Surface Water Compliance Metric Toolkit, Water Quality Index Ag

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The Conditional Waiver for Agricultural Discharges (CWAD):

- The CWAD governs agricultural discharges to both groundwater and surface water
- Eastern Municipal Water District (EMWD) is the CWAD Coalition Group Administrator
 - WRCAC is a supporting group; developing tools for surface water oversight

- The Toolkit contains self-reporting steps:
 - Runoff Water Quality Index (WQIag) is a self reporting evaluation of the field water quality performance
 - Periodic soil nutrient sampling summary confirms nutrient management is present
 - When high WQIag scores are recorded, growers will have additional recordkeeping requirements

WRCAC's Compliance Metric Toolkit



GOALS:

- Better science on runoff data by farm and by group locations
- Ability to identify problems and fix them through incentives
- Encourage BMPs to contain and control runoff
- Encourage individual farm environmental stewardship



- Compliance Tool
- Education opportunities during the pilot:
 - 2 hours of CWAD required training; 1.5 hours after completion of the pilot study
- Reductions in cost of water quality monitoring (over time)
- Opportunities for individual growers to reduce costs:
 - Short-term: Gradual switch to a pay-for-performance approach
 - Long-term: Improved accuracy of field evaluation and the ability to test field changes against water quality value w/o installing the actual BMP/change



Short-Term WRCAC Goal Details

- Improve the understanding of current conditions
- Better understand what crop operations need for production in this hot-arid climate
- Adjust the WQlag for this region
- Create a performance-based incentive within Ag
- The incentive will redistribute internally the Ag sector payments for in-lake credit fees or provide other options

Illustration of Performance-Based In-Lake Credit Fee Concept

Tier 1 (Not Shown); No Discharge → No fee

Tier 2 Top 25th Percentile; Highest Reduction in Fees

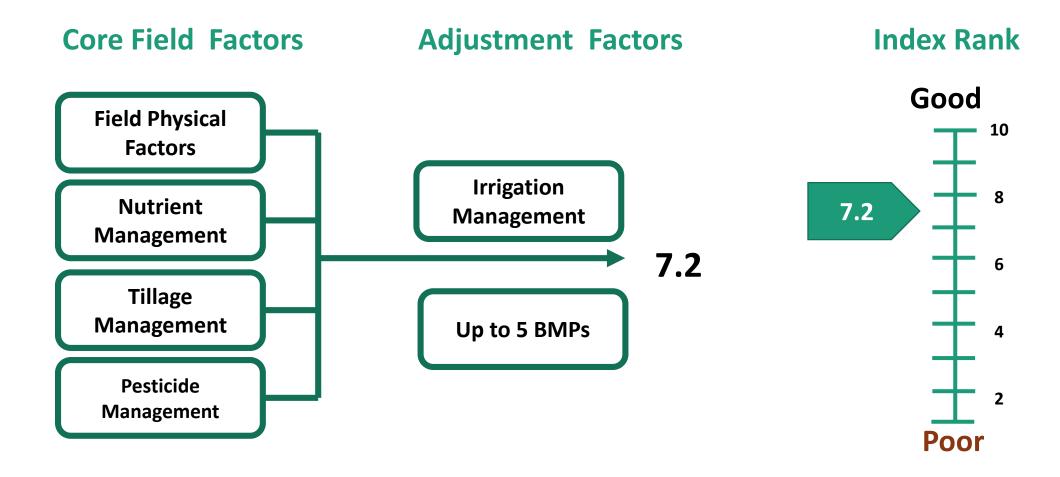
Tier 3 Top 26th to 50th Percentile; Moderate Reduction in Fees

Tier 4 Below 50th Percentile; Increased Fees Used to Fund Other Discounted Tiers

		Compared to	Tier 2 Decrease	Compared to	Tier 3 Decrease	Compared to
Year	Fee	\$100 Base	In Fee	\$100 Base	In Fee	\$100 Base
2020	0%	\$100	0%	\$100	0%	\$100
2021	6%	\$106	4.00%	\$96	2.00%	\$98
2022	12%	\$112	8.00%	\$92	4.00%	\$96
2023	18%	\$118	12.00%	\$88	6.00%	\$94

Why the WQlag Tool?

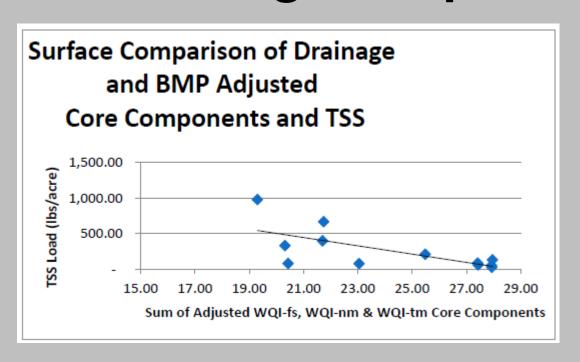
- USDA NRCS created the Runoff Water Quality Index (WQIag)
- WRCAC is adjusting the tool to be San Jacinto River Watershed specific

