PFAS, PFOA, and PFOS in Orange County

July 2, 2019
SAWPA Commission

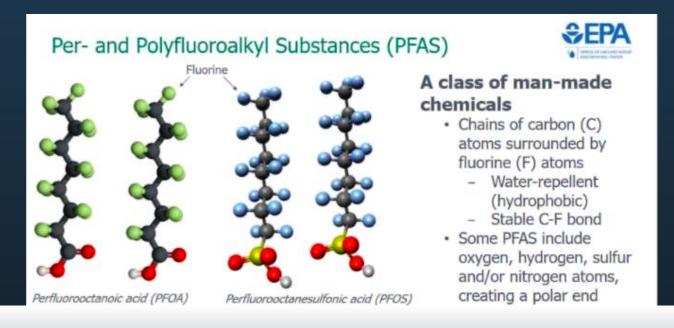


Outline

- Background on PFAS
- OCWD Groundwater Results
- Pilot Treatment Testing
- OCWD SAR and Discharger Testing
- Managing PFAS in SAR Watershed

WHAT ARE PFAS, PFOA & PFOS?

- PFAS = Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (family of 1000s of chemicals)
- PFOA = Perfluorooctanoic Acid (C₈HF₁₅O₂)
- PFOS = Perfluorooctane Sulfonate $(C_8HF_{17}O_3S)$



PFAS Use Across A Wide Range of Industries and Consumer Products





















FDA: PFAS Occurrence in Food

FDA STATEMENT

Statement on FDA's scientific work to understand per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) in food, and findings from recent FDA surveys



ΑP

FDA: Sampling finds toxic nonstick compounds in some food

By ELLEN KNICKMEYER, JOHN FLESHER and MICHAEL CASEY June 3, 2019

Health » Food | Fitness | Wellness | Parenting | Live Longer

FDA confirms PFAS chemicals are in the US food supply

- Meats & seafood
- Produce irrigated with PFASimpacted water
- Milk from dairy using feed grown with PFAS-impacted water

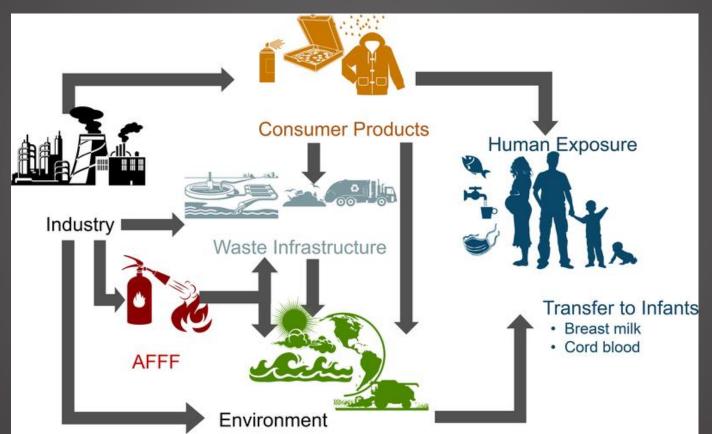








PFAS Exposure Pathways



Interim Response Level

(2018)

Interim Notification Level

(2018)

CA DDW

CA DDW

Summary of Current EPA & CA Drinking Water Guidance

Agency	Туре	Value	Description			
LICEDA	Lifatima Haalth Advisory	70 ng/l	Non anforcable Recommends notifying local regulator			

USEPA Lifetime Health Advisory /0 ng/L

70 ng/L

PFOA + PFOS

PFOA = 14 ng/L

PFOS = 13 ng/L

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) is enforceable standard

No federal MCL (bills in Congress to put EPA on 2-year timetable)

Some states have advisory values and proposed MCLs

Non-enforceable. Recommends notifying local regulators

PFOA + PFOS (2016)and consumers, removing source, blending, or treatment

service.

consumers

No CA MCL (must first establish Public Health Goal [PHG]); multiple PFAS grouping?

