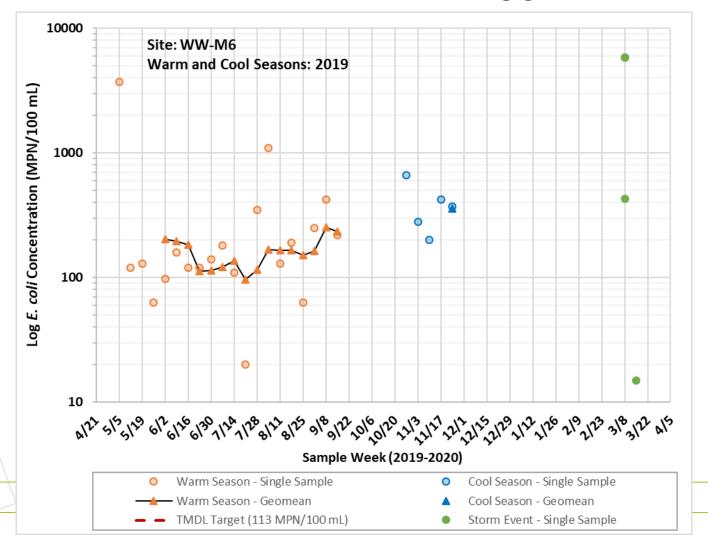
- Snippet of 2019 dry season showing dry weather flow in Chino Creek at Schaeffer and downstream E. coli samples
- MS4 flowrates in Chino Creek follow predictable diurnal pattern with average ~ 0.4 cfs
- Increase DWF from other water releases (e.g. recycled water)





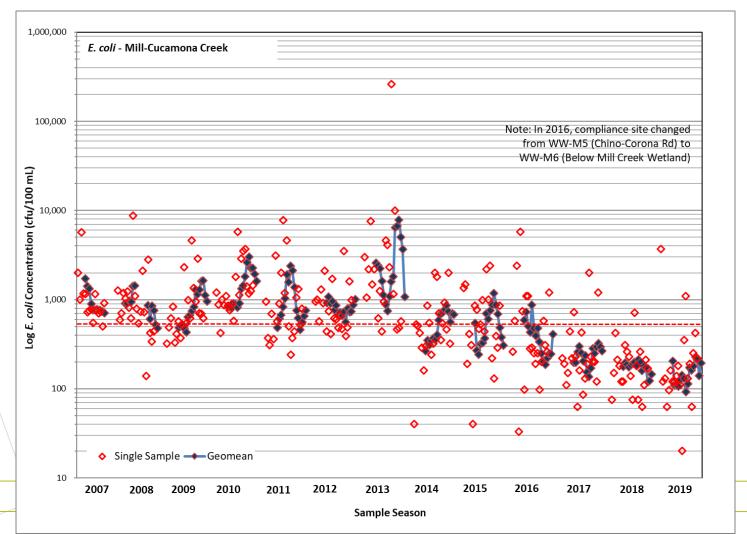
Mill-Cucamonga Creek

E. coli concentrations and 6-week rolling geomeans



Mill-Cucamonga Creek

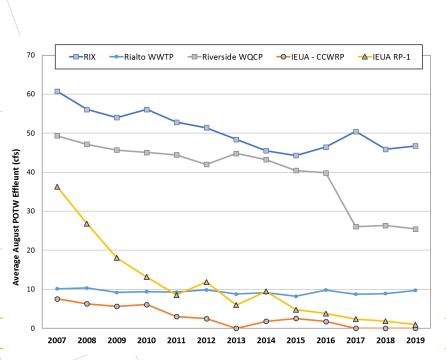
Historical *E.coli* concentrations and geomeans