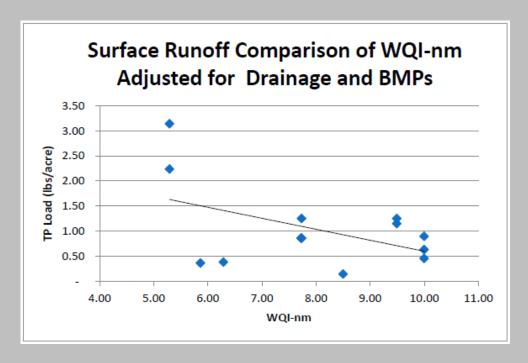




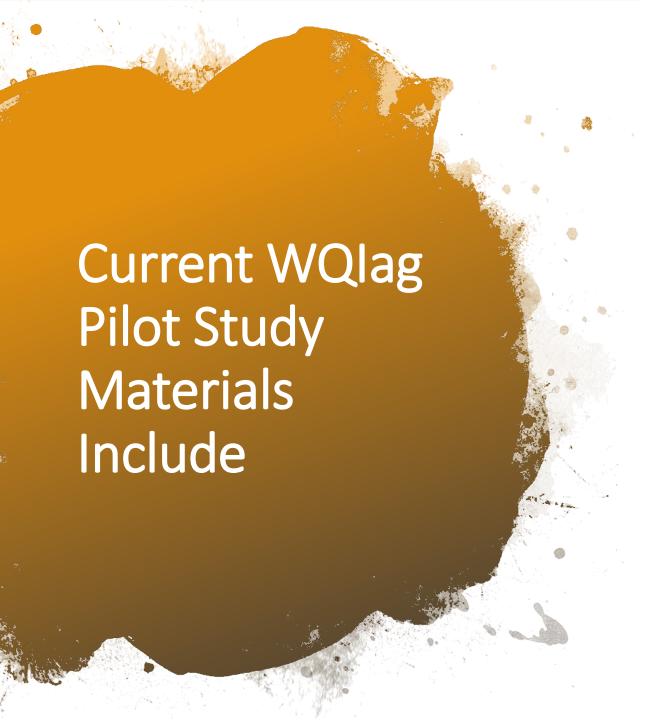
- An existing gap in Ag discharge understanding exists
 - Monitoring and operation data is missing for many cropping systems
- Future CWAD requirements for monitoring and Ag Nutrient Management Plan (AgNMP)
- WQlag is being, and will be calibrated for the San Jacinto River Watershed by:
 - The pilot study's grower dataset that will be used to statistically define the variability among fields and soils
 - The gathered water quality monitoring data and assessments
- Once calibrated the WQIag tool has been shown to respond to conservation efforts according to how the real world responds

WQlag Comparison to Field Data





Minnesota Edge-of-Field Discharged Loading (Total Suspended Solids & Total Phosphorus) compared to WQIag Core Components



- Operator identified Conditional Waiver for Agricultural Dischargers (CWAD) NOI data
- GIS field maps
- WQlag instructions
- Field data entry for nine (9) categories of the operation
- Three (3) optional webinars to answer questions in November & December of 2019
- Data analysis of field variabilities in early 2020

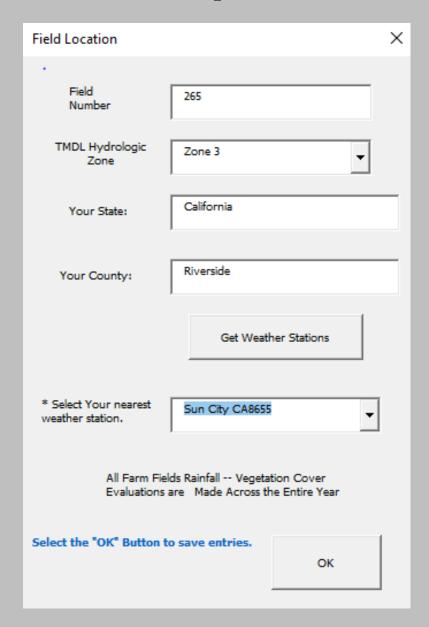
Parcel Maps Conversion to Field Maps





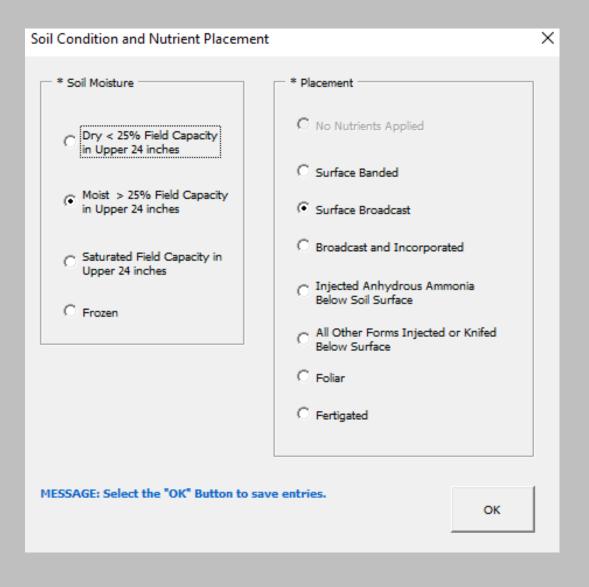
- For large parcels: a parcel may have been split up into smaller fields
- WQlag tracks different crops, equipment passes, nutrient, pesticide and irrigation management, each requiring an

2 Examples of the 9 WQlag Data Requests



Field Location Information and **Nutrient Application Rates** according to guidance * Describe the nutrient rates applied to the field with respect to Land Grant University (LGU) recommendations. No nutrients applied Less than LGU recommendations LGU recommendations 10% more than LGU recommendations 20% more than LGU recommendations 30% more than LGU recommendations 40% more than LGU recommendations 50% more than LGU recommendations

2 More Examples of the 9 WQlag Data Requests



Soil Condition and Nutrient Placement

& Tillage Management