Non-enforceable. Recommends taking source out of

body (city, county, board); recommends notifying

Non-enforceable. Can serve, but must notify governing

Orange County Recent Groundwater Testing

12 OCWD Producers (retailers) Received Testing Orders in March 2019

12 OCVID Floducers (retailers) Necerved resting Orders in Warch 2013								
Producer	# of Wells in Order	Reason(s)						
Anaheim	15	Near UCMR3 detection or Landfill						
Buena Park	1	Nearby Landfill						
East Orange County Water District	2	Nearby UCMR3 detection						
City of Fullerton	5	Nearby UCMR3 detection						
City of Garden Grove	7	Nearby UCMR3 detection						
Irvine Ranch Water District	2	Nearby UCMR3 detection or Airport						
Knotts Berry Farm	1	Nearby Landfill						

6

11

53

Nearby Landfill

Nearby UCMR3 detection

Nearby UCMR3 detection

Nearby UCMR3 detection

Nearby UCMR3 detection

Liberty Park Water Association

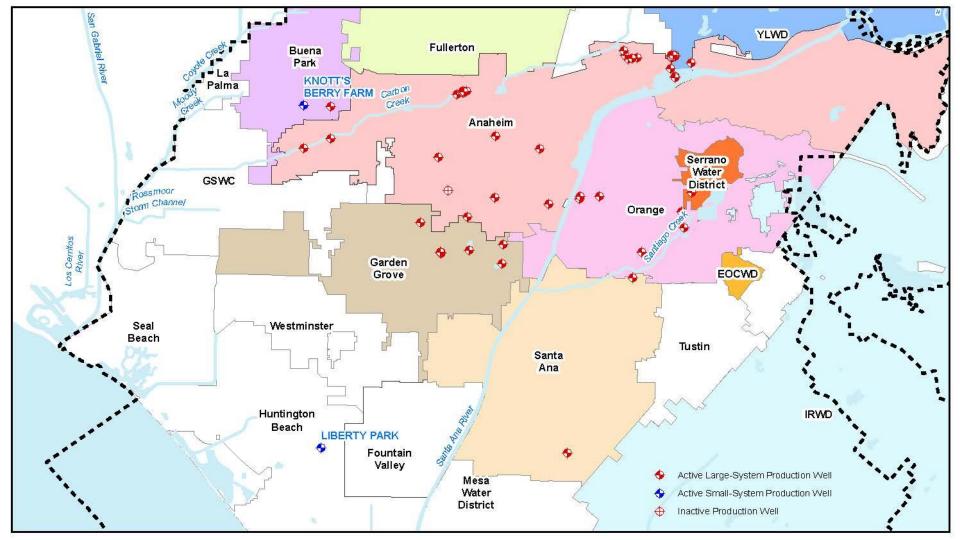
City of Orange

City of Santa Ana

Serrano Water District

Yorba Linda Water District

Total



OCWD Laboratory performing testing

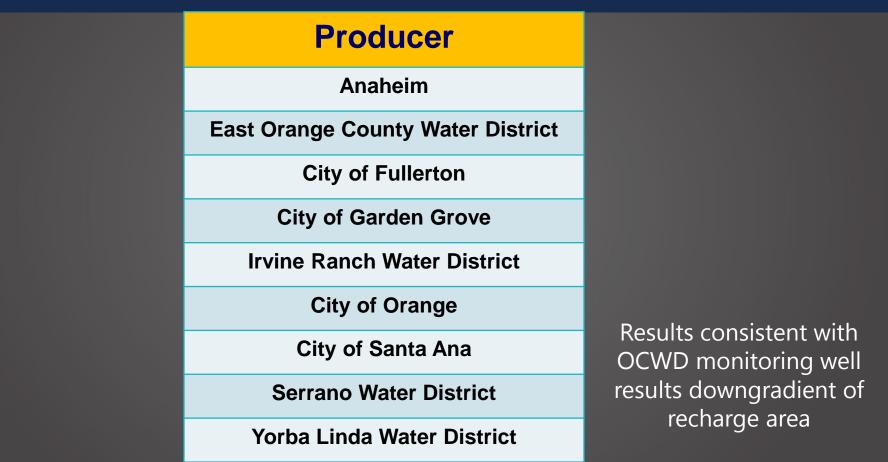
Only public agency lab in CA with PFAS certification (EPA 537 Rev 1.1)

Analysis and data reporting takes 2-3 weeks

- Strict sample collection & handling guidelines
 - No new or unwashed clothing
 - No pre-packaged food, fast food wrappers, or foil
 - No water proof paper or markers



9 OCWD Producers with one or more initial results greater than DDW Notification Levels for PFOA or PFOS



Orange County Governing Body Notifications

• 30 days to notify "Governing Body" after receiving result >NL

- Notifications status
 - > Sent out: Yorba Linda Water District, City of Fullerton, City of Anaheim
 - > Pending: Orange, EOCWD, Serrano, IRWD, Santa Ana, Garden Grove