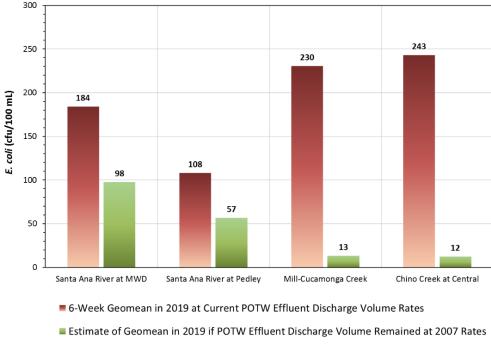




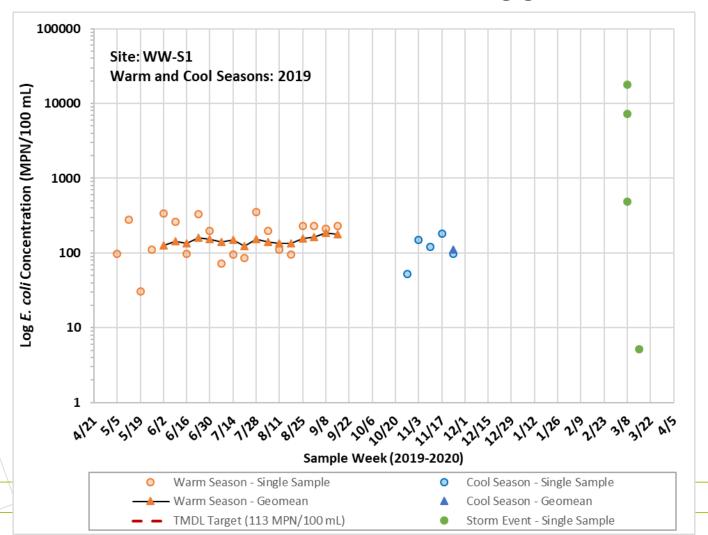
Reduction in POTW effluent

 For same inflow load measured in 2019 dry season, very different blended concentrations would be expected with 2019 (red) versus 2007 (green) POTW effluent rates

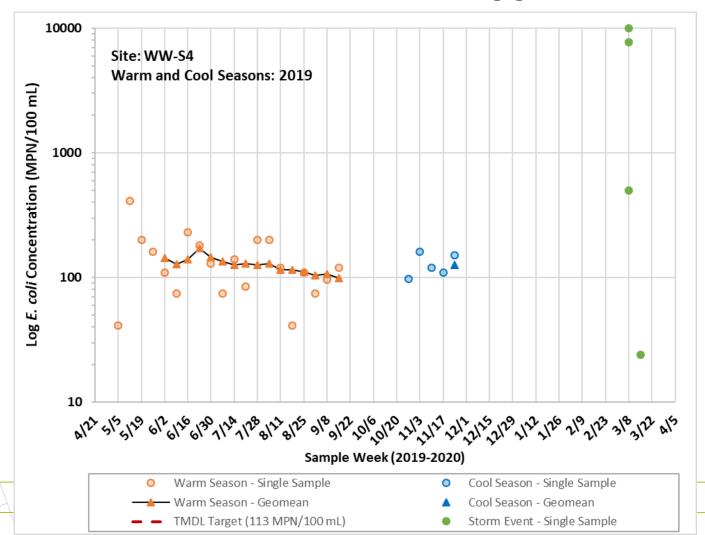




E. coli concentrations and 6-week rolling geomeans

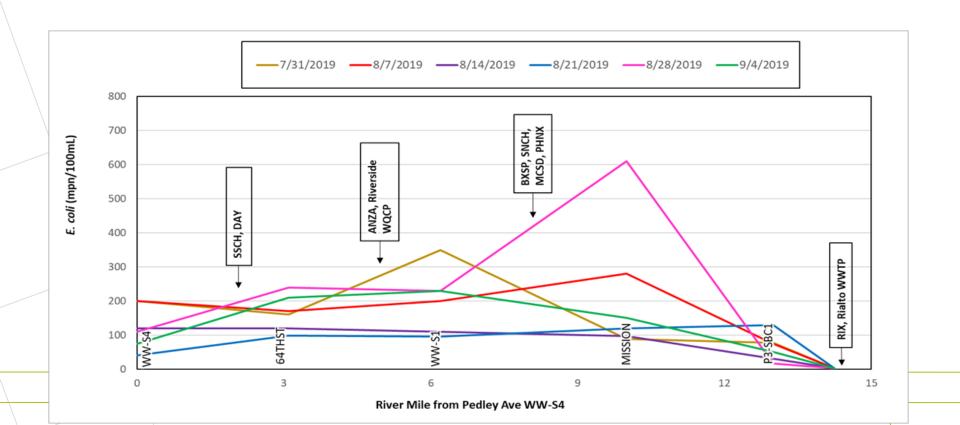


E. coli concentrations and 6-week rolling geomeans

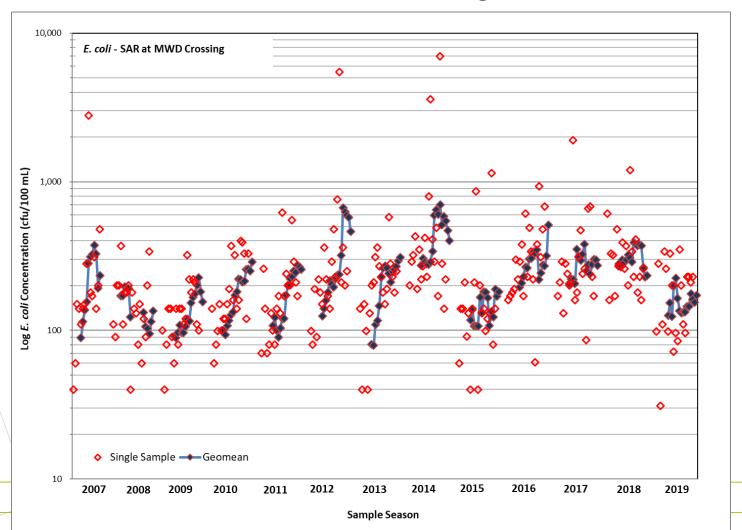




 E. coli load from non-MS4, non-POTW contribute about 300 billion MPN/day, which is enough to consume nearly 100% of the total allowable load for E. coli in the Santa Ana River