- If well/source > Response Level
 - DDW recommends to stop serving
 - > If continue to serve, DDW recommends extensive monitoring + public notification



PFAS Treatment Technologies



Carbon Adsorption: granular activated carbon (GAC)



Ion Exchange (IX) resin



(RO or NF)

 Higher capital cost, concentrate disposal

 More conventional treatment, site specific, WQ factors in, footprint area also

OCWD Field Pilot Testing

- Pilot test skid delivery in July
- Pilot will assess GAC + IX
- Complimentary lab bench-scale testing of GAC and NF
- Will assess multiple technologies and local impacted groundwaters
- Goal: inform & accelerate local retail agencies potential future treatment decisions



OCWD Groundwater Recharge Supply Testing

GWRS & MWD OC-28 results

- GWRS
 - OCSD Secondary Effluent = 25 − 38 ng/L PFOA + PFOS
 - GWRS Final Product = Not detected (ND)
 - Reverse Osmosis = effective treatment



- MWD OC-28: Not detected for PFOA & PFOS
- Other MWD data shows non detect for PFOA & PFOS

Continued regular monitoring

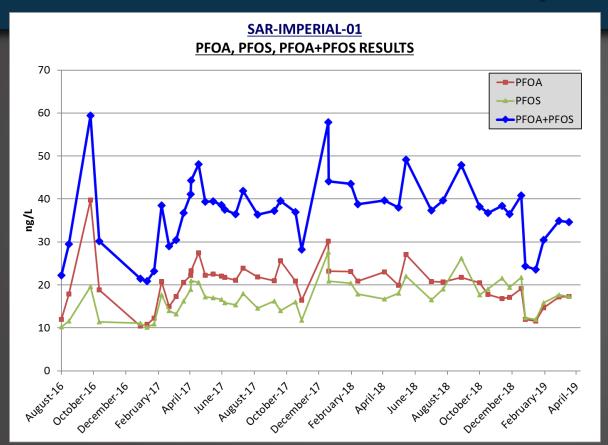


SAR Imperial Highway is key sample location, represents "headworks" of OCWD SAR recharge system





Santa Ana River at Imperial Hwy



Aug 2016 - Present

Averages (ng/L)

PFOA: 20

PFOS: 17

PFOA+PFOS: 37

Min / Max (ng/L)

PFOA: 10 / 40

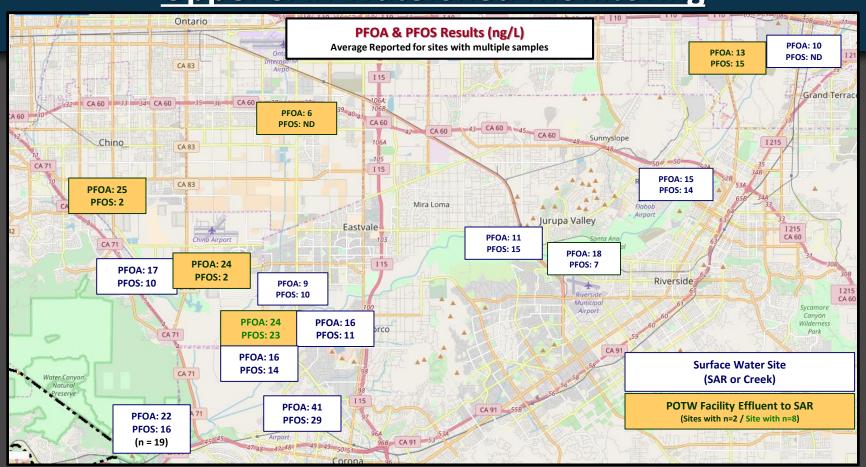
PFOS: 10 / 28

PFOA+PFOS: 21 / 59

Cooperative SAR Upstream Discharger Testing

- Reached out to 5 different SAR wastewater discharger sites in 2017
 - Inland Empire Utilities Agency (IEUA): CCWRF, RP1/RP4, RP5 Plants
 - Western Municipal Water District (WMWD): WRCRWA Plant
 - San Bernardino Municipal Water Dept (SBMWD): RIX Plant
- 2 coordinated monitoring events at all 5 sites in 2017 & 2018
- Provided data back to each cooperating agency
- Shared results with Regional Board regulators and SARDA in Fall 2018

Upper SAR Watershed Monitoring



Occurrence of PFAS compounds in conventionally treated wastewater is well-established in literature



Detection of Poly- and Perfluoroalkyl Substances (PFASs) in U.S. Drinking Water Linked to Industrial Sites, Military Fire Training Areas, and Wastewater Treatment Plants

Xindi C. Hu^{*}†[‡], David Q. Andrews[§], Andrew B. Lindstrom[∥], Thomas A. Bruton[⊥], Laurel A. Schaider[∉], Philippe Grandiean[†], Rainer Lohmann[@], Courtney C. Carignan[†], Arlene Blum^{⊥∇}, Simona A. Balan^{*}, Christopher P.

Higgins .. and Elsie M. Sunderland 11

Journal of Environmental Science and Health, Part A Toxic/Hazardous Substances and Environmental Engineering

1,596 Perfluoroalkyl sulfonic and carboxylic acids: A critical review of physicochemical properties,

levels and patterns in waters and wastewaters, and treatment methods Sierra Rayne & Kaya Forest Pages 1145-1199 | Received 05 May 2009, Published online: 04 Sep 2009

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Quantitative Determination of Fluorinated Alkyl Substances by Large-Volume-Injection Liquid Chromatography Tandem Mass Spectrometry – **Characterization of Municipal Wastewaters**

Melissa M. Schultz[†], Douglas F. Barofsky[†], and Jennifer A. Field*^{†‡}



Chemosphere

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Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Perfluorochemicals in water reuse

Megan H. Plumlee a. Jeannine Larabee b. Martin Reinhard a.*

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Legacy and Emerging Perfluoroalkyl Substances Are Important Drinking Water Contaminants in the Cape Fear River Watershed of North Carolina

Mei Sun, ** * Elisa Arevalo, * Mark Strynar, * Andrew Lindstrom, * Michael Richardson, * Ben Kearns, * Adam Pickett, Chris Smith, and Detlef R. U. Knappe

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July 8: Possible reduction to DDW Notification & Response Levels

- Based OEHHA review of recent NTP rodent study
- "Lowest observed effect"/One-in-One-million cancer risk estimate
 - PFOA = 0.1 ng/L (pancreatic cancer)

- POFS = 0	.4 ng/L	,		
Standard	PFAS	Current	Proposed	

Basis Compound

Notification Level 14 ng/L **Analytical Detection Limit PFOA**

Notification Level PFOS 13 ng/L **Analytical Detection Limit**

100x 1-in-1-million cancer risk **Response Level** PFOA

70 ppt **Response Level PFOS** 100x 1-in-1-million cancer risk combined

Effects of lowering DDW Response Level

- Two wells in OCWD service above current 70 ng/L PFOA + PFOS Response Level
- Reducing Response Level to PFOA = 10 ppt and PFOS = 40 ppt
 - 39 of 51 wells tested under Monitoring Orders will exceed RL in OCWD area
 - Project ~71 out of ~200 OCWD area wells would exceed (~100,000 acre-ft of annual pumping)

Statewide

- ~300 of 600 wells with Monitoring orders have reported to state database
- 65 results > 10 ppt PFOA
- All first round results due July 10th
- Agencies/areas likely affected: Corona, Riverside, Elsinore Valley, Santa Clarita,
 Glendale, Desert Water Agency, Lathrop, Atascadero, Central Basin?

Meeting in Sacramento on July 3

- Parties involved
 - OCWD
 - Intertox
 - Santa Clarita Valley Water Agency
 - Cabinet Secretary: Jared Blumenfeld
 - State Board Chairman: Joaquin Esquivel
 - Deputy Director (DDW): Darrin Polhemus
 - OEHHA Director: Lauren Zeise, Ph.D.
- Request
 - 90 day delay in establishing a new Response Level
 - Share OEHHA's review of NTP study + basis for recommendation
 - Prioritize setting PHG + MCL

Managing PFOA & PFOS in SAR

- Groundwater Recharge (GWR) is a designated beneficial use for SAR
- No current CA limits for PFOA & PFOS in SAR wastewater discharges
- Meetings with Regional Board & SARDA in Fall 2018



- Reestablished SAWPA EC Task Force in Jan-Feb 2019 to implement voluntary watershed CEC + PFAS testing in Aug
- Wastewater Dischargers (POTWs) statewide expected to receive PFAS testing orders in Fall 2019