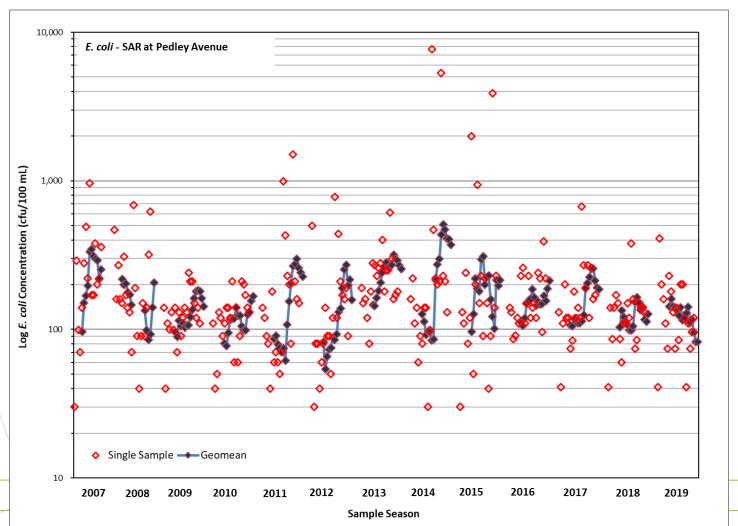


Historical *E. coli* concentrations and geomeans





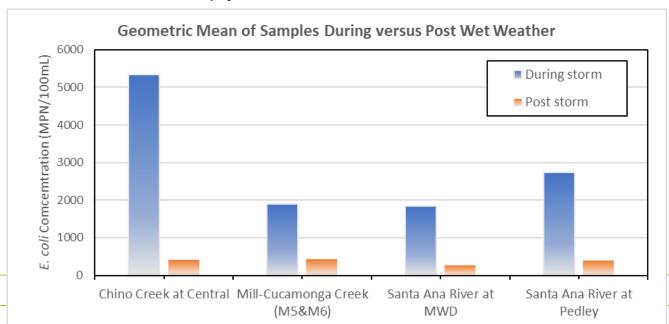
Historical *E. coli* concentrations and geomeans





Wet Weather Retrospective

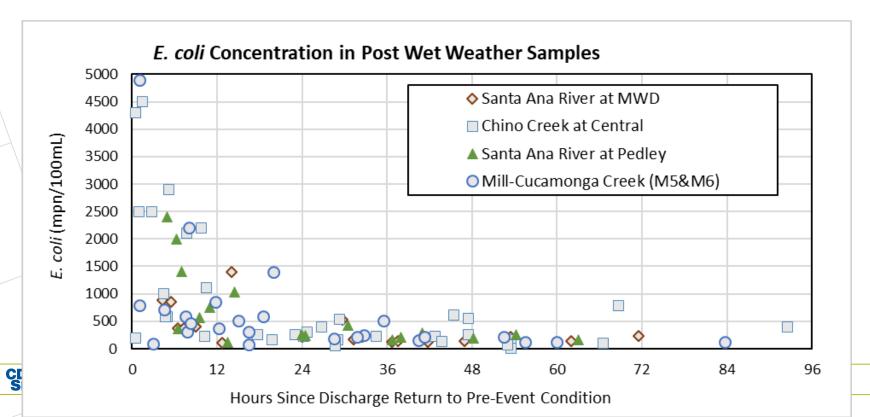
- One wet event sampled per year one sample during storm, then 'post-storm' samples at 48, 72, 96 hours
- Post-storm samples represent wet weather in cases involving longer duration events
- Runoff records evaluated to parse samples into 1) during wet weather and 2) post-storm baseflow





Wet Weather Retrospective

- Post-storm samples evaluated to estimate time since return to pre-event flows
- *E.coli* concentration reduced to typical dry weather levels after 12-24 hours in MSAR waters





Next Steps



Santa Ana River at MISSION

- Site in the Synoptic Study showed that 77 percent of E. coliload in Santa Ana River comes from non-human sources upstream of MS4 inflows
- Recommend inclusion of this site in Priority 2 routine sampling to capture record of non-MS4 upstream boundary during dry weather
- RMP to coordinate with a special study to evaluate potential role of *E. coli* releases from naturalized colonies in bottom sediment





Coming Next Reporting Year

- Recommendations for course of action in each Priority 3 waterbody
- Cucamonga Creek anti-degradation target update
- Special study and other scientific analysis to support a TMDL revision tailored for the MSAR waters

